

Datasheet | Rev. 1.1 | 2012

512Mbit Single-Data-Rate (SDR) SDRAM

AS4C64M8S-7TCN 64Mx8 (16M x 8 x 4 Banks) AS4C32M16S-7TCN 32Mx16 (8M x 16 x 4 Banks)



Revision History

Rev. 1.1 April 2012

Revised Operating-; Standby- and Refresh Currents

Rev. 1.0 March 2012

initial version

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Overview

This chapter gives an overview of the 512Mbit SDRAM product and describes its main characteristics.

1.1 Features

- Single 3.3 V ± 0.3 V Power Supply
- LVTTL compatible I/O
- DRAM organizations with 8, 16 Data In/Outputs
- Single Pulsed RASinterface
- Fully synchronous to Positive Clock Edge
- Four Banks controlled by BAO/BA1 (Bank Select)
- Programmable CAS Latency: 2, 3
- Programmable Burst Length: 1,2,4,8 or full page
- Programmable Wrap: Sequential or Interleave
- Multiple Burst Read with Single Write Option
- Automatic and Controlled Precharge Command
- Data Mask for Read/Write Control (x8)
- Dual Data Mask for byte control (x16)

- Suspend Mode and Power Down Mode
- Standard Power Operation
- Random Column Address every CK (1-N Rule)
- Operating Temperature range 0°C to 70°C. Industrial Temperature devices (Ordering code ending with "I") allow an operating temperature range of -40°C to 85°C 1
- Auto Refresh(CBR) and Self Refresh
- 8192 Refresh Cycles/64ms
- 54-pin TSOP II (400 mil) Package
- RoHS Compliant Product ²
- Electrically and mechanically JEDEC compliant

¹ ambient Temperature

² RoHS Compliant Product: Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances (RoHS) in electrical and electronic equipment as defined in the directive 2002/95/EC issued by the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003. These substances include mercury, lead, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls and polybrominated biphenyl ethers. For more information please visit http://www.alliancememory.com



Table 1 - Performance Table									
					Unit	Note			
Speed Code			-7/-71	-7 A /-7 AI ¹					
Max. Data Rate		SDR	133	133	MHz				
CAS-RCD-RP Latencies	2-2-2	tCK	1						
Max. Clock Frequency CL		f _{CK3}	133	133	MHz				
	CL2	f _{CK2}	100	133	MHz				
Min. RAS-CAS-Delay		t _{RCD}	20	15	ns				
Min. Row Precharge Time t _{RP}			20	15	ns				
Min. Row Active Time t _{RAS}			45	42	ns				
Min. Row Cycle Time		t _{RC}	67.5	60	ns				

Versions marked -7A(I) support both: 2-2-2 and 3-3-3 at 133MHz (CAS-RCD-RP)

1.2 Description

The 512Mbit SDRAM is a high-speed CMOS, dynamic random-access memory containing 536,870,912 bits internally configured as a guad-bank DRAM with a synchronous interface.

The x8 device is organized as $16M \times 8 \text{ I/O} \times 4 \text{ banks}$, the x16 device is organized as 8M x 16 I/O x 4 banks. These synchronous devices achieve data transfer rates of up to 133 Mb/sec/pin for general applications.

See Table 1 for performance figures.

The device is designed in compliance with JEDEC standards for SDRAM memory components both electrically and mechanically.

The control signals RAS-CAS, WE-and-CS are pulsed signals which are sampled at the positive edge of each externally applied clock (CK).

A thirteen bit address bus A[12:0] together with 2 Bank select lines BA[1:0] accept address data in a RAS/CAS multiplexing style.

Operating the four memory banks in an interleave fashion allows random access operation to occur at a higher rate than is possible with standard DRAMs. A sequential and gapless data rate of up to 133 MHz is possible depending on Burst Length and CASLatency. Auto Refresh (CBR) and Self Refresh operation, both are supported. The 512Mb SDRAM is available in 54-pin TSOP-Type II package.



Table 2 - Ordering Information for RoHS Compliant Products									
Product Part Number ¹	Org.	Org. CAS-RCD-RP Max. Clock (MHz) Package							
Standard Temperature Range (0°C to 70°C) 6									
AS4C64M8S-7TCN	×8	3-3-3	133	54 TSOP II	5				
AS4C32M16S-7TCN	×16	3-3-3	133	54 TSOP II	5				
AS4C64M8S-7A	×8	2-2-2	133	54 TSOP II	5 7				
AS4C32M16S-7A	×16	2-2-2	133	54 TSOP II	5 7				
Industrial Temperature Rang	e (-40°C to 85°C) 6								
AS4C64M8S-7TIN	×8	3-3-3	133	54 TSOP II	5				
AS4C32M16S-7TIN	×16	3-3-3	133	54 TSOP II	5				
AS4C64M8S-7AI	×8	2-2-2	133	54 TSOP II	5 7				
AS4C32M16S-7AI	×16	2-2-2	133	54 TSOP II	5 7				

For detailed information regarding the part numbering of Alliance Memory products, please contact Alliance Memory for a separated "Part No. Decoder".

