

TPS61050EVM-215 and TPS61052EVM-215

This user's guide describes the characteristics, operation, and use of the TPS61050EVM-215 and TPS61052EVM-215 evaluation modules (EVMs). This EVM demonstrates either the Texas Instruments TPS61050 or TPS61052 synchronous boost converter based high power WLED driver with I²C interface. This document includes setup instructions, a schematic diagram, a bill of materials, and PCB layout drawings for the evaluation module.

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1 Introduction

1.1 Requirements

To operate this EVM, connect and properly configure the following components:

A personal computer (PC) with a USB port is required to operate this EVM. The TPS61050/2 interface software runs on the PC and communicates with the EVM via the PC's USB port. Commands can be sent to the internal registers of the TPS61050/2 through the USB port.

Personal Computer Requirements

- Windows™ 2000 or Windows™ XP operating system
- USB port
- Minimum of 30 MB of free hard disk space (100 MB recommended)
- Minimum of 256 MB of RAM

Printed-Circuit Board Assembly

The board contains either the TPS61050 or TPS61052 IC in QFN package, its required external components and a high power WLED.

USB-TO-GPIO Adapter

The USB-TO-GPIO adapter is the link that allows the PC and the EVM to communicate. One end of the USB interface adapter connects to the PC with the supplied USB cable; the other side of the USB interface adapter connects to the EVM with the supplied ribbon cable.

When a command is written to the EVM, the interface program running on the PC sends the commands to the PC USB port. The USB interface adapter receives the USB command, converts the signal to an I²C protocol, and sends the I²C signal to the TPS61050/2 EVM board

Software

Texas Instruments provides software to assist in evaluating this EVM. The software can be installed from the supplied CD or downloaded from the Texas Instruments Web site at www.ti.com.

WARNING

This EVM has a white LED that flashes very bright. Protective eye wear and/or a diffuser to cover the white LED is recommended.

2 Setup

This section describes the jumpers and connectors on the EVM as well as how to properly connect, set up, and use the TPS61050EVM-215 and TPS61052EVM-215.

2.1 Input/Output Connector Descriptions

2.1.1 J1 – VIN

This header is for the positive input supply voltage to the converter. The leads to the input supply should be twisted and kept as short as possible to minimize EMI transmission and reduce inductive voltage droop at a load transient event.

2.1.2 J2 – GND

This is the return connection for the input power supply of the converter.

2.1.3 J3 – I²C Input

This header provides a connection for the included USBTOGPIO interface adapter. The included software uses the adapter to communicate with the EVM using the I²C protocol.

2.1.4 J4 – PULSE GEN / GND

This header can be used to connect an external pulse generator to drive the gate of transistor Q1. Transistor Q1, along with components R5 - R7, can be used to perform load transient testing and confirm stability.

2.1.5 J5 – TRANS RES

This header connects to transistor Q1's drain.

2.1.6 J6 – VOUT

This header connects to the IC's VOUT pin. In voltage regulation mode, it can be used to measure the regulated output voltage and connect an external load resistance. In current regulation mode, it connects to the WLED's cathode and can be used to measure the high-side WLED voltage.

2.1.7 J7 – LED

This header connects to the IC's LED pin. In current regulation mode, it connects to the WLED's anode and can be used to measure the low-side WLED voltage. It is not used in voltage regulation mode.

2.1.8 J8 –GND

This header connects to the board's ground plane and is the return for the VOUT header.

2.1.9 J9 –FLASH / GND

This header connects to the IC's FLASH pin and GND. It can be used to measure the voltage on the FLASH pin and/or apply an external signal to the FLASH pin.

2.1.10 J10–SCL/SDA

This header connects to the IC's I²C SCL and SDA control and data lines. It can be used to monitor the data traffic between the USBTOGPIO adapter and EVM.

2.1.11 JP1 –I²C PULLUP

This jumper is used to connect the SCL and SDA 15-kohm pull-up resistors to the board's input voltage. This jumper should remain in its default installed position if the USB-TO-GPIO adapter is used to provide the I²C interface. If jumper JP1 is uninstalled, then the low side of the jumper must be tied to the external source that is powering an alternate I²C interface OR R2 and/or R3 must be removed and the SCL and SDA data lines must be pulled up through resistors to that same external source using header J4.

