FT Series



Overview

FT Series Supercapacitors, also known as Electric Double-Layer Capacitors (EDLCs), are intended for high energy storage applications.

Applications

Supercapacitors have characteristics ranging from traditional capacitors and batteries. As a result, supercapacitors can be used like a secondary battery when applied in a DC circuit. These devices are best suited for use in low voltage DC hold-up applications such as embedded microprocessor systems with flash memory.

Benefits

- Wide range of temperature from -40°C to +85°C
- Maintenance free
- Maximum operating voltage: 5.5 VDC
- · Highly reliable against liquid leakage
- · Lead-free and RoHS Compliant

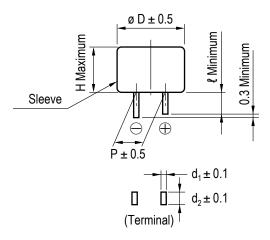


Part Number System

FT	0H	104	Z	F
Series	Maximum Operating Voltage	Capacitance Code (F)	Capacitance Tolerance	Environmental
FT FTW	0H = 5.5 VDC	First two digits represent significant figures. Third digit specifies number of zeros.	Z = -20/+80%	F = Lead-free



Dimensions - Millimeters



Part Number	ø D	Н	Р	e	d ₁	d ₂
FT0H104ZF	11.5	8.5	5.08	2.7	0.4	1.2
FT0H224ZF	14.5	12.0	5.08	2.2	0.4	1.2
FT0H474ZF	16.5	13.0	5.08	2.7	0.4	1.2
FT0H105ZF	21.5	13.0	7.62	3.0	0.6	1.2
FT0H225ZF	28.5	14.0	10.16	6.1	0.6	1.4
FT0H335ZF	36.5	15.0	15.00	6.1	0.6	1.7
FT0H565ZF	44.5	17.0	20.00	6.1	1.0	1.4
FTW0H104ZF	11.5	8.5	5.08	2.7	0.4	1.2



Performance Characteristics

Supercapacitors should not be used for applications such as ripple absorption because of their high internal resistance (several hundred $m\Omega$ to a hundred $m\Omega$) compared to aluminum electrolytic capacitors. Thus, its main use would be similar to that of secondary battery such as power back-up in DC circuit. The following list shows the characteristics of supercapacitors as compared to aluminum electrolytic capacitors for power back-up and secondary batteries.

	Secondar	ry Battery	Capacitor			
	NiCd	Lithium Ion	Aluminum Electrolytic	Supercapacitor		
Back-up ability	-	_	-	-		
Eco-hazard	Cd	-	-	-		
Operating Temperature Range	-20 to +60°C	-20 to +50°C	-55 to +105°C	-40 to +85°C (FR, FT)		
Charge Time	few hours	few hours	few seconds	few seconds		
Charge/Discharge Life Time	approximately 500 times	approximately 500 to 1,000 times	limitless (*1)	limitless (*1)		
Restrictions on Charge/Discharge	yes	yes	none	none		
Flow Soldering	not applicable	not applicable	applicable	applicable		
Automatic Mounting	not applicable	not applicable	applicable	applicable (FM and FC series)		
Safety Risks	leakage, explosion	leakage, combustion, explosion, ignition	heat-up, explosion	gas emission (*2)		

^(*1) Aluminum electrolytic capacitors and supercapacitors have limited lifetime. However, when used under proper conditions, both can operate within a predetermined lifetime.

Typical Applications

Intended Use (Guideline)	Power Supply (Guideline)	Application	Examples of Equipment	Series	
Back-up for 1 hour or less 50 mA and belo	50 mA and balance	Embedded memory backup	DVD player, television, game console, set-top box	FT series	
	50 mA and below	Motor driver	DVD player, printer, projector, camera		

Environmental Compliance

All KEMET supercapacitors are RoHS Compliant.



^(*2) There is no harm as it is a mere leak of water vapor which transitioned from water contained in the electrolyte (diluted sulfuric acid). However, application of abnormal voltage surge exceeding maximum operating voltage may result in leakage and explosion.