1.3 Addressing

Table 3 - Addressing								
Configuration	64 Mb x 8 ¹	32 Mb x16 ¹	Note					
Bank Address	BA[1:0]	BA[1:0]						
Number of Banks	4	4						
Auto Precharge	A10 / AP	A10 / AP						
Auto Refresh Cycles	8192	8192						
Row Address	A[12:0]	A[12:0]						
Column Address	A[9:0] A11	A[9:0]						
Number of I/Os	8	16						

Notes:

² CAS: Column Address Strobe

³ RCD: Row Column Delay

⁴ RP: Row Precharge

For Source 1 RoHS Compliant Product: Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances (RoHS) in electrical and electronic equipment as defined in the directive 2002/95/EC issued by the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003. These substances include mercury, lead, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls and polybrominated biphenyl ethers. For more information please visit https://www.alliancememory.com

⁶ Operating ambient temperature surrounding the package

Versions marked -7A support both: 2-2-2 and 3-3-3 (CAS-RCD-RP)

Referred to as 'org'



2 | Configuration

This chapter contains the chip configuration.

2.1 Configuration for 54-pin TSOP II Package

The chip configuration of the SDRAM is listed by function in Table 3. The abbreviations used in the Pin# and Buffer Type column are explained in <u>Table 4</u> and <u>Table 5</u> respectively.

Table 4 - PIN Description for 54-pin TSOP II Package								
Pin#	Name x8 ¹	Name x16 ¹	Pin Type	Buffer Type	Function			
Clock Signals								
38	CLK	CLK	I	LVTTL	Clock Signal, all SDRAM Inputs are sampled on the rising edge of the clock			
37	CKE	CKE	I	LVTTL	Clock Enable activates (HIGH) and deactivates (LOW) the CLK Signal			
Control Signals								
18	RAS	RAS	I	LVTTL	Row Address Strobe (RAS), Column Address Strobe (CAS), Write Enable (WE)			
17	CAS	CAS	ļ	LVTTL				
16	WE	WE	ļ	LVTTL				
19	cs	CS	I	LVTTL	Chip Select enables (registered LOW) and disables (registered HIGH) the command decoder			
Address Signals								
20	BA0	BA0	I	LVTTL	Bank Address Bus BA[1:0]			
21	BA1	BA1	l	LVTTL				
23	A0	A0	ļ	LVTTL	Address Inputs A[12:0]			
24	A1	A1	I	LVTTL				
25	A2	A2	I	LVTTL				
26	A3	A3	I	LVTTL				
29	A4	A4	I	LVTTL				
30	A5	A5	I	LVTTL				
31	A6	A6	I	LVTTL				
32	A7	A7	I	LVTTL				
33	A8	A8	1	LVTTL				
34	A9	A9	1	LVTTL				
22	A10	A10	1	LVTTL				
35	A11	A11	I	LVTTL				
36	A12	A12	1	LVTTL				

- continued next page -

Notes:

Referred to as 'org'



Continued Table 4 - PIN Description for 54-pin TSOP II Package

PIN#	Name x8	Name x16	PIN Type	Buffer Type	Function		
Data Signals							
2	DQ0	DQ0	1/0	LVTTL	Data Signal DQ[7:0] for x8		
4	NC	DQ1	I/O	LVTTL	Data Signal DQ[15:0] for x16		
5	DQ1	DQ2	1/0	LVTTL			
7	NC	DQ3	I/O	LVTTL			
8	DQ2	DQ4	1/0	LVTTL			
10	NC	DQ5	I/O	LVTTL			
11	DQ3	DQ6	I/O	LVTTL			
42	NC	DQ8	I/O	LVTTL			
44	DQ4	DQ9	I/O	LVTTL			
45	NC	DQ10	I/O	LVTTL			
47	DQ5	DQ11	I/O	LVTTL			
48	NC	DQ12	I/O	LVTTL			
50	DQ6	DQ13	I/O	LVTTL			
51	NC	DQ14	I/O	LVTTL			
53	DQ7	DQ15	I/O	LVTTL			
13	NC	DQ7	I/O	LVTTL			
Data Mask							
15	NC	DQML	I	LVTTL	Data Mask		
39	DQM	DQMH	I	LVTTL	Data Mask		
Power Supplies		I	-	ı			
3, 9, 43, 49	V_{DDQ}	V_{DDQ}	PWR	_	DQ Power: DQ Power to the die for improved noise immunity		
1, 14, 27	V_{DD}	V_{DD}	PWR	_	Power Supply $+3.3V \pm 0.3V$		
6, 12, 46, 52	V _{SSQ}	V_{SSQ}	PWR	_	DQ Ground: isolated power supply and ground for the output buffers for improved noise immunity		
28, 41, 54	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	PWR	-	Power Supply Ground		
Not Connected							
40	NC	NC	NC	-	Not Connected		