2.1.12 JP2 –GPIO INPUT or OUTPUT

The middle pin of this jumper connects to the GPIO pin on the TPS61050 and the ENVN pin on the TPS61052. If the TPS61050's GPIO pin is configured for input and this jumper is set to INPUT, then the GPIO pin is connected to JP4, which can be jumper connected to either VIN or GND. If the TPS61050's GPIO pin is configured for output and this jumper is set to OUTPUT, then the GPIO pin is connected to JP3. When shorted, JP3 connects a diode in series with the GPIO output pin. Since the TPS61052's ENVN pin is an input pin, JP2 should be left open to allow for connection to external signal generator or shorted to INPUT. This jumper's default position is uninstalled.

Setup

2.1.13 JP3 –OUTPUT LED

When shorted, this jumper connects diode D1 in series with the OUTPUT side of JP2. With the TPS61050's GPIO configured for output, the diode turns on when the GPIO output is low. JP2 must be connected to OUTPUT for this jumper to be effective. This jumper's default position is uninstalled.

2.1.14 JP4 –INPUT: VIN or GND

The middle pin of this jumper connects the INPUT side of JP2. This jumper is intended to facilitate connection of either the TPS61050's GPIO, when configured as INPUT, or the TPS61052's ENVM pin to VIN, for a logic high, or GND, for a logic low. JP2 must be connected to INPUT for this jumper to be effective. This jumper's default position is uninstalled.

2.1.15 JP5 –OPEN LED

This jumper is in series with power WLED, D2. For the WLED to turn on, this jumper must be shorted. Placing an ammeter in series allows the user to measure current. This jumper's default position is installed.

2.1.16 S1 –FLASH

This push-button switch connects to the IC's FLASH pin and allows the user to initiate a WLED flash event.

2.2 Software Setup

If installing from a CD, insert the CD and run Setup.exe; follow all the prompts to install the software.

If installing from the TI Web site, go to the

URL, <http://focus.ti.com/en/download/aap/DesignEnv/TPS6105xEVM-SW/publish.htm>

Note: This installation page is best viewed with Microsoft Internet Explorer browser (It may not work correctly with other browsers)

Click on the install button; your PC should give you a security warning and ask if you want to install this application. Select Install to proceed. If version 22 or older is currently installed on your PC, you must uninstall this version of the software before installing version 23 or later from either the CD or website.

With both types of installation, the software attempts to install the Microsoft Dot Net Framework 2.0 (if it is not already installed) This framework is required for the software to run.

After installation, the software should automatically run. To run the software later, go to

Start->all programs-> Texas Instruments, Inc. -> TPS6105x EVM Software.

During future use of the software, it may prompt you to install a new version if one becomes available on the Web.

Note: VeriSign™ Code Signing is used to prevent any malicious code from changing this application. If at any time in the future the binaries are modified, the code will no longer attempt to run.

2.3 Hardware Setup

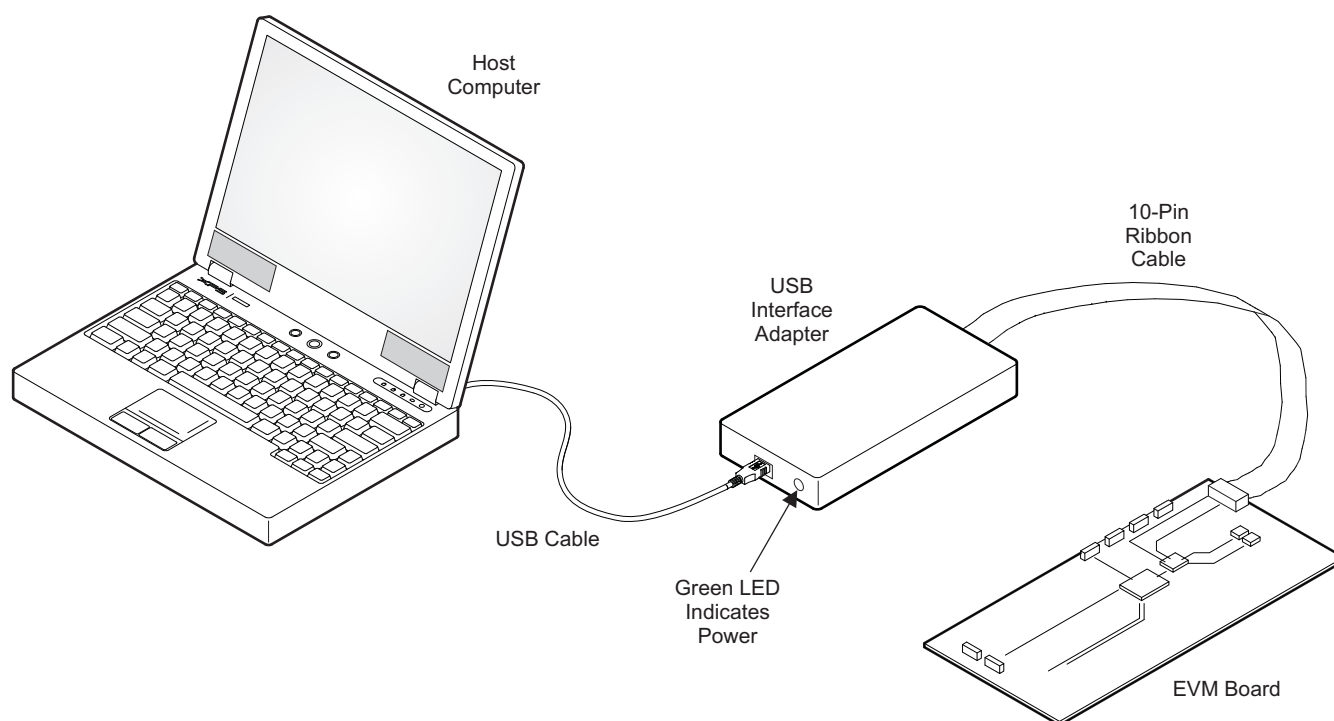
Table 1 below shows the board's DEFAULT jumper settings.

