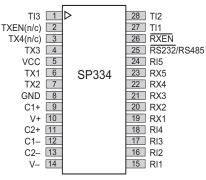


Programmable RS-232/RS-485 Transceiver

- +5V Single Supply Operation
- Software Programmable RS-232 or RS-485 Selection
- Three RS-232 Drivers and Five Receivers in RS-232 Mode
- Two RS-485 Full-Duplex Transceivers in RS-485 Mode
- Full Differential Driver Tri-State (Hi-Z) Control
- Receiver Output Tri-State Control

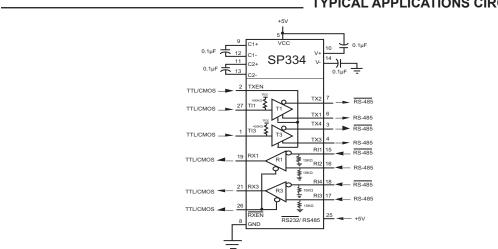


(in RS-232 Mode)

DESCRIPTION

The SP334 is a programmable RS-232 and/or RS-485 transceiver IC. The SP334 contains three drivers and five receivers when selected in RS-232 mode; and two drivers and two receivers when selected in RS-485 mode.

The RS-232 transceivers can typically operate at 230kbps while adhering to the RS-232 specifications. The RS-485 transceivers can operate up to 10Mbps while adhering to the RS-485 specifications. The RS-485 drivers can be disabled (High-Z output) by the TXEN enable pin. The RS-232 and RS-485 receiver outputs can be disabled by the RXEN pin.



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS CIRCUIT

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these ratings or any other above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications below is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

V	+7V
Input Voltages	
Logic	0.5V to (Vcc+0.5V)
Drivers	0.5V to (Vcc+0.5V)
Receivers	+/-30V @ ≤100mA
Driver Outputs	+/-15V
Maximum Data Rate	8Mbps (note 1)

Storage Temperature	65°C to +150°C
Power Dissipation	
28-pin WSOIC	1000mW
Package Derating:	
28-pin WSOIC	
Ø _{JA}	40 °C/W

Note 1: Exceeding the maximum data rate of 8Mbps at $T_A = 85^{\circ}C$ may permanently damage the device

SPECIFICATIONS

Limits are specified at $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C and $V_{cc} = +5.0$ V unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CONDITIONS	
Logic Inputs	•				•	
V _{IL}			0.8	Volts		
V _{IH}	2.0			Volts		
LOGIC OUTPUTS	•				•	
V _{ol}			0.4	Volts	I _{OUT} = -3.2mA	
V _{OH}	2.4			Volts	I _{OUT} = 1.0mA	
Output Tri-state Leakage		10		μA	$0.4V \le V_{OUT} \le +2.4V$	
RS-232 DRIVER				0	<u>^</u>	
DC Characteristics						
HIGH Level Output	+5.0		+15.0	Volts	$R_{L} = 3k\Omega, V_{IN} = 0.8V$	
LOW Level Output	-15.0		-5.0	Volts	$R_{L} = 3k\Omega, V_{IN} = 2.0V$	
Open Circuit Voltage	-15		+15	Volts		
Short Circuit Current			+/-100	mA	V _{OUT} = 0V	
Power Off Impedance	300			Ω	V _{cc} = 0V, V _{out} = +/-2.0V	
AC Characteristics						
Slew Rate			30	V/µs	$R_L = 3k\Omega, C_L = 50pF; V_{CC} = +5.0V,$ T _A @ 25°C	
Transistion Time			1.56	μs	$R_{L} = 3K\Omega, C_{L} = 2500 pF;$ between +/-3V, $T_{A}@ +25°C$	
Maximum Data Rate	120	235		kbps	$R_{L} = 3k\Omega, C_{L} = 2500 pF$	
Propagation Delay t _{PHL}		2	8	μs	Measured from 1.5V of V_{IN} to 50%	
Propagation Delay t _{PLH}		2	8	μs	of V_{OUT} ; $R_L = 3k\Omega$	
RS-232 RECEIVER						
DC Characteristics						
HIGH Threshold		1.7	3.0	Volts		
LOW Threshold	0.8	1.2		Volts		
Receiver Open Circuit Bias			+2.0	Volts		
Input Impedance	3	5	7	kΩ	V _{IN} = +15V to -15V	