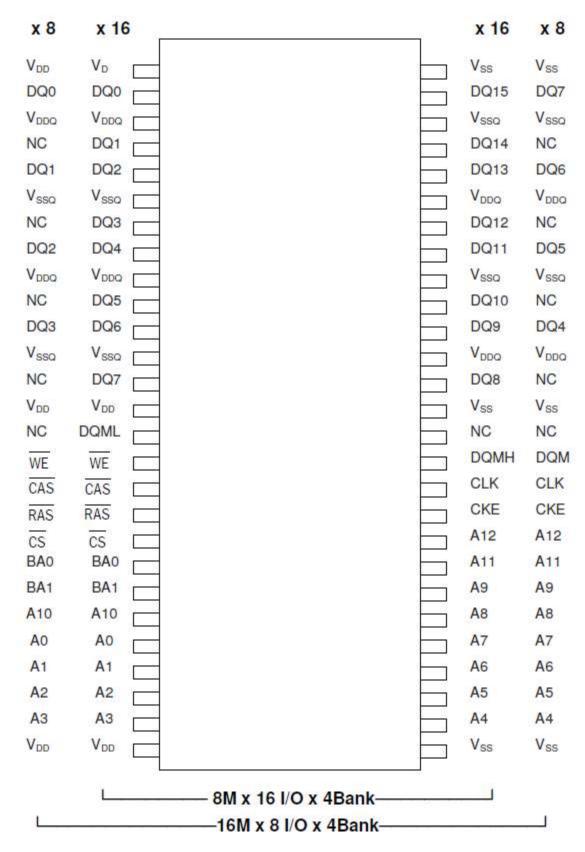
Table 5 - Abbreviations for Pin Type						
Abbreviation	Description					
1	Standard input-only ball. Digital levels.					
0	Output. Digital levels.					
1/0	I/O is a bidirectional Input/Output signal.					
PWR	Power					
GND	Ground					
NC	Not Connected					

Table 6 - Abbreviations for Buffer Type						
Abbreviation	Description					
SSTL	Serial Stub Terminated Logic (SSTL_18)					
LVTTL	Low Voltage TTL					
CMOS	CMOS Levels					
OD	Open Drain. The corresponding ball has 2 operational states, active low and tristate, and allows multiple devices to share as a wire-OR allows multiple devices to share as a wire-OR.					



Figure 1 - Ball Assignment for ×8 and ×16 Components, TSOP-54 (II)

54-pin TSOP (II) 400 mil (Top View)





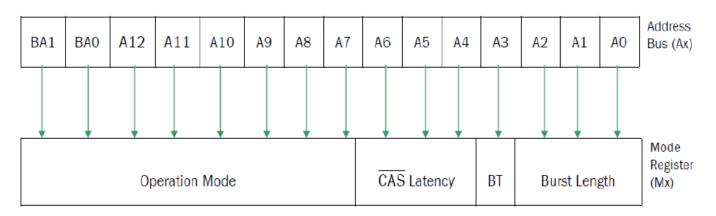
3 | Functional Description

3.1 Mode Register Set (MRS)

The Mode Register ¹ stores data defining the specific mode of operation including Burst Length (BL), Burst Type, CAS Latency (CL) ², Operating Mode and write Burst Mode of the SDRAM. Since power on state of the register is not defined it must be initialized in order to avoid unpredictable start-up modes.

The Mode Register content can be altered by re-executing the Mode Register Set Command if needed. In such a case however all 4 variables must be redefined when the Mode Register Set Command is issued.

Figure 2 – Mode Register Structure



¹ Operation Mode, CAS Latency, Burst Type and Burst Length are user defined variables and must be programmed into the Mode Register before Read or Write Cycles may begin. The Mode Register is programmed using the Mode Register Set Command. It retains the data until it is reprogrammed or power is switched off the SDRAM.

² CAS Latency defines the delay from when a Read Command is registered on a rising Clock Edge to when the data from that Read Command becomes available at the Data I/O's.



Table 7 -	Mode	Register ((MR)	Definition
I UDIC /	MIDUL	i icqistci i		

Field	Bits	Type ¹	Description
Operation Mode	[14:7]	W	00000000B Normal Mode 00000100B Multiple Burst with Single Write All other states reserved.*
CL	[6:4]	w	CAS Latency Note: All other bit combinations are reserved. 010 _B CL 2 011 _B CL 3
ВТ	3	W	Burst Type OB BT Sequential 1B BT Interleaved
BL	[2:0]	W	Burst Length Note: All other bit combinations are reserved. BT (Bit3=0) BT (Bit3=0) O00B Sequential BL: 1 Interleave BL: 1 O01B Sequential BL: 2 Interleave BL: 2 O10B Sequential BL: 4 Interleave BL: 4 O11B Sequential BL: 8 Interleave BL: 8

w = write only register bits

M9 (Write

Burst Mode): 0 -> Normal Mode (read and write with programmed Burst Length) 1 -> Multiple Burst & Single Write location access

^{*} BA1 and BA0 must be set to "0" when programming Mode Register MR



3.2 Burst Mode Operation

Read and Write Operations to the device are burst oriented.

The Burst Type defines the sequence in which the data is Output and Input to the device. The Burst Types supported are sequential and interleaved. Please refer to the below table.

The Bust Length (BL) is programmable in the Mode Register Bits [2:0] and controls the number of bits that will be Output after a Read Command or being Input after a Write Command.

The Burst Operation Mode can be normal (Read and Write Cycles both are operated until the selected Burst Length is worked through) or Multiple Burst with Single Write Operation.

