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1.8-V MICROPOWER CMOS OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER ZERO-DRIFT SERIES

Check for Samples: OPA2333-HT

FEATURES

Low Offset Voltage: 26 μV (Max)
0.01-Hz to 10-Hz Noise: 1.5 μV_{PP}

Quiescent Current: 50 µA
Single-Supply Operation
Supply Voltage: 1.8 V to 5.5 V

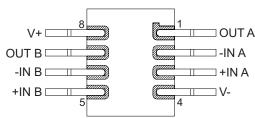
Rail-to-Rail Input/Output

APPLICATIONS

- Down-Hole Drilling
- High Temperature Environments

SUPPORTS EXTREME TEMPERATURE APPLICATIONS

- Controlled Baseline
- One Assembly/Test Site
- One Fabrication Site
- Available in Extreme (-55°C/210°C)
 Temperature Range (1)
- Extended Product Life Cycle
- Extended Product-Change Notification
- Product Traceability
- Texas Instruments' high temperature products utilize highly optimized silicon (die) solutions with design and process enhancements to maximize performance over extended temperatures.
- (1) Custom temperature ranges available



HKQ as formed or HKJ mounted dead bug

DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION (2)

The OPA2333 series of CMOS operational amplifiers uses a proprietary auto-calibration technique to simultaneously provide very low offset voltage and near-zero drift over time and temperature. These miniature, high-precision, low-quiescent-current amplifiers offer high-impedance inputs that have a common-mode range 100 mV beyond the rails, and rail-to-rail output that swings within 150 mV of the rails. Single or dual supplies as low as 1.8 V (\pm 0.9 V) and up to 5.5 V (\pm 2.75 V) may be used. They are optimized for low-voltage single-supply operation.

The OPA2333 family offers excellent common-mode rejection ratio (CMRR) without the crossover associated with traditional complementary input stages. This design results in superior performance for driving analog-to-digital converters (ADCs) without degradation of differential linearity.

(2) Refer to Electrical Characteristics for performance degradation over temperature.

Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



Table 1. ORDERING INFORMATION⁽¹⁾

TA	PACKAGE	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING	
	KGD	OPA2333SKGD1	NIA	
	KGD	OPA2333SKGD2	NA	
-55°C to 210°C	JD	OPA2333SJD	OPA2333SJD	
	HKJ	OPA2333SHKJ	OPA2333SHKJ	
	HKQ	OPA2333SHKQ	OPA2333SHKQ	
−55°C to 175°C	D	OPA2333HD	O2333H	

⁽¹⁾ For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI Web site at www.ti.com.

BARE DIE INFORMATION

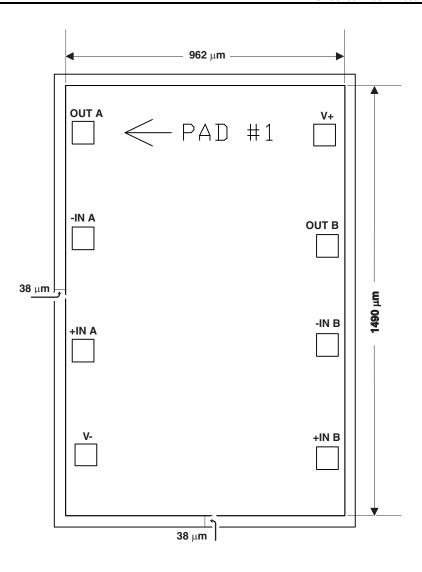
DIE THICKNESS	DIE THICKNESS BACKSIDE FINISH		BOND PAD METALLIZATION COMPOSITION
15 mils.	Silicon with backgrind	V-	Al-Si-Cu (0.5%)

Table 2. BOND PAD COORDINATES

DESCRIPTION	PAD NUMBER	а	b	С	d
OUT A	1	21.20	1288.50	97.20	1364.50
–IN A	2	21.20	923.65	97.20	999.65
+IN A	3	21.20	533.05	97.20	609.05
V-	4	31.30	172.20	107.30	248.20
+IN B	5	864.80	162.25	940.80	238.25
–IN B	6	864.80	552.65	940.80	628.65
OUT B	7	864.80	897.10	940.80	973.10
V+	8	854.70	1280.45	930.70	1356.45

Product Folder Links: *OPA2333-HT*







THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR JD PACKAGE

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
θ_{JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal	High-K board ⁽²⁾ , no airflow		64.9		°C/W
	resistance ⁽¹⁾	No airflow		83.4		
θ_{JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	High-K board without underfill		27.9		°C/W
θ_{JC}	Junction-to-case thermal resistance			6.49		°C/W

⁽¹⁾ The intent of θ_{JA} specification is solely for a thermal performance comparison of one package to another in a standardized environment. This methodology is not meant to and will not predict the performance of a package in an application-specific environment.