SPECIFICATIONS

Limits are specifed at $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C and $V_{cc} = +5.0$ V unless otherwise

PARAMETER	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CONDITIONS	
RS-232 RECEIVER (continue	d)	<u>^</u>				
AC Characteristics						
Maximum Data Rate	120	235		kbps		
Propagation Delay t _{PHL}		0.25	1	μs	Measured from 50% of V _{IN} to 1.5V	
Propagation Delay t _{PLH}		0.25	1	μs	of V _{out}	
RS-485 DRIVER				•	<u>.</u>	
DC Characteristics						
Open circuit Voltage			6.0	Volts		
Differential Output	1.5		5.0	Volts	$R_{L} = 54\Omega, C_{L} = 50pF$	
Balance			+/-0.2	Volts	$ V_{T} - \overline{ V_{T} }$	
Common-Mode Output			3.0	Volts		
Output Current	28.0			mA	R _L = 54Ω	
Short Circuit Current			+/-250	mA	Terminated in -7V to +10V	
AC Characteristics						
Maximum Data Rate	10			Mbps	$R_{L} = 54\Omega$	
Maximum Data Rate			8	Mbps	$R_{L} = 54\Omega, T_{A} = +85^{\circ}C, \text{ Note 1}$	
Output Transition Time		30		ns	Rise/Fall time, 10%-90%	
Propagation Delay t _{PHL}		80	120	ns	See Figures 3 & 5, $R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$,	
Propagation Delay t _{PLH}		80	120	ns	C _{L1} = C _{L2} = 100pF	
Driver Output Skew		5	20	ns	Per Figure 5, $t_{skew} = t_{dphl} - t_{dplh} $	
RS-485 RECEIVER						
DC Characteristics						
Common Mode Range	-7.0		+12	Volts		
Receiver Sensitivity			+/-0.2	Volts	-7V ≤ V _{CM} ≤ +12V	
Input Impedance	12	15		kΩ	$-7V \le V_{CM} \le +12V$	
AC Characteristics						
Maximum Data Rate	10			Mbps		
Maximum Data Rate			8	Mbps	T _A = +85°C, Note 1	
Propagation Delay t _{PHL}		130	200	ns	See Figures 3 & 7, $R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$, $C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 100 pF$	
Propagation Delay t _{PLH}		130	200	ns	$C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 100 \text{pF}$	
Differential Receiver Skew		10	20	ns	$ \begin{array}{l} t_{_{SKEW}} = t_{_{PHL}} - t_{_{PLH}} , \ R_{_{DIFF}} = 54\Omega, \\ C_{_{L1}} = C_{_{L2}} = 100 \mbox{pF}, \ see \ Figure \ 8 \end{array} $	
ENABLE TIMING						
RS-485 DRIVER						
Enable Time (see Figures 4	and 6)					
Enable to LOW		100	150	ns	$C_L = 15 pF, S_1 Closed$	
Enable to HIGH		100	150	ns	C ₁ = 15pF, S ₂ Closed	

Note 1: Exceeding the maximum data rate of 8Mbps at $T_A = 85^{\circ}C$ may damage the device.