Burst Length	Starting Address (A2 A1 A0)	Sequential Addressing (decimal)	Interleave Addressing (decimal)		
1	XXO	0, 1	0, 1		
	X X 1	1, 0	1,0		
4	X 0 0	0, 1, 2, 3	0, 1, 2, 3		
	X 0 1	1, 2, 3, 0	1, 0, 3, 2		
	X 1 0	2, 3, 0, 1	2, 3, 0, 1		
	X 1 1	3, 0, 1, 2	3, 2, 1, 0		
8	000	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7		
	001	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 0	1, 0, 3, 2, 5, 4, 7, 6		
	010	2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 0, 1	2, 3, 0, 1, 6, 7, 4, 5		
	011	3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 0, 1, 2	3, 2, 1, 0, 7, 6, 5, 4		
	100	4, 5, 6, 7, 0, 1, 2, 3	4, 5, 6, 7, 0, 1, 2, 3		
	101	5, 6, 7, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4	5, 4, 7, 6, 1, 0, 3, 2		
	110	6, 7, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	6, 7, 4, 5, 2, 3, 0, 1		
	111	7, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0		
256 (Full Page)	n	Cn, Cn+1, Cn+2	1, 0, 3, 2		



4 | Truth Tables

The truth tables in this chapter summarize the commands and the signal coding to control the SDRAM.

Table 9 - Command Truth Table												
Function	Device State	Previous Cycle	KE Current Cycle	CS	RAS	CAS	WE	DQM	BA0 BA1	A10	A12 A11 A[9:0]	Note 123
Mode Register Set	Idle	Н	Χ	L	L	L	L	Χ	0	P Code	9	
Auto (CBR) Refresh	Idle	Η	Η	Ш	L	Ш	Η	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	
Self-Refresh Entry	Idle	Η	L	Ш	L	Ш	Η	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	
Self-Refresh Exit	Idle (Self- Refresh)	L	Н	H L	X	X	X H	Х	X	Χ	Х	
Single Bank Precharge	Re. Current State Table	Н	Х	L	L	Н	L	Х	BS	L	Х	4
Precharge all Banks	Re. Current State Table	Н	Χ	L	L	Н	L	Х	Х	Н	Х	
Bank Activate	Idle	Н	Χ	L	L	Н	Н	Χ	BS	Row Address		
Write	Active	Н	Χ	L	Н	L	L	Χ	BS	L	Column	4
Write with Auto- Precharge	Active	Н	Х	L	Н	L	L	Х	BS	Н	Column	4
Read	Active	Η	Χ	Ш	Н	Ш	Η	Χ	BS	Ш	Column	4
Read with Auto- Precharge	Active	Н	X	L	Н	L	Н	Х	BS	Н	Column	4
Burst Stop	Active	Н	Χ	L	Н	Н	L	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	
No Operation	Any	Н	Χ	L	Н	Н	Н	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	
Device Deselect	Any	Н	Χ	Н	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	
Clock Suspend Mode Entry	Active	Н	L	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	X	Χ	Х	5
Clock Suspend Mode Exit	Active	L	Н	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	5
Data Write/Output Enable	Active	Н	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	L	Х	Χ	Х	6
Data Write/Output Disable	Active	Н	X	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Н	X	X	Х	6
Power Down Entry	Idle/Active	Н	L	H L	X	X	X H	Х	X	Χ	Х	7,8
Power Down Exit	Any(Power Down)	L	Н	H L	X H	X H	X H	Х	Х	Х	Х	7,8

All SDRAM Operations are defined by states of CS, WE, RA\$, CA\$ and CKE at the rising edge of the clock.

² "X" means H or L (but a defined logic level).

Operation that is not specified is illegal and after such an event, in order to guarantee proper operation, the DRAM must be powered down and then restarted through the specified initialization sequence before normal operation can continue.

⁴ Bank addresses BA[1:0] determine which bank is to be operated upon

⁵ In normal access mode, CKE is held high and CK is enabled. When CKE is low it freezes the internal clock and extends data Read and Write operations. One clock delay is required for mode entry and exit.



- DQM has two functions for the data DQ Read and Write operations. During a Read Cycle when DQM goes high during a clock timing the data outputs are disabled and become high impedance after a two-clock delay. During Write Cycles when activated the Write operation at the clock cycle is prohibited (zero clock latency).
- All banks must be precharged before entering Power Down Mode. If this command is issued during a Burst operation, the device state will be Clock Suspend Mode. The Powerd Down Mode does not perform any Refresh operations therefore the device can not remain in this mode longer than the Refresh period (t_{REF}) duration. One clock delay is required for mode entry and exit.
- 8 A No Operation or Device Deselect Command is required on the next clock edge following CKE going high.