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR HKJ OR HKQ PACKAGE

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAME	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT			
	lunction to cope thermal registance	to ceramic side of case			5.7	V/V		
θ _{JC}	Junction-to-case thermal resistance	to top of case lid (metal side of case)			13.7	°C/W		

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR D PACKAGE

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
θ_{JC}	Junction-to-case thermal resistance (to bottom of case)			39.4	°C/W

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT		
Supply voltage			7	V		
Signal input terminals, voltage (2)		-0.3	(V+) + 0.3	V		
Output short circuit (3)			Continuous			
Operating temperature range	JD, HKJ, HKQ packages	-55	210	°C		
Operating temperature range	D package	- 55	175	30		
li na sti na tanan anati na	JD, HKJ, HKQ packages		210	00		
Junction temperature	D package		175	°C		
TCD roting	Human-Body Model (HBM)	4000				
ESD rating	Charged-Device Model (CDM)		1000	V		

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(3) Short circuit to ground, one amplifier per package.

⁽²⁾ JED51-7, high effective thermal conductivity test board for leaded surface mount packages

⁽²⁾ Input terminals are diode clamped to the power-supply rails. Input signals that can swing more than 0.3 V beyond the supply rails should be current limited to 10 mA or less.

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $V_s = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$

Boldface limits apply over the specified temperature range, $T_A = -55^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 210°C. At $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ connected to $V_S/2$, $V_{CM} = V_S/2$, and $V_{OUT} = V_S/2$ (unless otherwise noted).

			$T_A = -55$	5°C to 12	25°C	T _A	= 175°C	1)	T _A	= 210°C	(2)	UNIT
PARAMETI	ER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNII
OFFSET VOLTAGE												
Input offset voltage	Vos	V _S = 5 V		2	10							μV
over temperature					22			26			26	μ۷
vs temperature	dV _{OS} /d T			0.02			0.05			0.05		μV/°C
vs power supply	PSRR	V _S = 1.8 V to 5.5 V		1	6		1.2	8		1.7	11	μV/V
Long-term stability ⁽³⁾				See (3)								
Channel separation, dc				0.1								μV/V
INPUT BIAS CURRENT												
Input bias current	I_{B}			±70	±200							pA
over Temperature				±150			±1250			±5300		pΑ
Input offset current	I _{OS}			±140	±400		±700			±10600		pA
NOISE												
Input voltage noise, f = 0.01 Hz to 1 Hz				0.3			1.0			1.0		μV_{PP}
Input voltage noise, f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz				1.1			1.5			1.5		μV_{PP}
Input current noise, f = 10 Hz	i _n			100								fA/√Hz
INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE ⁽⁴⁾												
Common mode voltage range	V_{CM}		(V–) – 0.1		(V+) + 0.1	(V-) - 0.25		(V+) + 0.25	(V–) – 0.25		(V+) + 0.25	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$(V-) - 0.1 V < V_{CM} < (V+) + 0.1 V$	102	130			101			91		dB
INPUT CAPACITANCE												
Differential				2			4.25			4.25		pF
Common mode				4			12.25			12.25		pF
OPEN-LOOP GAIN												
Open-loop voltage gain	A OL	$(V-) + 100 \text{ mV} < V_O < (V+) - 100 \text{ mV}, R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	104	130		93	110		85	93		dB
FREQUENCY RESPONSE												
Gain-bandwidth product	GBW	C _L = 100 pF		350			350			350		kHz
Slew rate	SR	G = 1		0.16			0.25			0.25		V/µs

⁽¹⁾ Minimum and maximum parameters are characterized for operation at T_A = 175°C, but may not be production tested at that temperature. Production test limits with statistical guardbands are used to ensure high temperature performance.

⁽²⁾ Minimum and maximum parameters are characterized for operation at T_A = 210°C, but may not be production tested at that temperature. Production test limits with statistical guardbands are used to ensure high temperature performance.

