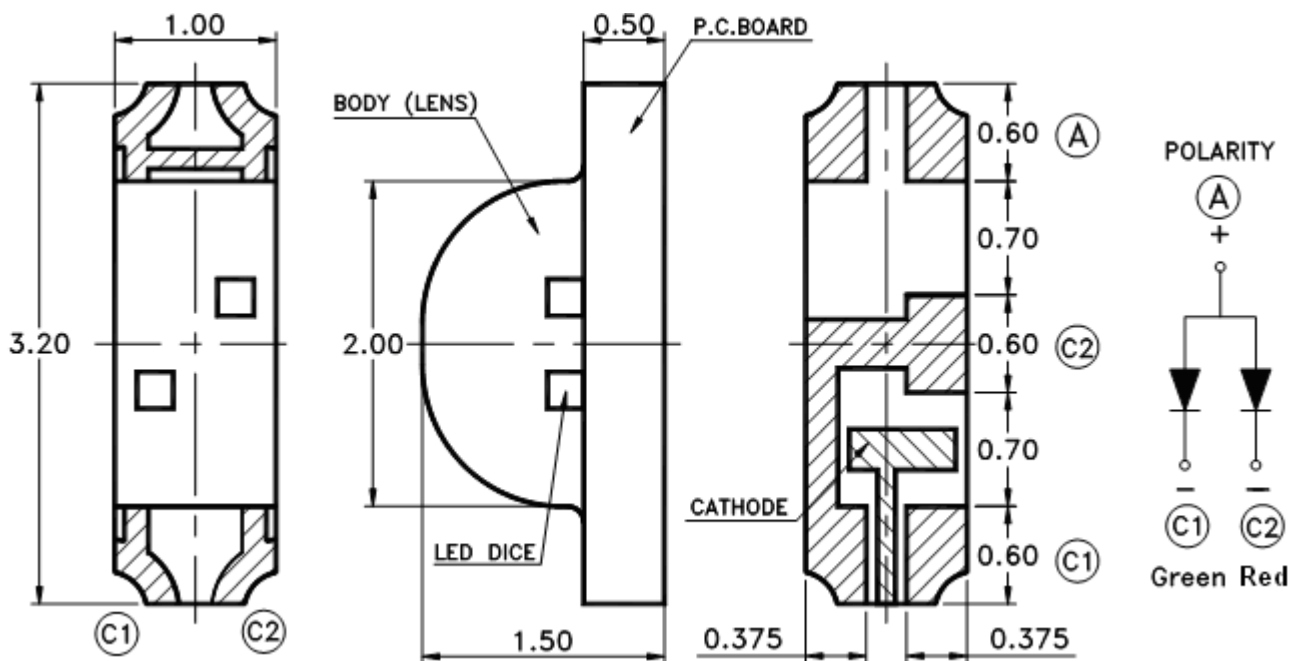


## Features

- \* Meet ROHS, HF, Green Product.
- \* Dual color chip LED.
- \* Side Looking Special For LCD Backlight.
- \* Ultra bright AlInGaP / AlInGaP Chip LED.
- \* Package in 8mm tape on 7" diameter reels.
- \* Compatible with automatic placement equipment.
- \* Compatible with infrared reflow solder process.
- \* EIA STD package.
- \* I.C. compatible.

## Package Dimensions



## Devices

Part No.	Lens	Source Color	Pin Assignment
LTST-S115KRKGKT	Water Clear	AlInGaP Red	C2
		AlInGaP Green	C1

## Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is  $\pm 0.10$  mm (.004") unless otherwise noted.