SPECIFICATIONS Limits are specifed at $T_{\rm A}$ = 25°C and $V_{\rm CC}$ = +5.0V unless otherwise

PARAMETER	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CONDITIONS
RS-485 Driver Continued	0	0		<u>^</u>	-
Disable Time (see Figures 4 and	16)				
Disable from LOW		100	120	ns	$C_{L} = 15 pF, S_{1} Closed$
Disable from HIGH		100	120	ns	$C_{L} = 15 pF, S_{2} Closed$
RS-485 RECEIVER					
Enable Time (see Figures 2 ar	nd 8)				
Enable to LOW		100	150	ns	$C_{L} = 15 pF, S_{1} Closed$
Enable to HIGH		100	150	ns	$C_{L} = 15 pF, S_{2} Closed$
Disable Time (see Figures 2 and	8)				
Disable from LOW		100	120	ns	$C_{L} = 15 pF, S_{1} Closed$
Disable from HIGH		100	120	ns	$C_{L} = 15 pF, S_{2} Closed$
POWER REQUIREMENTS					
Supply Voltage V _{cc}	+4.75		+5.25	Volts	
Supply Current I _{cc}					
No Load (T_x Disabled)		12	20	mA	TXEN = 0V
No Load (RS-232 Mode)		20	50	mA	RS232/RS485 = 0V
No Load (RS-485 Mode)		15	50	mA	RS232/RS485 = +5V
ENVIRONMENTAL					
Operating Temperature					
Commercial (_C_)	0		70	°C	
Industrial (_E_)	-40		+85	°C	
Storage Temperature	-65		+150	°C	