^{(3) 300-}hour life test at 150°C demonstrated randomly distributed variation of approximately 1 µV.

⁽⁴⁾ The OPA2333-HT is not intended to be used as a comparator due to its limited differential input range capability.



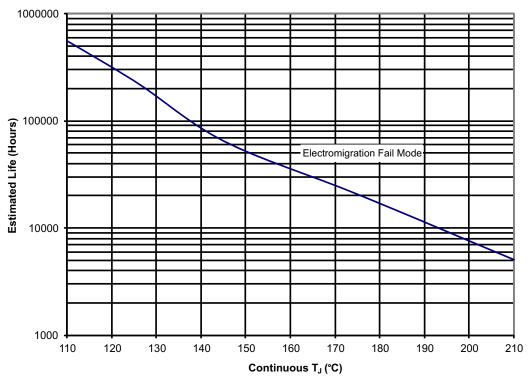
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: V_S = 1.8 V to 5.5 V (continued)

Boldface limits apply over the specified temperature range, T_A = -55°C to 210°C. At T_A = 25°C, R_L = 10 k Ω connected to $V_S/2$, V_{CM} = $V_S/2$, and V_{OUT} = $V_S/2$ (unless otherwise noted).

			T _A = -5	5°C to 1	25°C	TA	= 175°C ⁽	1)	T _A :	= 210°C ⁽²	2)	UNIT
PARAMETER	}	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNII
OUTPUT												
Voltage output swing from rail		$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$		30	50							mV
over temperature		$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$			85			110			150	mV
Short-circuit current	ISC			±5								mA
Capacitive load drive	CL											
Open-loop output impedance ⁽⁵⁾		$f = 350 \text{ kHz}, I_0 = 0$		2								kΩ
POWER SUPPLY												
Specified voltage range	Vs		1.8		5.5	1.8		5.5	1.8		5.5	V
Quiescent current per amplifier	IQ	I _O = 0		17	25							μA
over temperature					30		35	40		50	80	μΑ
Turn-on time		$V_S = 5 V$		100								μs
TEMPERATURE RA	ANGE											
Specified range			-58	5 to 210		-5	55 to 175		-5	5 to 210		°C
Operating range			-58	5 to 210		-5	55 to 175		-5	5 to 210		°C

(5) See Typical Characteristics.



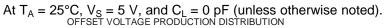


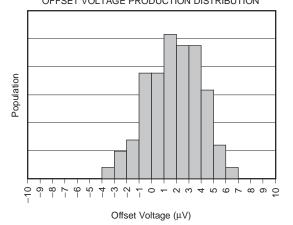
- (1) See datasheet for absolute maximum and minimum recommended operating conditions.
- (2) Silicon operating life design goal is 10 years at 105°C junction temperature (does not include package interconnect life).
- (3) The predicted operating lifetime vs. junction temperature is based on reliability modeling using electromigration as the dominant failure mechanism affecting device wearout for the specific device process and design characteristics.
- (4) This device is qualified for 1000 hours of continuous operation at maximum rated temperature.

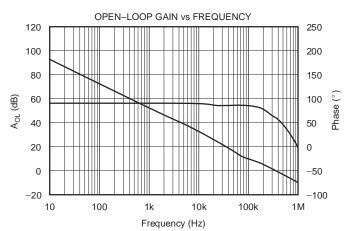
Figure 1. OPA2333SKGD1/OPA2333HD Operating Life Derating Chart

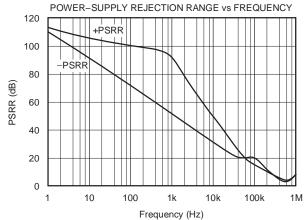


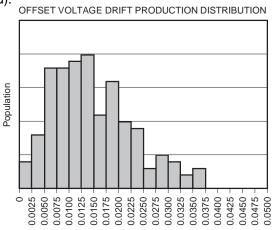
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