Table 10 – Bank Selection Bits (BS) Truth Table								
BA0	BA1	Bank						
L	L	Bank 0						
Н	L	Bank 1						
L	Н	Bank 2						
Н	Н	Bank 3						



Table 11 - Clock Enable (CKE) Truth Table
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Current State	C	KE	Com	Command		Action	Notes			
	Previous Cycle	Current Cycle	_ Cs	RAS	CAS	WE	BAO, BA1	A12 - A0		
Self Refresh	Н	Χ	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	INVALID	1
	L	Н	Н	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Exit Self Refresh with Device Deselect	2
	L	Н	L	Н	Н	Н	Χ	Х	Exit Self Refresh with No Operation	2
	L	L	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Maintain Self Refresh	
Power Down	Н	Χ	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	INVALID	1
	L	Н	Н	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Power Down Mode exit, all Banks Idle	2
	L	L	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Maintain Power Down Mode	
All Banks Idle	Н	Н	Н	Χ	Χ	Χ				3
	Н	Н	L	Н	Χ	Χ			Refer to the Idle State section of the Current State Truth Table	3
	Н	Н	L	L	Н	Χ			Current State Truth Table	3
	Н	Н	L	L	L	Н	Χ	Х	CBR Refresh	
	Н	Н	L	L	L	Г	OP	Code	Mode Register Set	4
	Н	L	Н	Χ	Χ	Χ				3
	Н	L	L	Н	Χ	Χ			Refer to the Idle State section of the Current State Truth Table	3
	Н	L	L	L	Н	Χ			Current State Truth Table	3
	Н	L	L	L	L	Н	Χ	Х	Entry Self Refresh	4
	Н	L	L	L	L	L	OP	Code	Mode Register Set	
	L	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Power Down	4
Any State	Н	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Refer to operations in the Current State Truth Table	
other than	Н	L	Х	χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Begin Clock Suspend next Cycle	5
listed above	L	Н	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Exit Clock Suspend next Cycle	
	L	L	Х	χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Maintain Clock Suspend	

- 1. For the given Current State CKE must be low in the previous Cycle.
- 2. When CKE has a low to high transition, the Clock and other Inputs are re-enabled asynchronously. The minimum setup time for CKE (tcs) must be satisfied. When exiting power down mode, a NOP command (or Device Deselected Command) is required on the first rising clock after CKE goes high (see page 26).
- 3. The address inputs depend on the command that is issued. See the Idle State section of the current State Truth Table for more information.
- 4. The Precharge Power Down Mode, the Self Refresh Mode, and the Mode Register Set can only entered from the all banks idle state.
- 5. Must be a legal command as defined in the Current State Truth Table.



Current State					Comma	Action	Notes		
current state	communa					110		Action	Notes
	_ cs	RAS	CAS	WE	BAO, BA1	A12- A0	Description		
Idle	L	L	L	L	0	P Code	Mode Register Set	Set the Mode Register	2
	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	Start Auto or Self Refresh	2, 3
	L	L	Н	L	BS	Х	Precharge	No Operation	
	L	L	Н	Н	BS	Row Address	Bank Activate	Activate the specified bank and row	
	L	Н	L	L	BS	Column	Write w/o Prechage	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	L	Н	BS	Column	Read w/o Prechage	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	Н	L	Х	Х	Burst Stop	ILLEGAL	
	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	No Operation	No Operation	
	Н	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Device Deselect	No Operation or Power Down	5
Row Active	L	L	L	L	0	P Code	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	Н	L	BS	Х	Precharge	Precharge	6
	L	L	Н	Н	BS	Row Address	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	L	L	BS	Column	Write Start Write; Determine if Auto Precharge		7,8
	L	Н	L	Н	BS	Column	Read	Start Read; Determine if Auto Precharge	7,8
	L	Н	Н	L	Х	Х	Burst Stop	ILLEGAL	
	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	No Operation	No Operation	
	Н	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Device Deselect	No Operation	
Read	L	L	L	L	0	P Code	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	Н	L	BS	Х	Precharge	Terminate Burst; Start Precharge	
	L	L	Н	Н	BS	Row Address	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	L	L	BS	Column	Write	Terminate Burst; Start Write Cycle	8, 9
	L	Н	L	Н	BS	Column	Read	Terminate Burst; Start a new Read Cycle	8, 9
	L	Н	Н	L	Х	Х	Burst Stop	Burst Stop	
	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	No Operation	Continue the Burst	
	Н	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Device Deselect	Continue the Burst	
Write	L	L	L	L	0	P Code	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	Н	L	BS	Х	Precharge	Terminate Burst; Start the Precharge	
	L	L	Н	Н	BS	Row Address	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	L	L	BS	Column	Write	Terminate Burst; Start a new Write Cycle	8, 9
	L	Н	L	Н	BS	Column	Read	Terminate Burst; Start the Read Cycle	8, 9
	L	Н	Н	L	Х	Х	Burst Stop	Burst Stop	