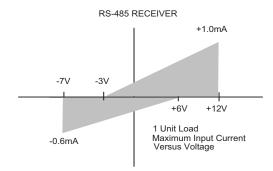


Figure 1. Driver DC Test Load Circuit

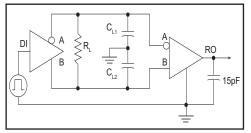


Figure 3. Driver/Receiver Timing Test Circuit

TEST CIRCUITS

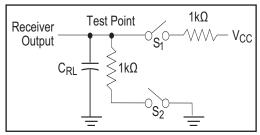


Figure 2. Receiver Timing Test Load Circuit

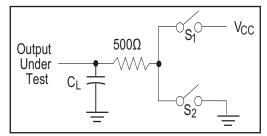


Figure 4. Driver Timing Test Load #2 Circuit

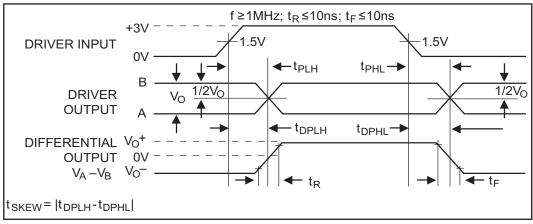


Figure 5. Driver Propagation Delays

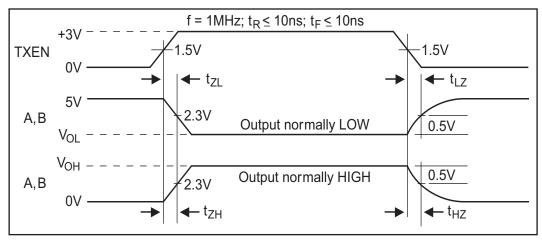


Figure 6. Driver Enable and Disable Times

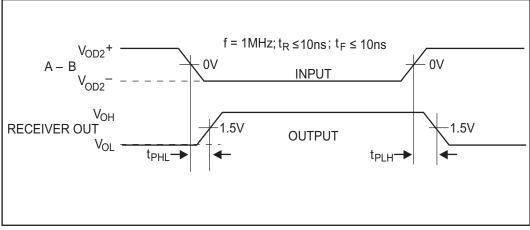


Figure 7. Receiver Propagation Delays

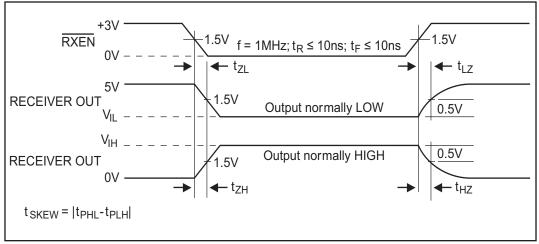


Figure 8. Receiver Enable and Disable Times

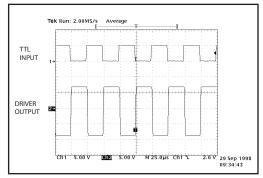


Figure 9. Typical RS-232 Driver Output

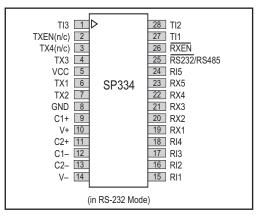


Figure 11. SP334 Pinout

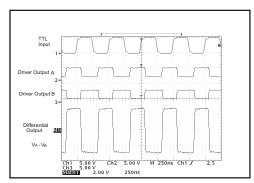


Figure 10. Typical RS-485 Driver Output

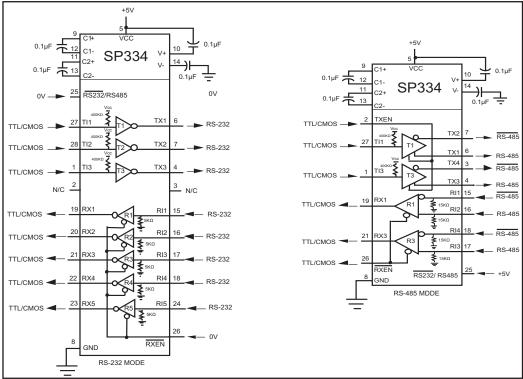


Figure 12. Typical Operating Circuit

THEORY OF OPERATION

The **SP334** is made up of four separate circuit blocks — the charge pump, drivers, receivers, and decoder. Each of these circuit blocks is described in more detail below.

Charge–Pump

The charge pump is a **Exar**-patented design (U.S. 5,306,954) and uses a unique approach compared to older less efficient designs. The charge pump still requires four external capacitors, but uses a four-phase voltage shifting technique to attain symmetrical 10V power supplies. Figure 17(a) shows the waveform found on the positive side of capacitor C2, and Figure 17(b) shows the negative side of capacitor C2. There is a free-running oscillator that controls the four phases of the voltage shifting. A description of each phase follows.

Phase 1

 $-V_{ss}$ charge storage $-During this phase of the clock cycle, the positive side of capacitors <math>C_1$ and C_2 are initially charged to +5V. C_1^+ is then switched to ground and charge on

 C_1^- is transferred to C_2^- . Since C_2^+ is connected to +5V, the voltage potential across capacitor C_2 is now 10V.

Phase 2

 $-V_{ss}$ transfer — Phase two of the clock connects the negative terminal of C₂ to the V_{ss} storage capacitor and the positive terminal of C₂ to ground, and transfers the generated –I0V to C₃. Simultaneously, the positive side of capacitor C₁ is switched to +5V and the negative side is connected to ground.

Phase 3

 $-V_{DD}$ charge storage — The third phase of the clock is identical to the first phase - the charge transferred in C₁ produces -5V in the negative terminal of C₁, which is applied to the negative side of capacitor C₂. Since C₂⁺ is at +5V, the voltage potential across C₂ is IOV.

Phase 4

 $-V_{DD}$ transfer — The fourth phase of the clock connects the negative terminal of C₂

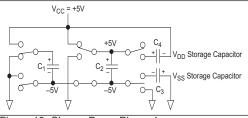
to ground and transfers the generated IOV across C_2 to C_4 , the V_{DD} storage capacitor. Again, simultaneously with this, the positive side of capacitor C_1 is switched to +5V and the negative side is connected to ground, and the cycle begins again.

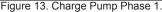
Since both V+ and V⁻ are separately generated from V_{cc} in a no–load condition, V+ and V⁻ will be symmetrical. Older charge pump approaches that generate V⁻ from V+ will show a decrease in the magnitude of V⁻ compared to V+ due to the inherent inefficiencies in the design.

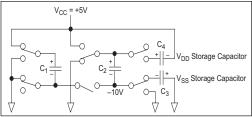
The clock rate for the charge pump typically operates at 15kHz. The external capacitors must be a minimum of 0.1μ F with a 16V breakdown rating.