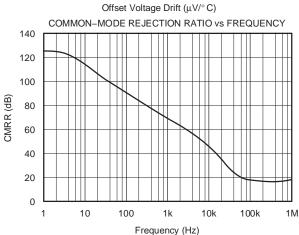


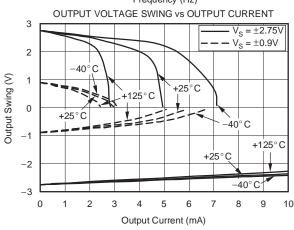








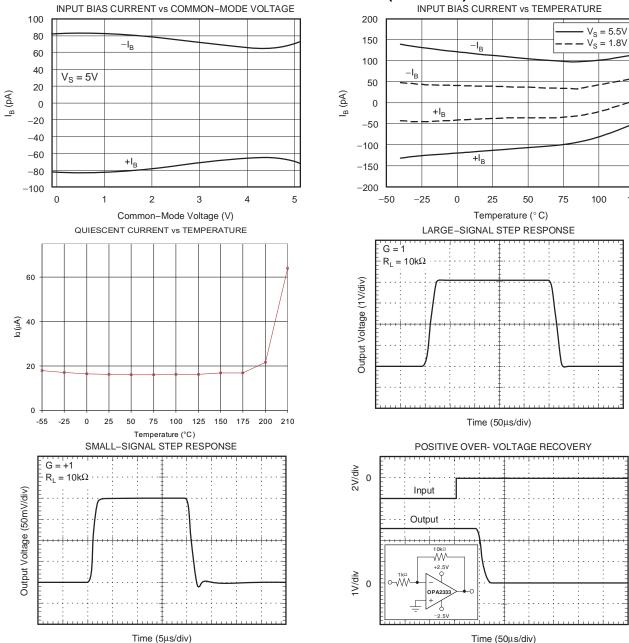




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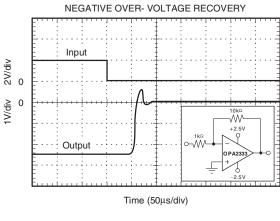


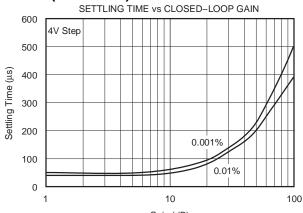
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

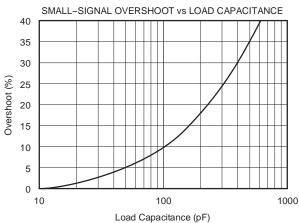


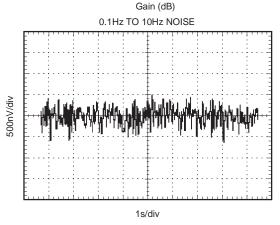


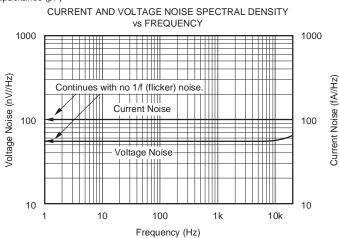
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)











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APPLICATION INFORMATION (1)

The OPA2333 is unity-gain stable and free from unexpected output phase reversal. It uses a proprietary autocalibration technique to provide low offset voltage and very low drift over time and temperature. For lowest offset voltage and precision performance, circuit layout and mechanical conditions should be optimized. Avoid temperature gradients that create thermoelectric (Seebeck) effects in the thermocouple junctions formed from connecting dissimilar conductors. These thermally-generated potentials can be made to cancel by ensuring they are equal on both input terminals. Other layout and design considerations include:

- Use low thermoelectric-coefficient conditions (avoid dissimilar metals)
- Thermally isolate components from power supplies or other heat sources
- Shield op amp and input circuitry from air currents, such as cooling fans

Following these guidelines will reduce the likelihood of junctions being at different temperatures, which can cause thermoelectric voltages of 0.1 μ V/°C or higher, depending on materials used.

Operating Voltage

The OPA2333 op amp operates over a power-supply range of 1.8 V to 5.5 V (±0.9 V to ±2.75 V). Supply voltages higher than 7 V (absolute maximum) can permanently damage the device. Parameters that vary over supply voltage or temperature are shown in the Typical Characteristics section of this data sheet.

Input Voltage

The OPA2333 input common-mode voltage range extends 0.1 V beyond the supply rails. The OPA2333 is designed to cover the full range without the troublesome transition region found in some other rail-to-rail amplifiers.

Normally, input bias current is about 70 pA; however, input voltages exceeding the power supplies can cause excessive current to flow into or out of the input pins. Momentary voltages greater than the power supply can be tolerated if the input current is limited to 10 mA. This limitation is easily accomplished with an input resistor(see Figure 2).