Χ

Χ

No Operation

Device Deselect

Continue the Burst

Continue the Burst

Н

Н

Χ

Χ

Χ



Table 12 – Curr	ent Sta	ate Tru	th Tab	le	Part 2/	3			
Current State					Comma	nd		Action	Notes
	_ CS	 RAS	CAS	WE	BAO, BA1	A12- A0	Description		
Read with Auto	L	L	L	L	0	P Code	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	
Precharge	Г	L	Г	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	Н	L	BS	Х	Precharge	ILLEGAL	4
	L	L	Н	Н	BS	Row Address	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	L	L	BS	Column	Write	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	L	Н	BS	Column	Read	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	Н	L	Х	Χ	Burst Stop	ILLEGAL	
	L	Н	Н	Н	Χ	Χ	No Operation	Continue the Burst	
	Н	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Device Deselect	Continue the Burst	
Write with Auto	L	L	L	L	0	P Code	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	
Precharge	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	Н	L	BS	Х	Precharge	ILLEGAL	4
	L	L	Н	Н	BS	Row Address	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	L	L	BS	Column	Write	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	L	Н	BS	Column	Read	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	Н	L	Х	Х	Burst Stop	ILLEGAL	
	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Χ	No Operation	Continue the Burst	
	Н	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ	Device Deselect	Continue the Burst	
Precharging	L	L	L	L	0	P Code	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	L	Н	Х	Χ	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	Н	L	BS	Х	Precharge	No Operation; Bank(s) idle after t_{RP}	
	L	L	Н	Н	BS	Row Address	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	L	L	BS	Column	Write	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	L	Н	BS	Column	Read	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	Н	L	Х	Χ	Burst Stop	ILLEGAL	
	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	No Operation	No Operation; Bank(s) idle after t_{RP}	
	Н	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Device Deselect	No Operation; Bank(s) idle after t_{RP}	
Row Activating	Г	L	Г	L	0	P Code	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	
	Г	L	Н	L	BS	Х	Precharge	ILLEGAL	4
	L	L	Н	Н	BS	Row Address	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4, 10
	L	Н	L	L	BS	Column	Write	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	L	Н	BS	Column	Read	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	Н	L	Х	Х	Burst Stop	ILLEGAL	
	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	No Operation	No Operation; Row Active after t _{RCD}	
	Н	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Device Deselect	No Operation; Row Active after \mathbf{t}_{RCD}	



Table 12 – Curr	ent Sta	ate Tru	th Tab	le	Part 3/	3			
Current State					Comma	nd		Action	Notes
CS RAS CAS WE		— WE	BAO, BA1	A12- A0	Description				
Write Recovering	L	L	L	L	0	P Code	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	Н	L	BS	Х	Precharge	ILLEGAL	4
	L	L	Н	Н	BS	Row Address	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	L	L	BS	Column	Write	Start Write; Determine if Auto Precharge	9
	L	Н	L	Н	BS	Column	Read	Start Read; Determine if Auto Precharge	9
	L	Н	Н	Н	Χ	Х	No Operation	No Operation; Row Active after t_{DPL}	
	Н	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Device Deselect	No Operation; Row Active after t_{DPL}	
Write Recovering	Г	L	L	L	0	P Code	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	
with Auto	Г	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	
Precharge	L	L	Н	L	BS	Х	Precharge	ILLEGAL	4
	L	L	Н	Н	BS	Row Address	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	L	L	BS	Column	Write	ILLEGAL	4, 9
	L	Н	L	Н	BS	Column	Read	ILLEGAL	4, 9
	L	Н	Н	Н	Χ	Х	No Operation	No Operation; Precharge after t_{DPL}	
	Н	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Device Deselect	No Operation; Precharge after t _{DPL}	
Refreshing	L	L	L	L	0	P Code	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	
_	L	L	L	Н	Х	Χ	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	Н	L	BS	Х	Precharge	ILLEGAL	
	Г	L	Н	Н	BS	Row Address	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	
	L	Н	L	L	BS	Column	Write	ILLEGAL	
	L	Н	L	Н	BS	Column	Read	ILLEGAL	
	L	Н	Н	Н	Χ	Х	No Operation	No Operation; Idle after t_{RC}	
	Н	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Device Deselect	No Operation; Idle after t _{RC}	
Mode Register	L	L	L	L	0	P Code	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	
Accessing	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	Н	L	BS	Х	Precharge	ILLEGAL	
	L	L	Н	Н	BS	Row Address	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	
	L	Н	L	L	BS	Column	Write	ILLEGAL	
	L	Н	L	Н	BS	Column	Read	ILLEGAL	
	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	No Operation	No Operation; Idle after two clock cycles	
	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Device Deselect	No Operation; Idle after two clock cycles	



Legend of the Current State Truth Table (Part 1 to 3)

- CKE is assumed to be active (high) in the previous cycle for all entries.
 The Current State is the state of the bank that the Command is being applied to.
- 2. All Banks must be idle; otherwise, it is an illegal action.
- 3. If CKE is active (high) the SDRAM will start the Auto (CBR) Refresh Operation, if CKE is inactive (low) than the Self Refresh mode is entered.
- The Current State refers to only one of the banks. If BS selects this bank then the action is illegal.
 If BS selects the bank not being referenced by the Current State then the action may be legal depending on the state of that bank.
- 5. If CKE is inactive (low) then the Power Down mode is entered; otherwise there is a No Operation.
- 6. The minimum and maximum Active time (t_{RAS}) must be satisfied.
- 7. The RAto CAto Delay (t_{RCD}) must occur before the command is given.
- 8. Column address A10 is used to determine if the Auto Precharge function is activated.
- 9. The command must satisfy any bus contention, bus turn around, and/or write recovery requirements.
- 10. The command is illegal if the minimum bank to bank delay time (t_{RRD}) is not satisfied



5 | Electrical Characteristics

This chapter describes the Electrical Characteristics.

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Caution is needed not to exceed absolute maximum ratings of the DRAM device at any time.