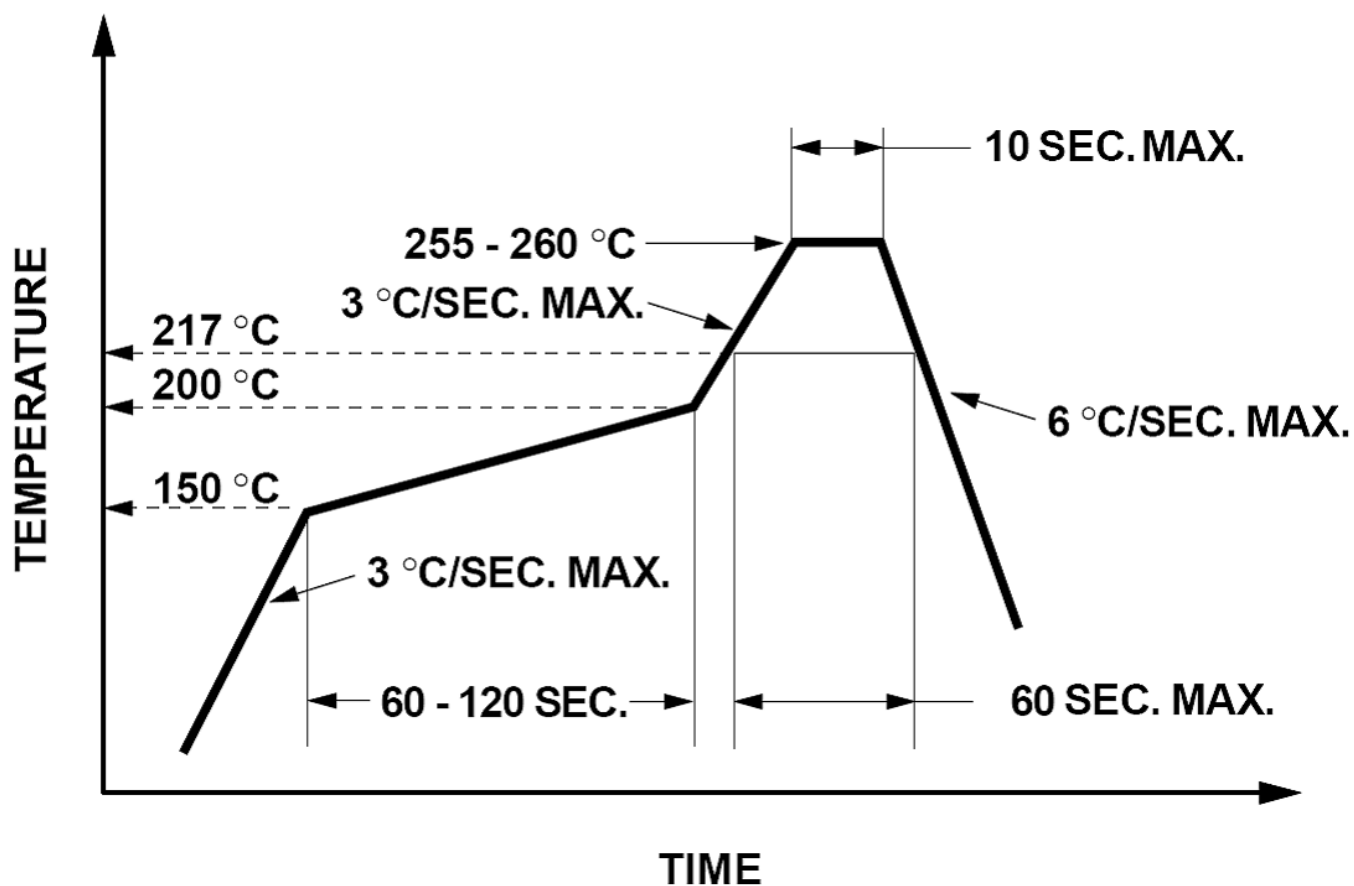
## Absolute Maximum Ratings At Ta=25°C

Parameter	LTST-S115KRKGKT		Unit
	Red	Green	
Power Dissipation	75	75	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	80	80	mA
DC Forward Current	30	30	mA
Reverse Voltage <sup>Note A</sup>	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-30°C to + 85°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to + 85°C		
Infrared Soldering Condition	260°C For 10 Seconds		