Table 1 – Ratings & Part Number Reference

Part Number	Maximum Operation Voltage	Nominal C	apacitance	Maximum ESR	Maximum	Weight (g)	
	Operating Voltage (VDC)	Charge System (F)	Discharge System (F)	@ 1 kHz (Ω)	Current @ 30 Minutes (mA)		
FT0H104ZF	5.5	0.10	0.14	16	0.15	1.6	
FT0H224ZF	5.5	0.22	0.28	10	0.33	4.1	
FT0H474ZF	5.5	0.47	0.60	6.5	0.71	5.3	
FT0H105ZF	5.5	1.0	1.3	3.5	1.5	10.0	
FT0H225ZF	5.5	2.2	2.8	1.8	3.3	18.0	
FT0H335ZF	5.5	3.3	4.2	1.0	5.0	38.0	
FT0H565ZF	5.5	5.6	7.2	0.6	8.4	72.0	
FTW0H104ZF	5.5	0.10	0.14	16	0.15	2.0	

Part numbers in bold type represent popularly purchased components.



Specifications

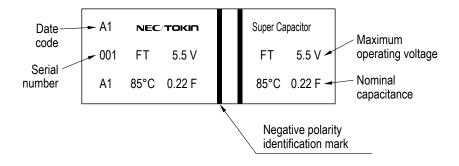
lto	em		FT Type	Test Conditions (conforming to JIS C 5160-1)			
Category Temperature Range		-40°C to +85°C					
Maximum Operating Voltage		5.5 VDC					
Capacitance		Refer to Table 1		Refer to "Measurement Conditions"			
Capacitance Allowance		+80%, -20%		Refer to "Measuremer	nt Conditions"		
ESR		Refer to Table 1		Measured at 1 kHz, 10 "Measurement Condit			
Current (30 minutes value)		Refer to Table 1		Refer to "Measuremer	nt Conditions"		
	Capacitance	> 90% of initial ratings	S	Surge voltage: Charge: Discharge: Number of cycles:	30 seconds 9 minutes 30 seconds		
Surge	ESR	≤ 120% of initial rating	gs	Series resistance:	$0.10 { F}$ $150 { Ω}$ $0.22 { F}$ $56 { Ω}$ $0.47 { F}$ $30 { Ω}$		
	Current (30 minutes value)	≤ 120% of initial rating	gs		1.0 F 15 Ω 2.2 F 10 Ω 3.3 F 10 Ω 5.6 F 10 Ω		
	Appearance	No obvious abnormality		Discharge resistance: Temperature:	0 Ω 85 ±2°C		
	Capacitance	Dhoon 2	≥ 50% of initial value	Conforms to 4.17			
	ESR	Phase 2	≤ 400% of initial value	Phase 2:	+25 ±2°C		
	Capacitance	Dhoon 2	≥ 30% of initial value		-40 ±2°C		
	ESR	Phase 3	≤ 700% of initial value		+25 ±2°C		
Characteristics in Different	Capacitance		≤ 200% of initial value		+70 ±2°C +25 ±2°C		
Temperature	ESR	Phase 5	Satisfy initial ratings				
	Current (30 minutes value)		≤ 1.5 CV (mA)				
	Capacitance		Within ±20% of initial value				
	ESR	Phase 6	Satisfy initial ratings				
	Current (30 minutes value)		Satisfy initial ratings	-			
Lead Strength (tensile)		No terminal damage		Conforms to 4.9			
	Capacitance			Conforms to 4.13			
Vibration Resistance	ESR	Satisfy initial ratings		Frequency: Testing Time:	10 to 55 Hz		
VIDIALION RESISTANCE	Current (30 minutes value)			resung time.	o nours		
	Appearance	No obvious abnormal	ity				
Solderability		Over 3/4 of the terminal should be covered by the new solder			5 ±0.5 seconds		
	0			1.6 mm from the botton	n snoula be dipped.		
	Capacitance	0.000		Conforms to 4.10 Solder temp:	+260 ±10°C		
Solder Heat Resistance	ESR	Satisfy initial ratings		Dipping time:			
	Current (30 minutes value)	Nie abuda b	·	4.0	المناه والمارية		
	Appearance	No obvious abnormal	іту	1.6 mm from the botton	n snoula be dipped.		
	Capacitance	0.000		Conforms to 4.12 Temperature	-40°C→ Room		
Temperature Cycle	ESR	Satisfy initial ratings		Condition:	temperature \rightarrow +85°C \rightarrow		
	Current (30 minutes value)	No. of the state o	<u> </u>	Number of aval	Room temperature		
	Appearance	No obvious abnormal	ıty	Number of cycles: 5 cycles			