Table 13 - Ab	Table 13 - Absolute Maximum Ratings											
Symbol	Symbol Parameter Rating											
			Min.	Max.								
V_{DD}	Voltage on V _{DD} pin relative to V _{SS}		-0.3	+4.6	V							
V _{DDQ}	Voltage on V _{DDQ} pin relative to V _{SS}		-0.3	+4.6	V							
V _{IN} V _{OUT}	Voltage on any pin relative to V _{SS}		-0.3	V _{DD} +0.3	V							
P _D	Power Dissipation		_	+1.0	W							
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature		-55	+125	°C	1						

Storage Temperature is the ambient (case surface) temperature (on the center/top side) of the DRAM

Attention:

Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Table 14 - D	Table 14 - DRAM Component Operating Temperature Range										
Symbol	Parameter	Ra	nting	Unit	Note						
		Min.	Max.								
T _A	Operating Temperature for standard product	0	+70	°C	123						
T _A	Operating Temperature for Industrial Temperature product	-40	+85	°C	12 3						

Operating Temperature is the ambient temperature around the DRAM.

² The Operating Temperature ranges are the temperatures where all DRAM specification will be supported.

³ During operation, the temperature must be maintained under all other specification parameters.



5.2 DC Characteristics

Table 15 - Recommended DC Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter		Rating				
		Min. Typ. Max.					
V_{DD}	Supply Voltage	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	1	
V_{DDQ}	Supply Voltage for Output	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	1	
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	2.0		$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V	12	
V _{TT}	Termination Voltage	- 0.3		0.8	V	13	

Table 16 - Input and Output Leakage Currents

Symbol	Parameter / Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
IĮL	Input Leakage Current; any input 0 V < VIN < V _{DD}	-2	+2	μA	1, 2
loL	Output Leakage Current; 0 V < VOUT < VDDQ	-2	+2	μA	2

All other pins not under test = 0 V

Table 17 – DC Logic Output Levels						
Symbol	Parameter / Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note	
V _{OH}	Output Level (LVTTL); Output "H" Voltage Level	2.4	_	V	1	
VOL	Output Level (LVTTL); Output "L" Voltage Level	_	0.4	٧	2	

 $I_{out} = -2.0 \text{mA}$

All Voltages are referenced to V_{SS} and V_{SSQ} V_{IH} (max) = V_{DD} + 1.2V for pulse width ≤ 5 ns V_{IL} (min) = V_{SS} + 1.2V for pulse width ≤ 5 ns

 $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 0.3V$

 $I_{out} = +2.0 \text{mA}$



5.3 Operating-, Standby- and Refresh Currents

Table 18 – Operating-, Standby- and Refresh Currents						
Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	-7/-7A (133MHz) Max.	Unit	Note	
ICC1	Operating Current	1 bank operation ¹ $t_{RC} = t_{RC(min)}, t_{CK} = min$	130	mA	23	
I _{CC2P}	Precharge Standby Current	$CKE \le V_{IL(max)}$, $^{t}CK = min$, $CS = V_{IH(min)}$	7	mA		
I _{CC2PS}	in Power Down Mode	$CKE \le V_{IL(max)}, ^{t}CK = \infty, CS = V_{IH(min)}$	5	mA		
I _{CC2N}	Precharge Standby Current in Non-Power Down Mode	$CKE \ge VIH(min), {}^{t}CK = min, CS = VIH(min)$	58	mA	4	
ICC3N	No One anation of Commont	CKE \geq VIH(min), ^t CK =min, CS= VIH(min)	75	mA	4	
ICC3P	No Operating Current (Active State 4bank)	$CKE \le VIL(max), ^tCK = min$	10	mA	5	
I _{CC3NS}	(retive state isami)	$CKE \ge V_{IL}(min), t_{CK} = \infty$	49	mA	7	
ICC4	Operating Current (Burst Mode)	t _{CK =min,} Rea/Write command cycling, Multiple banks active, gapless data, BL=4	120	mA	3 6	
ICC5	Auto (CBR) Refresh Current	$t_{CK=min}$, $t_{RC} = t_{RC(min)}$, CBR command Cycling	270	mA		
I _{CC6N}	Self Refresh Current	CKE ≤ 0.2V	5	mA		

¹ Active-Precharge command cycling without Burst Operation.

These parameters depend on the cycle rate and are measured with the cycle determined by the minimum value of [†]CK and [†]RC. Input signals are changed up to three times during [†]RC(min).

The specified values are obtained with the output open.

⁴ Input signals are changed once during three clock cycles.

⁵ Active Standby Current will be higher if Clock Suspend is entered during a Burst Read Cycle (add 1mA per DQ).

⁶ Input signals are changed once during t_{CK} =min

⁷ Input signals are stable



5.4 Input/Output Capacitance

This chapter contains the Input and the Output Capacitance.

Table 19 - In	put/Output Capacitance					
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
CCK	Input Capacitance, CK	2.5	2.8	3.5	pF	
CI	Input Capacitance, all other Input - only pins	2.5	3.0	3.8	pF	
CIO	Input/Output Capacitance, DQn	4.0	4.5	6.5	pF	



5.5 Clock- and Clock Enable Parameters

This chapter describes the Clock- and Clock Enable Parameters.