Note A: Reverse Voltage can't be continued operating

## Suggestion Profile:

Suggestion IR Reflow Profile For Pb Free Process



## Electrical / Optical Characteristics At Ta=25°C

Parameter	Symbol		LTST-S115KRKGKT		Unit	Test Condition
			Red	Green		
Luminous Intensity	IV	MIN.	45.0	28.0	mcd	IF =20mA Note 1
		TYP.	-	-		
		MAX.	180.0	112.0		
Viewing Angle	2θ1/2	TYP.	130	130	deg	Note 2 (Fig.6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λP	TYP.	632	574	nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig.1)
Dominant Wavelength	λd	MIN.	615.0	570.5	nm	IF =20mA Note 3
		MAX.	635.0	576.5		
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ	TYP.	17	15	nm	
Forward Voltage	VF	TYP.	2.00	2.00	V	IF =20mA
		MAX.	2.40	2.40		
Reverse Current	IR	MAX.	10	10	μA	VR = 5V

Notes: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.

2.  $\theta$  1/2 is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

3. The dominant wavelength,  $\lambda$  d is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.

## Bin Code List

Luminous Intensity		Color : <u>Red</u> , Unit : mcd @20mA
Bin Code	Min.	Max.
P	45.0	71.0
Q	71.0	112.0
R	112.0	180.0

Tolerance on each Intensity bin is +/-15%

Luminous Intensity		Color : <u>Green</u> , Unit : mcd @20mA
Bin Code	Min.	Max.
N	28.0	45.0
P	45.0	71.0
Q	71.0	112.0

Tolerance on each Intensity bin is +/-15%

Dominant Wavelength		Color : <u>Green</u> , Unit : nm @20mA
Bin Code	Min.	Max.
D	570.5	573.5
E	573.5	576.5