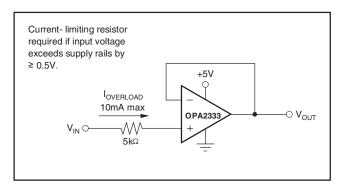


Figure 2. Input Current Protection

Internal Offset Correction

The OPA2333 op amp uses an auto-calibration technique with a time-continuous 350-kHz op amp in the signal path. This amplifier is zero corrected every 8 µs using a proprietary technique. Upon power up, the amplifier requires approximately 100 µs to achieve specified V_{OS} accuracy. This design has no aliasing or flicker noise.

(1) At $T_A = 25$ °C (unless otherwise noted).



Achieving Output Swing to the Op Amp Negative Rail

Some applications require output voltage swings from 0 V to a positive full-scale voltage (such as 2.5 V) with excellent accuracy. With most single-supply op amps, problems arise when the output signal approaches 0 V, near the lower output swing limit of a single-supply op amp. A good single-supply op amp may swing close to single-supply ground, but will not reach ground. The output of the OPA2333 can be made to swing to ground, or slightly below, on a single-supply power source. To do so requires the use of another resistor and an additional, more negative, power supply than the op amp negative supply. A pulldown resistor may be connected between the output and the additional negative supply to pull the output down below the value that the output would otherwise achieve (see Figure 3).

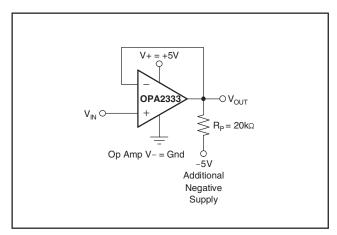


Figure 3. V_{OUT} Range to Ground

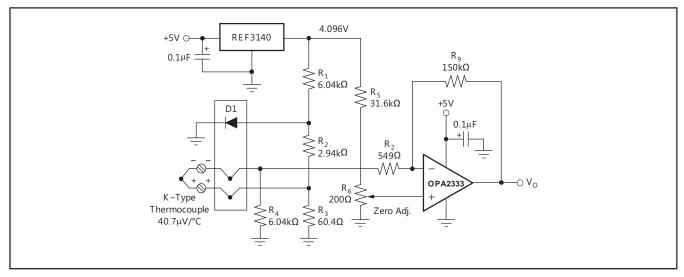
The OPA2333 has an output stage that allows the output voltage to be pulled to its negative supply rail, or slightly below, using the technique previously described. This technique only works with some types of output stages. The OPA2333 has been characterized to perform with this technique; however, the recommended resistor value is approximately 20 k Ω . Note that this configuration will increase the current consumption by several hundreds of microamps. Accuracy is excellent down to 0 V and as low as -2 mV. Limiting and nonlinearity occurs below -2 mV, but excellent accuracy returns as the output is again driven above -2 mV. Lowering the resistance of the pulldown resistor allows the op amp to swing even further below the negative rail. Resistances as low as 10 k Ω can be used to achieve excellent accuracy down to -10 mV.

General Layout Guidelines

Attention to good layout practices is always recommended. Keep traces short and, when possible, use a printed circuit board (PCB) ground plane with surface-mount components placed as close to the device pins as possible. Place a 0.1-µF capacitor closely across the supply pins. These guidelines should be applied throughout the analog circuit to improve performance and provide benefits, such as reducing the electromagnetic interference (EMI) susceptibility.

Operational amplifiers vary in their susceptibility to radio frequency interference (RFI). RFI can generally be identified as a variation in offset voltage or dc signal levels with changes in the interfering RF signal. The OPA2333 has been specifically designed to minimize susceptibility to RFI and demonstrates remarkably low sensitivity compared to previous-generation devices. Strong RF fields may still cause varying offset levels.





REF3140 has not been characterized or tested at 210°C.

Figure 4. Temperature Measurement

Figure 5 shows the basic configuration for a bridge amplifier.