Specifications cont'd

Ite	em	FT Type	Test Conditions (conforming to JIS C 5160-1)		
High Temperature and High Humidity Resistance	Capacitance	Within ±20% of initial value	Conforms to 4.14		
	ESR	≤ 120% of initial ratings		+40 ±2°C 90 to 95% RH	
	Current (30 minutes value)) ±8 hours		
	Appearance	No obvious abnormality			
	Capacitance	Within ±30% of initial value	Conforms to 4.15 Temperature: +85	5 ±2°C	
High Temperature Load	ESR	< 200% of initial ratings	Voltage applied: Max	ximum operating tage	
	Current (30 minutes value)	< 200% of initial ratings	Series protection resistance: 0 Ω		
	Appearance	No obvious abnormality		1,000 +48 (+48/-0) hours	

Marking





Packaging Quantities

Part Number	Bulk Quantity per Box
FT0H104ZF	1,000 pieces
FT0H224ZF	400 pieces
FT0H474ZF	400 pieces
FT0H105ZF	90 pieces
FT0H225ZF	50 pieces
FT0H335ZF	30 pieces
FT0H565ZF	20 pieces
FTW0H104ZF	1,000 pieces

List of Plating & Sleeve Type

By changing the solder plating from leaded solder to lead-free solder and the outer tube material of can-cased conventional supercapacitor from polyvinyl chloride to polyethylene terephthalate (PET), our supercapacitor is now even friendlier to the environment.

- a. Iron + copper base + lead-free solder plating (Sn-1Cu)
- b. SUS nickel base + copper base + reflow lead-free solder plating (100% Sn, reflow processed)

Series	Part Number	Plating	Sleeve
FT	All FT Types	а	PET (Blue)

Recommended Pb-free solder: Sn / 3.5Ag / 0.75Cu

Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu

Sn / 0.7Cu

Sn / 2.5Ag / 1.0Bi / 0.5Cu



Measurement Conditions

Capacitance (Charge System)

Capacitance is calculated from expression (9) by measuring the charge time constant (τ) of the capacitor (C). Prior to measurement, the capacitor is discharged by shorting both pins of the device for at least 30 minutes. In addition, use the polarity indicator on the device to determine correct orientation of capacitor for charging.

Capacitance:
$$C = \frac{T}{Rc}$$
 (F) (9)

Eo:

т: Rc: 3.0 (V) Product with maximum operating voltage of 3.5 V

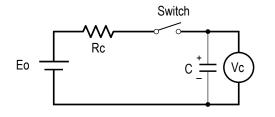
5.0 (V) Product with maximum operating voltage of 5.5 V

6.0 (V) Product with maximum operating voltage of 6.5 V

10.0 (V) Product with maximum operating voltage of 11 V

12.0 (V) Product with maximum operating voltage of 12 V

Time from start of charging until Vc becomes 0.632 Eo (V) (seconds) See table below (Ω).