Tolerance for each Dominate Wavelength bin is +/- 1nm

## Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

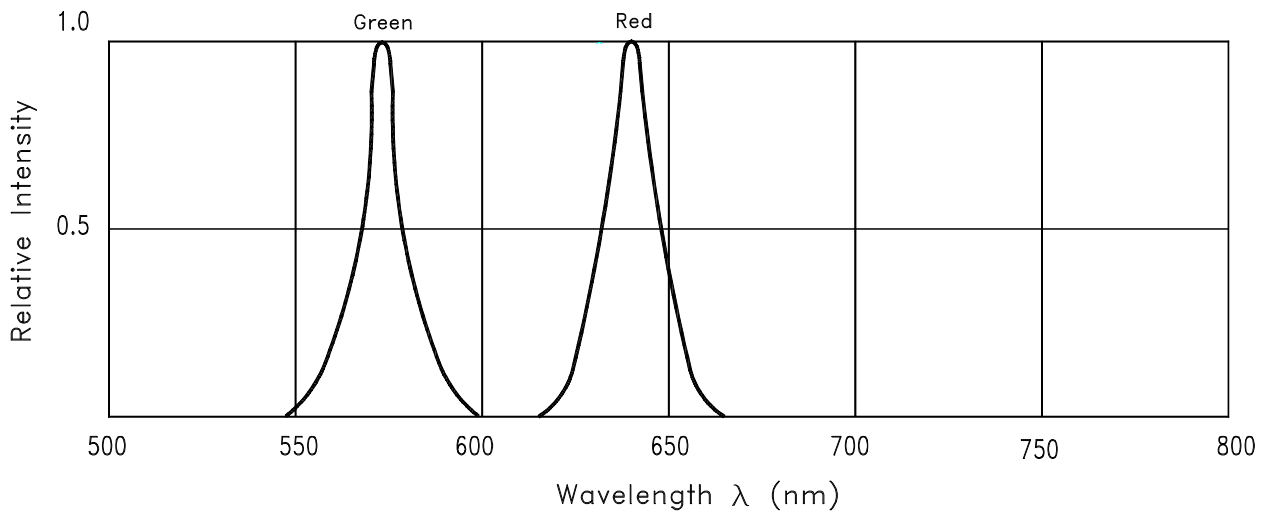


Fig.1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

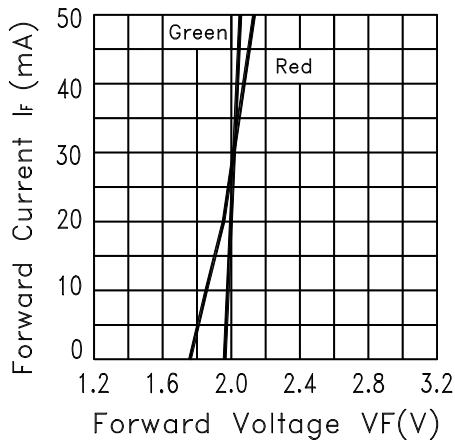


Fig.2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

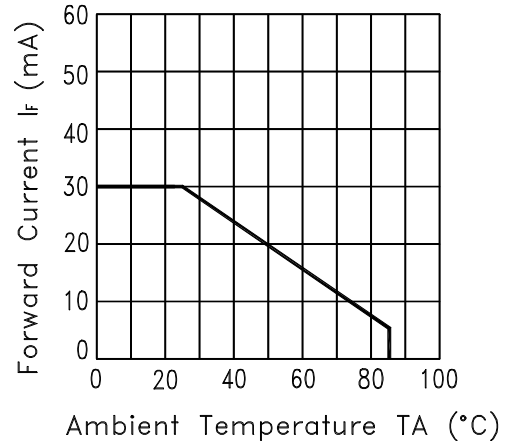


Fig.3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

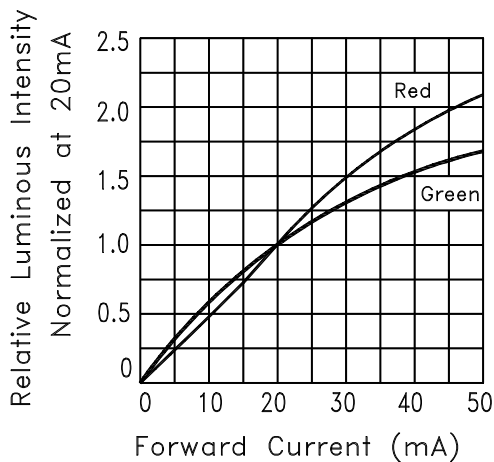


Fig.4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

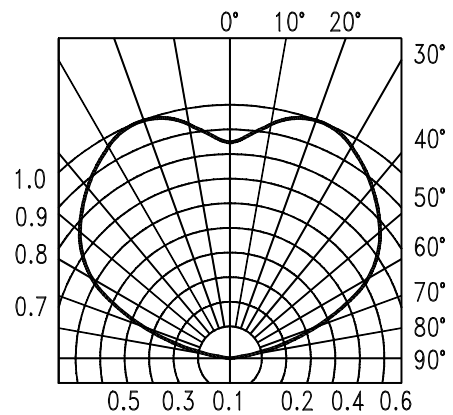


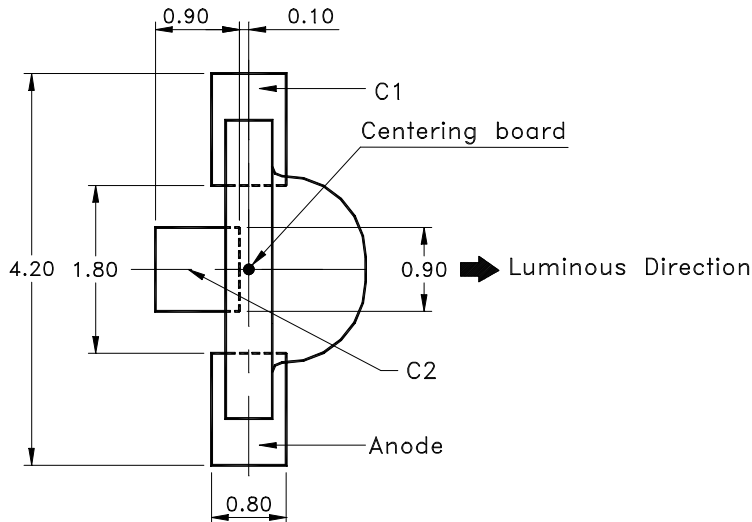
Fig.6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