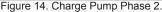
External Power Supplies

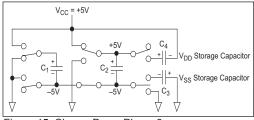
For applications that do not require +5V only, external supplies can be applied at the V+ and V⁻ pins. The value of the external supply voltages must be no greater than ±I0V. The current drain for the ±10V supplies is used for RS-232. For the RS-232 driver the current requirement will be 3.5mAper driver. The external power supplies should provide a power supply sequence of :+I0V, then +5V, followed by –I0V.

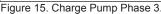












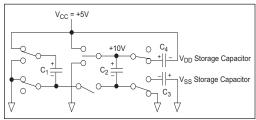


Figure 16. Charge Pump Phase 4.

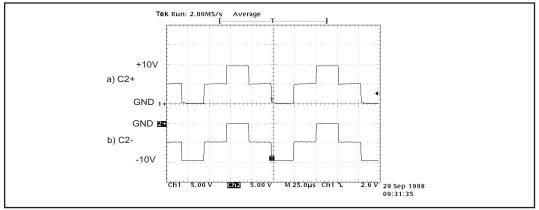


Figure 17. Charge Pump Waveforms

Drivers

The SP334 has three independent RS-232 single-ended drivers and two differential RS-485 drivers. Control for the mode selection is done by the RS232/RS485 select pin. The drivers are pre-arranged such that for each mode of operation the relative position and functionality of the drivers are set up to accommodate the selected interface mode. As the mode of the drivers is changed, the electrical characteristics will change to support the requirements of clock, data, and control line signal levels. Unused driver inputs can be left floating; however, to ensure a desired state with no input signal, pull-up resistors to +5V or pull-down resistors to ground are suggested. Since the driver inputs are both TTL or CMOS compatible, any value resistor less than $100k\Omega$ will suffice.

When in RS-232 mode, the single-ended RS-232 drivers produce compliant RS-232E and ITU V.28 signals. Each of the three drivers output single-ended bipolar signals in access of \pm 5V with a full load of 3k Ω and 2500pF applied as specified. These drivers can also operate at least 120kbps.

When programmed to RS-485 mode, the differential RS-485 drivers produce complaint RS-485 signals. Each RS-485 driver outputs a unipolar signal on each output pin with a magnitude of at least 1.5V while loaded with a worst case of 54Ω between the driver's two output pins. The signal levels and drive capability of the RS-485 drivers allow the drivers to also comply with RS-422 levels. The transmission rate for the differential drivers is 10Mbps.

Receivers

The **SP334** has five single-ended receivers when programmed for RS-232 mode and two differential receivers when programmed for RS-485 mode.

Control for the mode selection is done by the same select pin as the drivers. As the operating mode of the receivers is changed, the electrical characteristics will change to support the requirements of the appropriate serial standard. Unused receiver inputs can be left floating without causing oscillation. To ensure a desired state of the receiver output, a pull–up resistor of $100k\Omega$ to +5V should be connected to the inverting input for a logic low, or the non–inverting input for a logic high. For single-ended receivers, a pull–down resistor to ground of $5k\Omega$ is internally connected, which will ensure a logic high output.

The RS-232 receiver has a single–ended input with a threshold of 0.8V to 2.4V. The RS-232 receiver has an operating voltage range of ±15V and can receive signals up to 120kbps. RS-232 receivers are used in RS-232 mode for all signal types include data, clock, and control lines of the RS-232 serial port.

The differential RS-485 receiver has an input impedance of $15k\Omega$ and a differential threshold of ± 200 mV. Since the characteristics of an RS-422 receiver are actually subsets of RS-485, the receivers for RS-422 requirements are identical to the RS-485 receivers. All of the differential receivers can receive data up to 10Mbps.

Enable Pins

The **SP334** drivers can be enabled by use of the TXEN pin. A logic HIGH will enable the driver outputs and a logic LOW will tristate the outputs. The drivers can only be tri-stated in RS-485 mode. The drivers are always active in RS-232 mode.