Charge Resistor Selection Guide

Onarge IX					FY			FM, FME		FG				
Сар	FA	FE	FS	FYD	FYH	FYL	FR	FMR, FML	FMC	FGR	FGH	FT	FC, FCS	HV
0.010 F	_	_	_	_	_	5000 Ω	_	5000 Ω	-	5000 Ω	_	_	_	_
0.022 F	1000 Ω	_	1000 Ω	2000 Ω	_	$2000\ \Omega$	_	-	Discharge	_				
0.033 F	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Discharge	_	_	_	-	_	_
0.047 F	1000 Ω	1000 Ω	1000 Ω	2000 Ω	1000 Ω	2000 Ω	1000 Ω	2000 Ω	1000 Ω	$2000\ \Omega$	_	_	_	_
0.10 F	510 Ω	510 Ω	510 Ω	1000 Ω	510 Ω	_	1000 Ω	1000 Ω	1000 Ω	1000 Ω	Discharge	510 Ω	Discharge	_
0.22 F	200 Ω	200 Ω	200 Ω	510 Ω	510 Ω	_	510 Ω	0H: Discharge 0V: 1000 Ω	_	1000 Ω	Discharge	200 Ω	Discharge	_
0.33 F	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	Discharge	_	_	-	_	_
0.47 F	100 Ω	100 Ω	100 Ω	200 Ω	200 Ω	_	200 Ω	-	_	1000 Ω	Discharge	100 Ω	Discharge	_
1.0 F	51 Ω	51 Ω	100 Ω	100 Ω	100 Ω	_	100 Ω	-	_	510 Ω	Discharge	100 Ω	Discharge	Discharge
1.4 F	_	_	_	200 Ω	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
1.5 F	_	51 Ω	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	510 Ω	_	-	_	_
2.2 F	_	_	_	100 Ω	_	_	_	-	_	200 Ω	_	51 Ω	_	_
2.7 F	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	Discharge
3.3 F	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	51 Ω	_	_
4.7 F	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	100 Ω	_	-	_	Discharge
5.0 F	_	_	100 Ω	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
5.6 F	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	20 Ω	_	_
10.0 F	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	Discharge
22.0 F	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Discharge
50.0 F	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	_	Discharge
100.0 F	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	-	_	Discharge
200.0 F	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	Discharge

^{*}Capacitance values according to the constant current discharge method.

^{*}HV Series capacitance is measured by discharge system



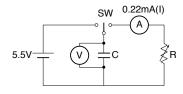
Measurement Conditions cont'd

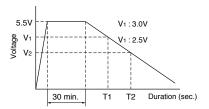
Capacitance (Discharge System)

As shown in the diagram below, charging is performed for a duration of 30 minutes once the voltage of the capacitor terminal reaches 5.5 V. Then, use a constant current load device and measure the time for the terminal voltage to drop from 3.0 to 2.5 V upon discharge at 0.22 mA per 0.22 F, for example, and calculate the static capacitance according to the equation shown below.

Note: The current value is 1 mA discharged per 1 F.

$$C = \frac{I \times (T_2 - T_1)}{V_1 - V_2} \quad (F)$$

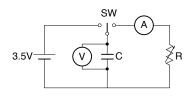


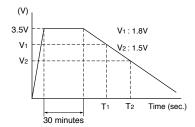


Capacitance (Discharge System – 3.5 V)

As shown in the diagram below, charging is performed for a duration of 30 minutes once the voltage of the capacitor terminal reaches 3.5 V. Then, use a constant current load device and measure the time for the terminal voltage to drop from 1.8 to 1.5 V upon discharge at 1.0 mA per 1.0 F, for example, and calculate the static capacitance according to the equation shown below.

$$C = \frac{I \times (T_2 - T_1)}{V_1 - V_2} \quad (F)$$

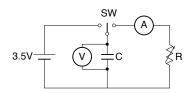


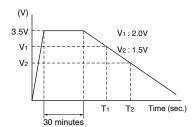


Capacitance (Discharge System – HV Series)

As shown in the diagram below, charging is performed for a duration of 30 minutes once the voltage of the capacitor terminal reaches maximum operating voltage. Then, use a constant current load device and measure the time for the terminal voltage to drop from 2.0 to 1.5 V upon discharge at 1.0 mA per 1.0 F, and calculate the static capacitance according to the equation shown below.

$$C = \frac{I \times (T_2 - T_1)}{V_1 - V_2} \quad (F)$$

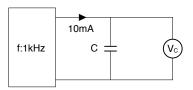




Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR)

ESR shall be calculated from the equation below.

$$\mathsf{ESR} \!=\! \frac{\mathsf{V}_\mathsf{C}}{\mathsf{0.01}} \, (\Omega)$$





Measurement Conditions cont'd

Current (at 30 minutes after charging)

Current shall be calculated from the equation below. Prior to measurement, both lead terminals must be short-circuited for a minimum of 30 minutes. The lead terminal connected to the metal can case is connected to the negative side of the power supply.