## Cleaning

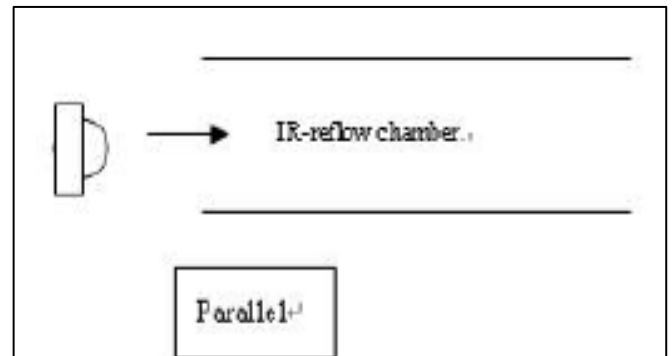
Do not use unspecified chemical liquid to clean LED they could harm the package.

If clean is necessary, immerse the LED in ethyl alcohol or in isopropyl alcohol at normal temperature for less one minute.

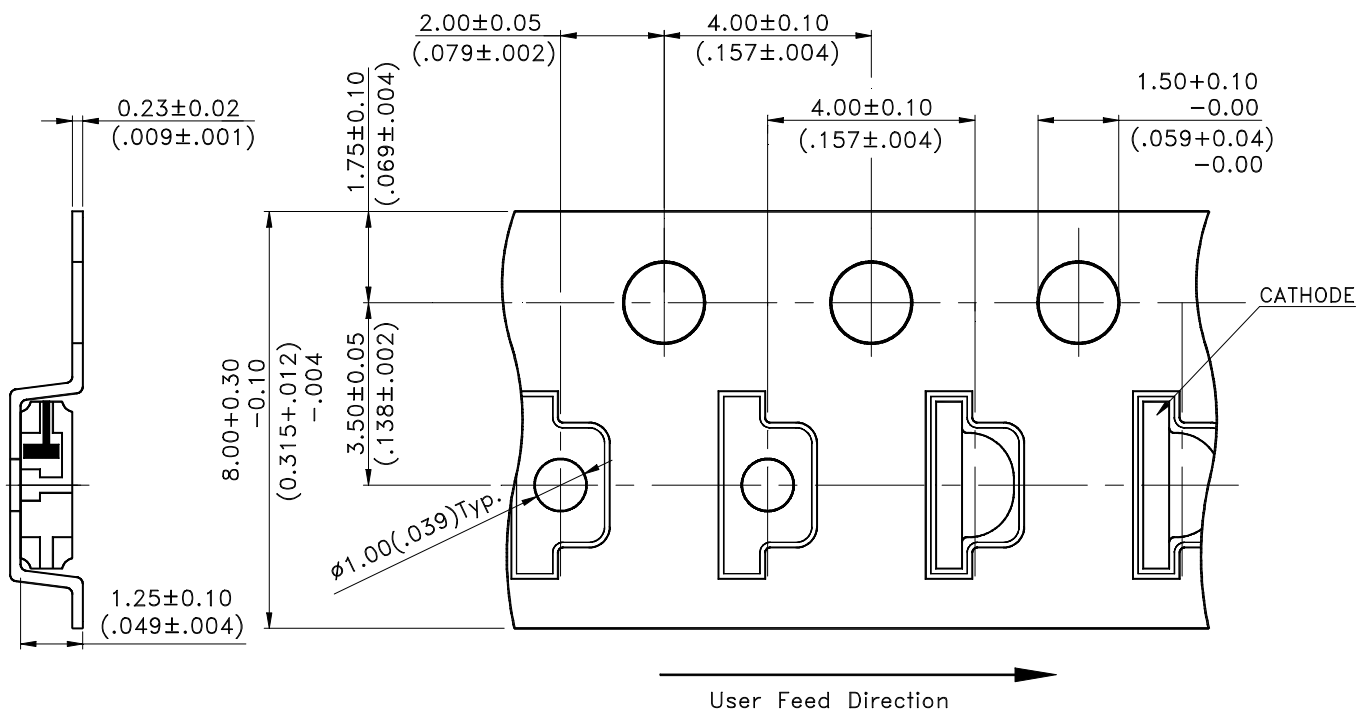
## Suggest Soldering Pad Dimensions



## Suggest Soldering direction:

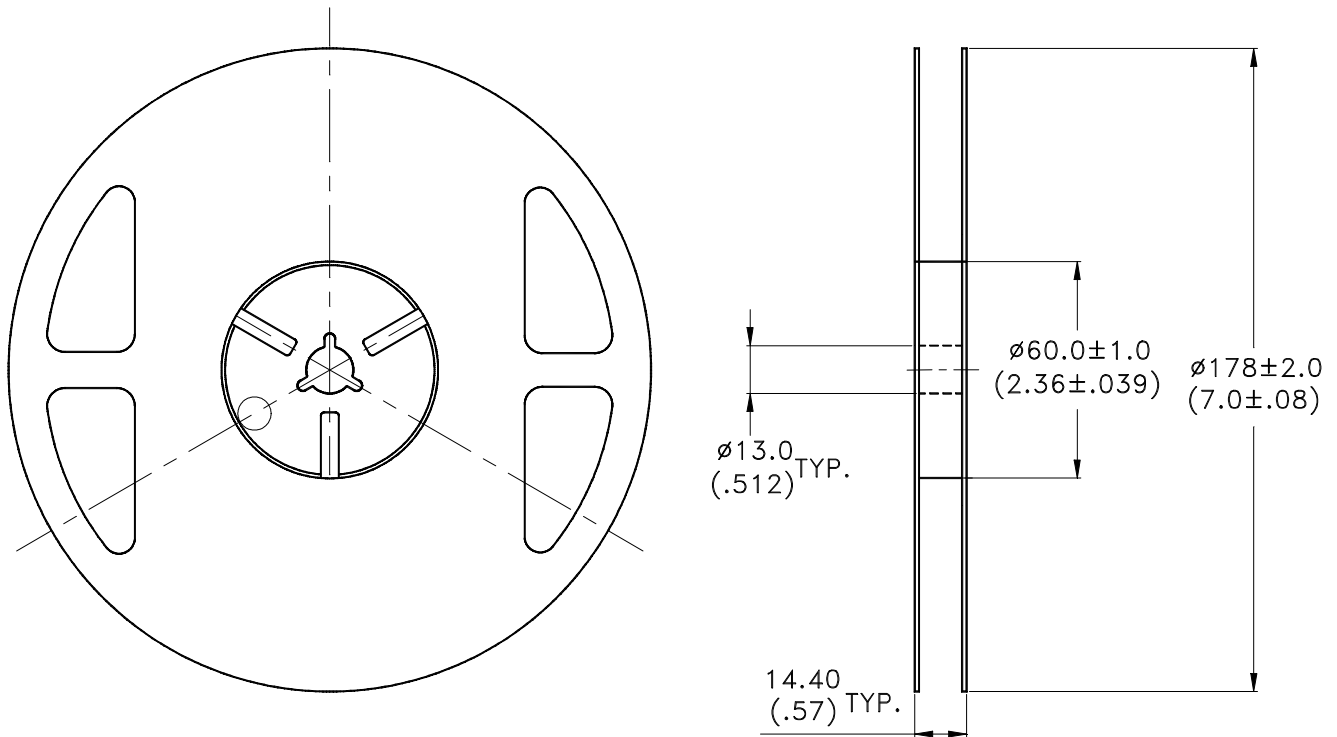


## Package Dimensions Of Tape And Reel



## Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).