The Receiver outp<u>uts can</u> also be tri-stated by the use of the RXEN pin. A logic LOW will enable the receiver outputs and a logic HIGH will tri-state the outputs. The receiver tri-state capability is offered for both RS-232 and RS-485 modes. The input impedance of the receivers during tri-state is at least $12k\Omega$.

Applications

The **SP334** allows the user flexibility in having a RS-232 or RS-485 serial port without using two different discrete active IC's. Figure 18 shows a connection to a standard DB-9 RS-232 connector. In RS-485 mode, the **SP334** is a full duplex transceiver, however, a half duplex configuration can be made by connecting the driver outputs to receiver inputs.

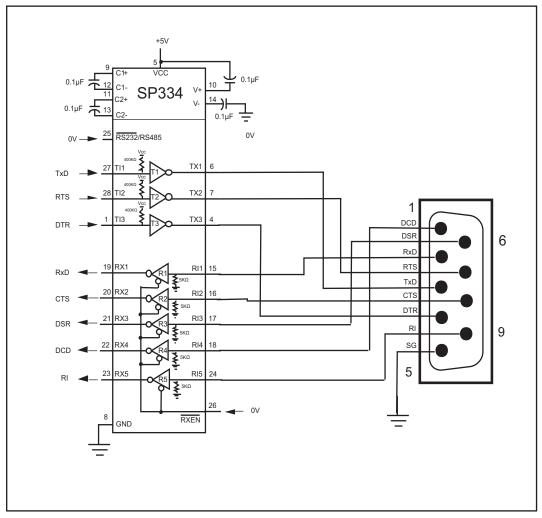
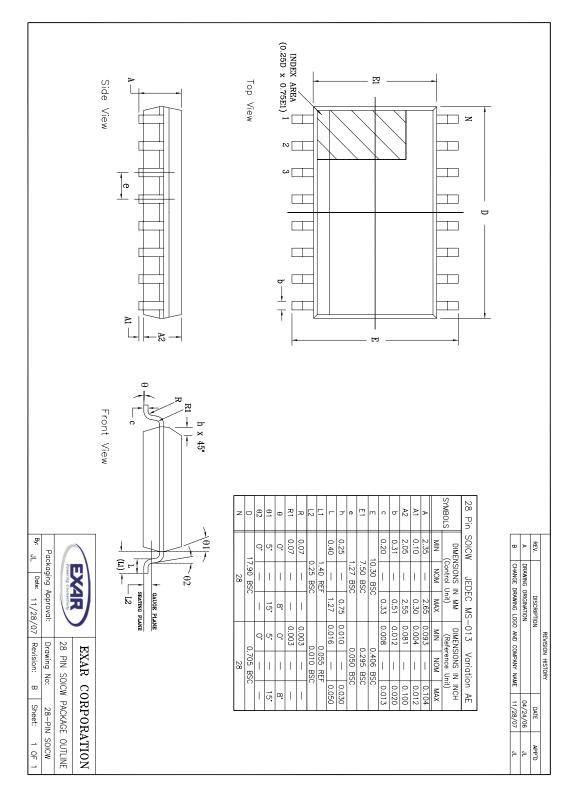


Figure 18. SP334 Configuration to a DB-9 Serial Port



ORDERING INFORMATION						
Model	Temperature Range	Package Types				
SP334CT-L	0°C to +70°C					
SP334CT-L/TR	0°C to +70°C					
SP334ET-L	-40°C to +85°C					
SP334ET-L/TR	-40°C to +85°C					

Note: /TR = Tape and Reel

REVISION HISTORY

DATE	REVISION	DESCRIPTION
2000	SP334/10	Legacy Sipex Datasheet
09/09/09	1.0.0	Convert to Exar Format. Add typical application circuit to page 1 and Revision History table. Remove EOL part numbers and update ordering information per PDN 081126-01. Change revision to 1.0.0. Add Maximum Data Rate to Absolute Maximum Ratings. Add RS-485 Driver and Receiver data rate column for 8Mbps maximum at Tmax and add Note 1.

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