Eo: 2.5 VDC (HV Series 50 F)
2.7 VDC (HV Series except 50 F)
3.0 VDC (3.5 V type)
5.0 VDC (5.5 V type)
Rc:
$$1000 \Omega$$
 (0.010 F, 0.022 F, 0.047 F)
 100Ω (0.10 F, 0.22 F, 0.47 F)
10 Ω (1.0 F, 1.5 F, 2.2 F, 4.7 F)
2.2 Ω (HV Series)

Self-Discharge Characteristic (0H – 5.5 V Products)

The self-discharge characteristic is measured by charging a voltage of 5.0 VDC (charge protection resistance: 0 Ω) according to the capacitor polarity for 24 hours, then releasing between the pins for 24 hours and measuring the pin-to-pin voltage. The test should be carried out in an environment with an ambient temperature of 25° C or below and relative humidity of 70% RH or below. the soldering is checked.

4. Dismantling

There is a small amount of electrolyte stored within the capacitor. Do not attempt to dismantle as direct skin contact with the electrolyte will cause burning. This product should be treated as industrial waste and not is not to be disposed of by fire.



Notes on Using Supercapacitors or Electric Double-Layer Capacitors (EDLCs)

1. Circuitry Design

1.1 Useful life

The FC Series Supercapacitor (EDLC) uses an electrolyte in a sealed container. Water in the electrolyte can evaporate while in use over long periods of time at high temperatures, thus reducing electrostatic capacity which in turn will create greater internal resistance. The characteristics of the supercapacitor can vary greatly depending on the environment in which it is used. Basic breakdown mode is an open mode due to increased internal resistance.

1.2 Fail rate in the field

Based on field data, the fail rate is calculated at approximately 0.006 Fit. We estimate that unreported failures are ten times this amount. Therefore, we assume that the fail rate is below 0.06 Fit.

1.3 Exceeding maximum usable voltage

Performance may be compromised and in some cases leakage or damage may occur if applied voltage exceeds maximum working voltage.

1.4 Use of capacitor as a smoothing capacitor (ripple absorption)

As supercapacitors contain a high level of internal resistance, they are not recommended for use as smoothing capacitors in electrical circuits. Performance may be compromised and, in some cases, leakage or damage may occur if a supercapacitor is used in ripple absorption.

1.5 Series connections

As applied voltage balance to each supercapacitor is lost when used in series connection, excess voltage may be applied to some supercapacitors, which will not only negatively affect its performance but may also cause leakage and/or damage. Allow ample margin for maximum voltage or attach a circuit for applying equal voltage to each supercapacitor (partial pressure resistor/voltage divider) when using supercapacitors in series connection. Also, arrange supercapacitors so that the temperature between each capacitor will not vary.

1.6 Case Polarity

The supercapacitor is manufactured so that the terminal on the outer case is negative (-). Align the (-) symbol during use. Even though discharging has been carried out prior to shipping, any residual electrical charge may negatively affect other parts.

1.7 Use next to heat emitters

Useful life of the supercapacitor will be significantly affected if used near heat emitting items (coils, power transistors and posistors, etc.) where the supercapacitor itself may become heated.

1.8 Usage environment

This device cannot be used in any acidic, alkaline or similar type of environment.



Notes on Using Supercapacitors or Electric Double-Layer Capacitors (EDLCs) cont'd

2. Mounting

2.1 Mounting onto a reflow furnace

Except for the FC series, it is not possible to mount this capacitor onto an IR / VPS reflow furnace. Do not immerse the capacitor into a soldering dip tank.

2.2 Flow soldering conditions

See Recommended Reflow Curves in Section - Precautions for Use

2.3 Installation using a soldering iron

Care must be taken to prevent the soldering iron from touching other parts when soldering. Keep the tip of the soldering iron under 400°C and soldering time to within 3 seconds. Always make sure that the temperature of the tip is controlled. Internal capacitor resistance is likely to increase if the terminals are overheated.

2.4 Lead terminal processing

Do not attempt to bend or polish the capacitor terminals with sand paper, etc. Soldering may not be possible if the metallic plating is removed from the top of the terminals.

2.5 Cleaning, Coating, and Potting

Except for the FM series, cleaning, coating and potting must not be carried out. Consult KEMET if this type of procedure is necessary. Terminals should be dried at less than the maximum operating temperature after cleaning.

3. Storage

3.1 Temperature and humidity

Make sure that the supercapacitor is stored according to the following conditions: Temperature: $5 - 35^{\circ}$ C (Standard 25°C), Humidity: 20 - 70% (Standard: 50%). Do not allow the build up of condensation through sudden temperature change.