## Notes:

1. Empty component pockets sealed with top cover tape.
2. 7 inch reel-3000 pieces per reel.
3. Minimum packing quantity is 500 pcs for remainders.
4. The maximum number of consecutive missing lamps is two.
5. In accordance with ANSI/EIA 481-1-A-1994 specifications.



## CAUTIONS

### 1. Application

The LEDs described here are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communication equipment and household applications). Consult Lite-on's Sales in advance for information on applications in which exceptional reliability is required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as in aviation, transportation, traffic control equipment, medical and life support systems and safety devices).

### 2. Storage

The package is sealed:

The LEDs should be stored at 30°C or less and 90%RH or less. And the LEDs are limited to use within one year, while the LEDs is packed in moisture-proof package with the desiccants inside.

The package is opened:

The storage ambient for the LEDs should not exceed 30°C temperature or 60% relative humidity.

It is recommended that LEDs out of their original packaging are IR-reflowed within one week.

For extended storage out of their original packaging, it is recommended that the LEDs be stored in a sealed container with appropriate desiccant, or in a desiccators with nitrogen ambient.

LEDs stored out of their original packaging for more than a week should be baked at about 60 deg C for at least 20 hours before solder assembly.

### 3. Cleaning

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LED if necessary.

### 4. Soldering

Recommended soldering conditions:

Reflow soldering		Soldering iron	
Pre-heat	150~200°C	Temperature	300°C Max.
Pre-heat time	120 sec. Max.	Soldering time	3 sec. Max.
Peak temperature	260°C Max.		(one time only)
Soldering time	10 sec. Max.(Max. two times)		

### Soldering notes:

Because different board designs use different number and types of devices, solder pastes, reflow ovens, and circuit boards, no single temperature profile works for all possible combinations.

However, you can successfully mount your packages to the PCB by following the proper guidelines and PCB-specific characterization.

LITE-ON Runs both component-level verification using in-house **KYRAMX98** reflow chambers and board-level assembly.

The results of this testing are verified through post-reflow reliability testing.

Profiles used at LITE-ON are based on JEDEC standards to ensure that all packages can be successfully and reliably surface mounted.

Figure on page3 shows a sample temperature profile compliant to JEDEC standards.

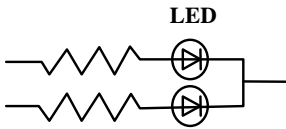
You can use this example as a generic target to set up your reflow process.

You should adhere to the JEDEC profile limits as well as specifications and recommendations from the solder paste manufacturer to avoid damaging the device and create a reliable solder joint.

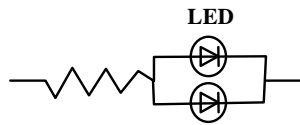
## 5. Drive Method

An LED is a current-operated device. In order to ensure intensity uniformity on multiple LEDs connected in parallel in an application, it is recommended that a current limiting resistor be incorporated in the drive circuit, in series with each LED as shown in Circuit A below.

**Circuit model A**



**Circuit model B**



(A) Recommended circuit.

(B) The brightness of each LED might appear different due to the differences in the I-V characteristics of those LEDs.

## 6. ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED.

Suggestions to prevent ESD damage:

- Use of a conductive wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling these LEDs.
- All devices, equipment, and machinery must be properly grounded.
- Work tables, storage racks, etc. should be properly grounded.
- Use ion blower to neutralize the static charge which might have built up on surface of the LED's plastic lens as a result of friction between LEDs during storage and handling.

ESD-damaged LEDs will exhibit abnormal characteristics such as high reverse leakage current, low forward voltage, or “no lightup” at low currents.

To verify for ESD damage, check for “lightup” and  $V_f$  of the suspect LEDs at low currents.

The  $V_f$  of “good” LEDs should be  $>2.0V@0.1mA$  for InGaN product and  $>1.4V@0.1mA$  for AlInGaP product.