	<i>-</i> 1 1 1	- I -	
1ahla 70	. (lock and	(lock Ena	ble Parameters
Table 20	CIUCK allu	CIUCK LIIA	DIC I GIGIIICICIS

Speed Gr	Speed Grade		-71	-7A / -7AI			
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
t _{CK3}	Clock Cycle Time, CAS Latency = 3	7.5	1000	7	1000	ns	
t _{CK2}	Clock Cycle Time, CAS Latency = 2	10	1000	7.5	1000	ns	
t _{AC3}	Clock Access Time, CAS Latency = 3	_	5.4	_	5.4	ns	1
t _{AC2}	Clock Access Time, CAS Latency = 2	_	6	_	5.4	ns	1
tCKH	Clock High Pulse Width	2.5		2.5	_	ns	
tCKL	Clock Low Pulse Width	2.5	_	2.5	_	ns	
tCES	Clock Enable Set-up Time	1.5	_	1.5	_	ns	
tCEH	Clock Enable Hold Time	0.8	_	0.8	_	ns	
tsB	Power Down Mode Entry Time	0	7.5	0	7.5	ns	
tŢ	Transition Time (Rise and Fall)	0.5	10	0.5	10	ns	

Access time is measured at 1.4V

5.6 Common Parameters

This chapter describes the Common Parameters.

Table	21 _	Common	Parameters
Table	/ —	COHILION	Parameters

Speed Gr	Speed Grade		-7 / -71		-7A / -7AI		
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
tcs	Command Setup Time	1.5	_	1.5	_	ns	
tCH	Command Hold Time	0.8	_	0.8	_	ns	
t _{AS}	Address and Bank Select Set-up Time	1.5	_	1.5	_	ns	
tAH	Address and Bank Select Hold Time	0.8	_	0.8	_	ns	
t _{RCD}	RAS to CAS Delay	20	_	15	_	ns	1
t _{RC}	Bank Cycle Time	66	_	60	_	ns	1
t _{RAS}	Active Command Period	45	100K	37	100K	ns	1
t _{RP}	Precharge Time	20	_	15	_	ns	1
t _{RRD}	Bank to Bank Delay Time	15	_	14		ns	1
tCCD	CAS to CAS Delay Time	1		1		CK	

The Parameters account for the number of Clock Cycle and depend on the operating frequency of the clock as follows:

Number of Clock Cycles = specified value of timing / clock period (fractions are counted as whole numbers).



6 | AC Timing Parameters

Table 22	– Mode Register Set Cycle						
Speed Gr	ade	-7	/ -7I	-7A	/ -7AI		
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
tocc	Mode Register Set Cycle Time	15		15		nc	

Table 23 – Refresh Cycle							
Speed Gr	ade	-7	/ -7I	-7A	/ -7AI		
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
t _{REF}	Refresh Period	_	64	_	64	ms	1
tSREX	Self Refresh Exit Time	1	_	1	_	CK	

⁸¹⁹² auto refresh cycles

Table 24 – Read Cycle								
Speed Grade		-7	-7 / -7I -7A / -7AI		/ -7AI			
Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
tOH	Data Out Hold Time		_	_		_	ns	
чон	Data Out Hold Tillle		2.7	_	2.7	_	ns	1
t _{LZ}	Data Out to Low Impedance Time		1	_	1	_	ns	
tHZ(3)	Data Out to High Impedance Time	CL = 3	_	5.4	_	5.4	ns	2
tHZ(2)	Data Out to High Impedance Time	CL = 2	_	6	_	5.4		
tDQZ	DQM Data Out Disable Latency		2	_	2	_	CK	

Data Out Hold Time with no load must meet 1.8ns

² Referenced to the time at which the output achieves the open circuit condition, not to output voltage levels

Table 25 – Write Cycle							
Speed Grade		-7	/ -7I	-7A	/ -7AI		
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
tps	Mode Data In Set-up Time	1.5	_	1.5	_	ns	
t _{DH}	Data In Hold Time	0.8	_	0.8	_	ns	
tDPL	Data Input to Precharge	15	_	15	_	ns	
tWR	Write Recovery Time	15	_	14	_	ns	
t _{DAL}	Data In to Active Delay	5	_	4	_	CK	
tDQW	DQM Write Mask Latency	0	_	0	_	CK	



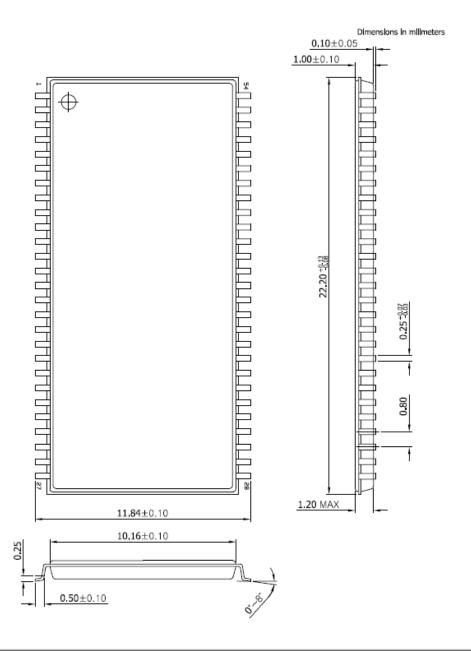
7 | Package Outline

This chapter contains the package dimension figures.

Notes

- 1. Drawing according to ISO 8015
- 2. Dimensions in mm
- 3. General tolerances +/- 0.15

Figure 3 - Package Outline 54 - Pin Plastic TSOP (400mil)





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