3.2 Environment conditions

Make sure there are no corrosive gasses such as sulfur dioxide, as penetration of the lead terminals is possible. Always store this item in an area with low dust and dirt levels. Make sure that the packaging will not be deformed through heavy loading, movement and/or knocks. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from radiation, static electricity and magnetic fields.

3.3 Maximum storage period

This item may be stored up to one year from the date of delivery if stored at the conditions stated above.



KEMET Corporation World Headquarters

2835 KEMET Way Simpsonville, SC 29681

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 5928 Greenville, SC 29606

www.kemet.com Tel: 864-963-6300 Fax: 864-963-6521

Corporate Offices

Fort Lauderdale, FL Tel: 954-766-2800

North America

Southeast

Lake Mary, FL Tel: 407-855-8886

Northeast

Wilmington, MA Tel: 978-658-1663

Central

Novi, MI

Tel: 248-306-9353

West

Milpitas, CA Tel: 408-433-9950

Mexico

Guadalajara, Jalisco Tel: 52-33-3123-2141

Europe

Southern Europe

Paris, France Tel: 33-1-4646-1006

Sasso Marconi, Italy Tel: 39-051-939111

Central Europe

Landsberg, Germany Tel: 49-8191-3350800

Kamen, Germany Tel: 49-2307-438110

Northern Europe

Bishop's Stortford, United Kingdom Tel: 44-1279-460122

Espoo, Finland

Tel: 358-9-5406-5000

Asia

Northeast Asia

Hong Kong

Tel: 852-2305-1168

Shenzhen, China Tel: 86-755-2518-1306

Beijing, China

Tel: 86-10-5829-1711

Shanghai, China Tel: 86-21-6447-0707

Taipei, Taiwan Tel: 886-2-27528585

Southeast Asia

Singapore

Tel: 65-6586-1900

Penang, Malaysia Tel: 60-4-6430200

Bangalore, India Tel: 91-806-53-76817

Note: KEMET reserves the right to modify minor details of internal and external construction at any time in the interest of product improvement. KEMET does not assume any responsibility for infringement that might result from the use of KEMET Capacitors in potential circuit designs. KEMET is a registered trademark of KEMET Electronics Corporation.



Disclaimer

This product has been made available through a Private Label Agreement and a Development and Cross-Licensing Agreement between KEMET and NEC TOKIN to expand market and product offerings for both companies and their respective customers. For more information, please visit http://www.kemet.com/nectokin.

All product specifications, statements, information and data (collectively, the "Information") in this datasheet are subject to change. The customer is responsible for checking and verifying the extent to which the Information contained in this publication is applicable to an order at the time the order is placed.

All Information given herein is believed to be accurate and reliable, but it is presented without guarantee, warranty, or responsibility of any kind, expressed or implied.

Statements of suitability for certain applications are based on KEMET Electronics Corporation's ("KEMET") knowledge of typical operating conditions for such applications, but are not intended to constitute – and KEMET specifically disclaims – any warranty concerning suitability for a specific customer application or use. The Information is intended for use only by customers who have the requisite experience and capability to determine the correct products for their application. Any technical advice inferred from this Information or otherwise provided by KEMET with reference to the use of KEMET's products is given gratis, and KEMET assumes no obligation or liability for the advice given or results obtained.

Although KEMET designs and manufactures its products to the most stringent quality and safety standards, given the current state of the art, isolated component failures may still occur. Accordingly, customer applications which require a high degree of reliability or safety should employ suitable designs or other safeguards (such as installation of protective circuitry or redundancies) in order to ensure that the failure of an electrical component does not result in a risk of personal injury or property damage.

Although all product—related warnings, cautions and notes must be observed, the customer should not assume that all safety measures are indicted or that other measures may not be required.

AMEYA360 Components Supply Platform

Authorized Distribution Brand:

























Website:

Welcome to visit www.ameya360.com

Contact Us:

> Address:

401 Building No.5, JiuGe Business Center, Lane 2301, Yishan Rd Minhang District, Shanghai , China

> Sales:

Direct +86 (21) 6401-6692

Email amall@ameya360.com

QQ 800077892

Skype ameyasales1 ameyasales2

Customer Service :

Email service@ameya360.com

Partnership :

Tel +86 (21) 64016692-8333

Email mkt@ameya360.com