## 7. Reliability Test

Classification	Test Item	Test Condition	Reference Standard
Endurance Test	Operation Life	Ta= Under Room Temperature As Per Data Sheet Maximum Rating *Test Time= 1000HRS (-24HRS,+72HRS)	MIL-STD-750D:1026 (1995) MIL-STD-883D:1005 (1991) JIS C 7021:B-1 (1982)
	High Temperature High Humidity Storage	IR-Reflow In-Board, 2 Times Ta= 65±5°C, RH= 90~95% *Test Time= 240HRS±2HRS	MIL-STD-202F:103B(1980) JIS C 7021:B-11(1982)
	High Temperature Storage	Ta= 105±5°C *Test Time= 1000HRS (-24HRS,+72HRS)	MIL-STD-883D:1008 (1991) JIS C 7021:B-10 (1982)
	Low Temperature Storage	Ta= -55±5°C *Test Time=1000HRS (-24HRS,+72H RS)	JIS C 7021:B-12 (1982)
Environmental Test	Temperature Cycling	105°C ~ 25°C ~ -55°C ~ 25°C 30mins 5mins 30mins 5mins 10 Cycles	MIL-STD-202F:107D (1980) MIL-STD-750D:1051(1995) MIL-STD-883D:1010 (1991) JIS C 7021:A-4(1982)
	Thermal Shock	IR-Reflow In-Board, 2 Times 85 ± 5°C ~ -40°C ± 5°C 10mins 10mins 10 Cycles	MIL-STD-202F:107D(1980) MIL-STD-750D:1051(1995) MIL-STD-883D:1011 (1991)
	Solder Resistance	T.sol= 260 ± 5°C Dwell Time= 10 ± 1secs	MIL-STD-202F:210A(1980) MIL-STD-750D:2031(1995) JIS C 7021:A-1(1982)
	IR-Reflow Pb Free Process	Ramp-up rate(217°C to Peak) +3°C/ second max Temp. maintain above 217°C 60-150 seconds Peak temperature range 260°C +0/-5°C Time within 5°C of actual Peak Temperature (tp) 10~30 seconds Ramp-down rate +6°C/second max	MIL-STD-750D:2031.2 J-STD-020D
	Solderability	T.sol= 235 ± 5°C Immersion time 2±0.5 sec Immersion rate 25±2.5 mm/sec Coverage ≥ 95% of the dipped surface	MIL-STD-202F:208D(1980) MIL-STD-750D:2026(1995) MIL-STD-883D:2003(1991) IEC 68 Part 2-20 JIS C 7021:A-2(1982)

## 8. Others

The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without prior notice.

**9. Suggested Checking List****Training and Certification**

1. Everyone working in a static-safe area is ESD-certified?
2. Training records kept and re-certification dates monitored?

**Static-Safe Workstation & Work Areas**

1. Static-safe workstation or work-areas have ESD signs?
2. All surfaces and objects at all static-safe workstation and within 1 ft measure less than 100V?
3. All ionizer activated, positioned towards the units?
4. Each work surface mats grounding is good?

**Personnel Grounding**

1. Every person (including visitors) handling ESD sensitive (ESDS) items wears wrist strap, heel strap or conductive shoes with conductive flooring?
2. If conductive footwear used, conductive flooring also present where operator stand or walk?
3. Garments, hairs or anything closer than 1 ft to ESD items measure less than 100V\*?
4. Every wrist strap or heel strap/conductive shoes checked daily and result recorded for all DLs?
5. All wrist strap or heel strap checkers calibration up to date?

Note: \*50V for Blue LED.

**Device Handling**

1. Every ESDS items identified by EIA-471 labels on item or packaging?
2. All ESDS items completely inside properly closed static-shielding containers when not at static-safe workstation?
3. No static charge generators (e.g. plastics) inside shielding containers with ESDS items?
4. All flexible conductive and dissipative package materials inspected before reuse or recycles?

**Others**

1. Audit result reported to entity ESD control coordinator?
2. Corrective action from previous audits completed?
3. Are audit records complete and on file?

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