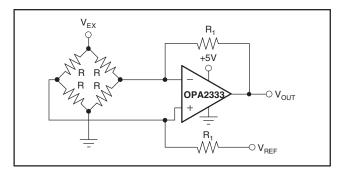
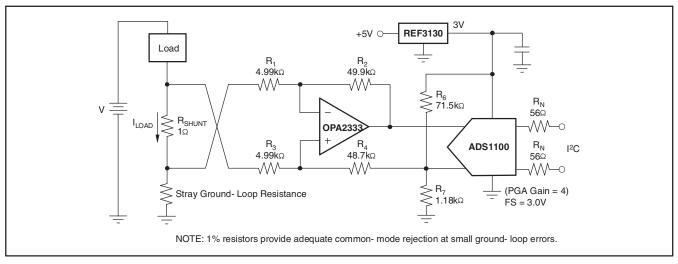


Figure 5. Single Op-Amp Bridge Amplifier

A low-side current shunt monitor is shown in Figure 6. R_N are operational resistors used to isolate the ADS1100 from the noise of the digital I^2C bus. Since the ADS1100 is a 16-bit converter, a precise reference is essential for maximum accuracy. If absolute accuracy is not required, and the 5-V power supply is sufficiently stable, the REF3130 may be omitted.

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A. REF3130 and ADS1100 have not been characterized or tested at 210°C.

Figure 6. Low-Side Current Monitor

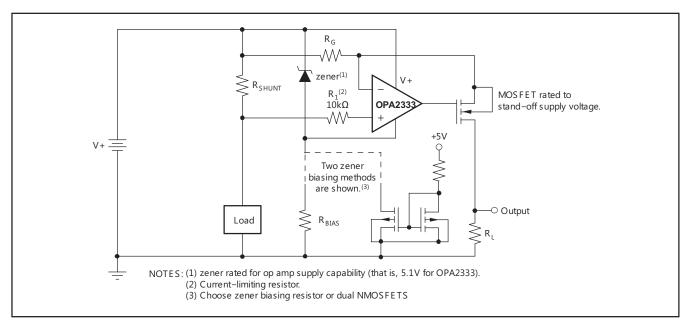


Figure 7. High-Side Current Monitor



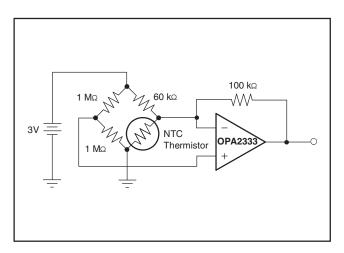
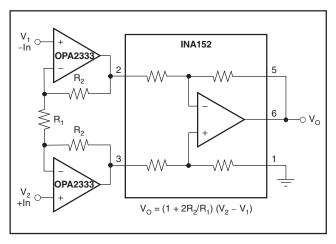


Figure 8. Thermistor Measurement



A. INA152 has not been characterized or tested at 210°C.

Figure 9. Precision Instrumentation Amplifier



REVISION HISTORY

Ch	nanges from Revision G (September 2012) to Revision H	Page
•	Changed Operating Life Derating Chart	





11-Apr-2013

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	_		Package	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Top-Side Markings	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)		(3)		(4)	
OPA2333HD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-4-260C-72 HR	-55 to 175	O2333H	Samples
OPA2333SHKJ	ACTIVE	CFP	HKJ	8	1	TBD	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 210	OPA2333S HKJ	Samples
OPA2333SHKQ	ACTIVE	CFP	HKQ	8	1	TBD	AU	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 210	OPA2333S HKQ	Samples
OPA2333SJD	ACTIVE	CDIP SB	JD	8	1	TBD	POST-PLATE	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 210	OPA2333SJD	Samples
OPA2333SKGD1	ACTIVE	XCEPT	KGD	0	100	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-55 to 210		Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) Multiple Top-Side Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Top-Side Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Top-Side Marking for that device.

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PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

11-Apr-2013

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF OPA2333-HT:

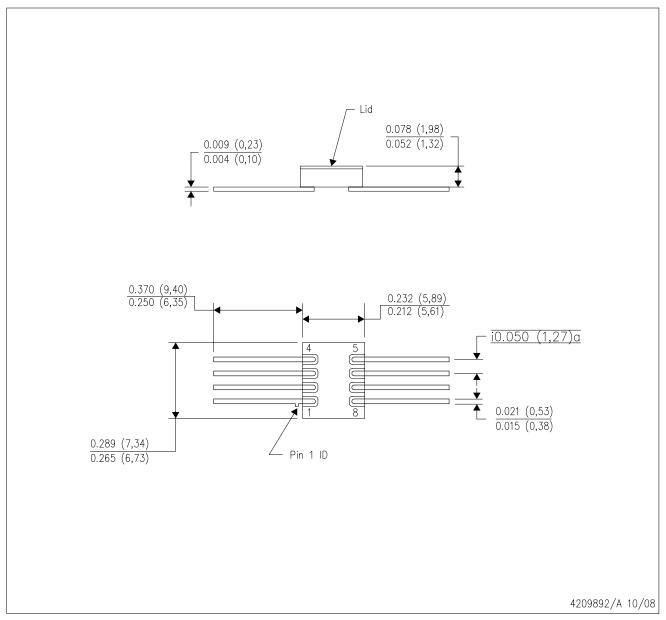
• Automotive: OPA2333-Q1

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Catalog TI's standard catalog product
- Automotive Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