Table 1. Jumper Settings

JUMPER	DEFAULT
JP1	Installed
JP2	Uninstalled
JP3	Uninstalled
JP4	Uninstalled
JP5	Installed

Connect the USB-TO-GPIO adapter to your PC using the supplied USB cable. Connect the TPS61050/2EVM's connector J3 to the USB-TO_GPIO adapter using the supplied 10-pin ribbon cable. The connectors on the ribbon cable are keyed to prevent incorrect installation.

USB Interface Adaptor Quick Connection Diagram



Connect at least a 2-A rated input power supply set to provide between 2.5 V and 6.0 V output to J1 and J2. The leads should be very short. Additional input capacitance may be required in order to mitigate the inductive voltage droop that occurs at torch current start up and especially when the flash pulse occurs (see figures 5 and 6). Turn on the power supply.

WARNING

This EVM has a white LED that flashes very brightly. Protective eye wear and/or a diffuser to cover the white LED during operation is recommended.

3 Software Setup and Operation

This section provides descriptions of the EVM software.

The supplied software is used to communicate with the TPS61050/2EVM. Click on the icon on the host PC to start the software. The host PC software first checks the firmware version of the USB-TO-GPIO adapter box. If an incorrect firmware version is installed, the software automatically searches on the Internet (if connected) for updates. If a new update is available, the software notifies the user of the update, downloads and installs the software. Note that after the firmware is updated, the user must disconnect and then reconnect the USB cable between the adapter and PC, as instructed during the install process. The host PC software automatically searches on the Internet (if connected) for updates. If a new update is available, the software notifies the user of the update, downloads and installs the update.

The software then asks which version of the IC is on the board and the desired current limit. Check the appropriate box for the IC, then select the desired current limit, and finally click the *continue* button. Although the PCB can be powered up after the software is initiated, in order for the user to be able to set the current limit to a value other than the default, the PCB must be powered on before the software is initiated.

The software displays the main control panel for the user interface. Figure 1 shows the user interface main control panel.