HKJ (R-CDFP-F8)

CERAMIC DUAL FLATPACK

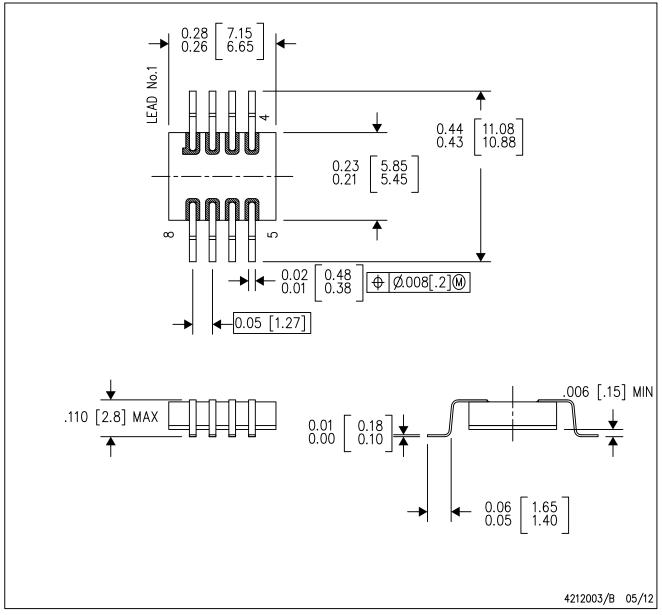


- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a metal lid.
- D. The terminals will be gold plated.



HKQ (R-CDFP-G8)

CERAMIC GULL WING



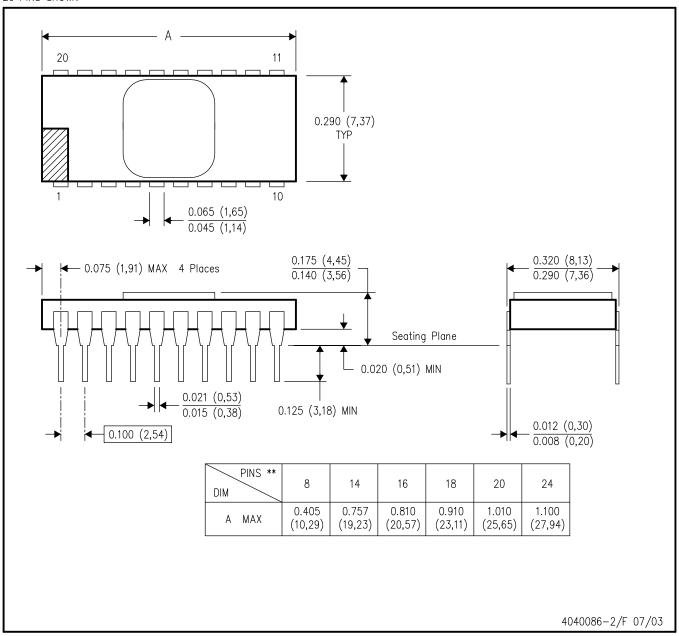
- All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- This package can be hermetically sealed with a metal lid.
- D. The terminals will be gold plated.E. Lid is not connected to any lead.



JD (R-CDIP-T**)

CERAMIC SIDE-BRAZE DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE

20 PINS SHOWN



- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. This package is hermetically sealed with a metal lid.
- D. The terminals are gold plated.
- E. Falls within MIL STD 1835 CDIP2 T8, T14, T16, T18, T20 and T24 respectively.



D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.



D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



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> Address:

401 Building No.5, JiuGe Business Center, Lane 2301, Yishan Rd Minhang District, Shanghai , China

> Sales:

Direct +86 (21) 6401-6692

Email amall@ameya360.com

QQ 800077892

Skype ameyasales1 ameyasales2

Customer Service :

Email service@ameya360.com

Partnership :

Tel +86 (21) 64016692-8333

Email mkt@ameya360.com