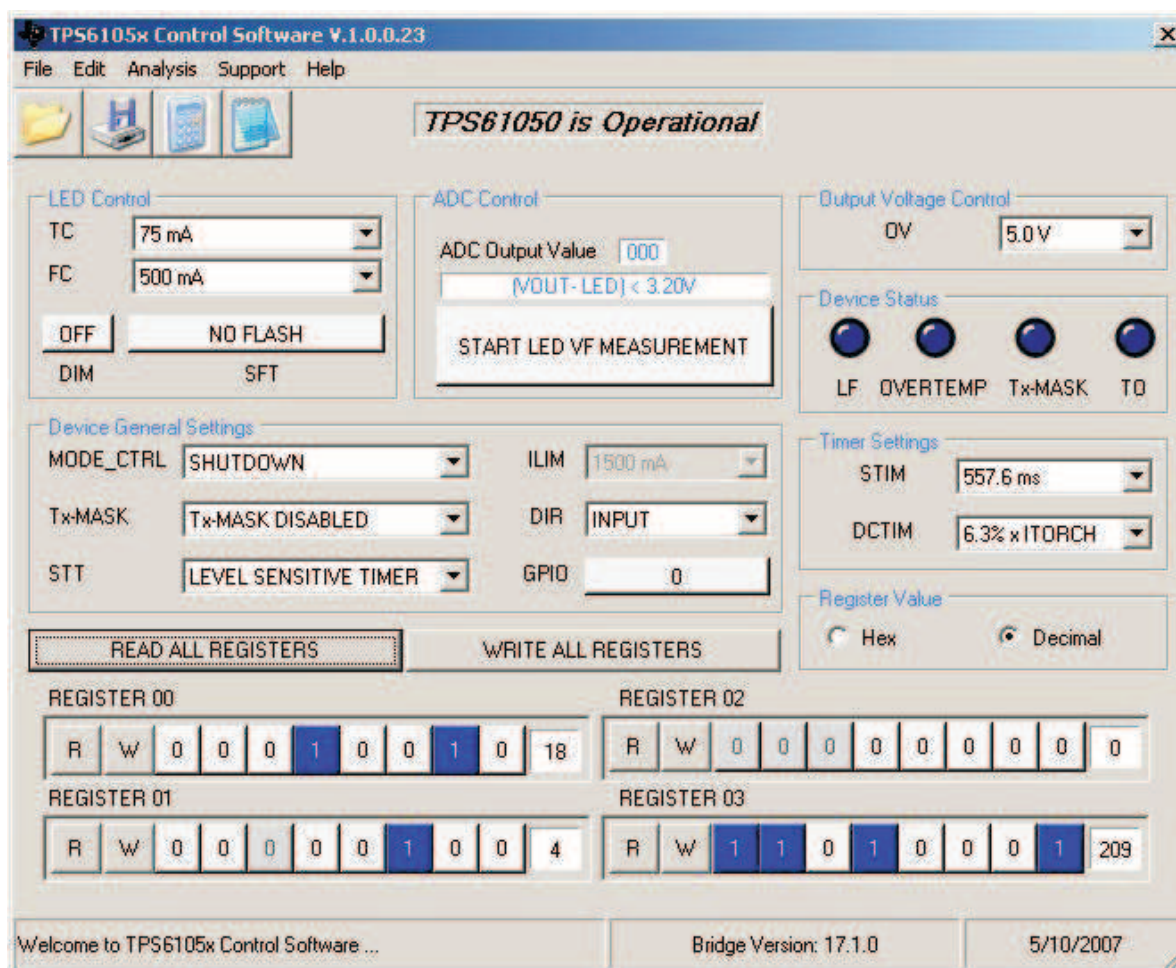


Figure 1. TPS6105x Software Main Panel

It is recommended that the user press the READ ALL REGISTERS button immediately after loading the software to confirm that the software and cable connections are working properly. The message box at the top right of the control panel displays whether or not the TPS61050/2 is operational and the middle message box at the bottom displays whether or not the USB-TO-GPIO connection is functional.

The software itself performs no calculations or computations and simply reads and writes to and from the IC's four registers through the I²C interface. Each register's bits can either be changed manually by changing the buttons corresponding to each bit in the panel's bottom half or they can be changed through the drop-down boxes and buttons in the panel's top half. Bits or drop-down boxes that are greyed-out are either read (display) only or not operational. For example, since the TPS61052 does not have a GPIO pin, the main panel that appears when the user selects the TPS61052 IC has the GPIO related box, button and bits greyed-out. *Following any change to an individual bit, drop-down box or button, the user must write the new values to the registers by either clicking the red W button to the left of each affected register or by clicking the WRITE ALL REGISTERS button in the middle of the screen. It is recommended but not required that the user click the red R to the left of register or click READ ALL REGISTERS following each software write to the register or board level change (e.g., pressing S1/S2 to initiate a FLASH event).*

Although the data sheet explains each register, the explanation of the functionality of register 2 is reiterated in this user's guide. Writing to the ILIM and STIM bits of register 2 is allowed prior to the first flash event following the IC's power on. Writing to bits 5 and 6 of register 2 sets the ILIM bits which is the IC's current limit. This current limit value cannot be read back because performing a read of bits 3, 4 and 5 of register 2 results in the last valid ADC measurement. *For these reasons, even though the IC allows writing to both ILIM and STIM bits prior to the first flash event, following the IC's the power on, the EVM software only allows the user to set the current limit when the software is initializing, following IC power on. The current limit drop-down box is greyed-out and only displays the selection previously made and written to the IC. In order to change current limit, the IC must be power cycled and the software must be shut down and re-started.* Otherwise, on a READ, the current limit drop down box displays the wrong current limit value as bit 5 of register 2, the most significant bit of the ADC value, changes. The inductor installed on the EVM has a saturation current of 1.5-A; therefore, the current limit for the EVM as built should not be set higher than 1.5 A. Also, a valid ADC measurement is only taken after a FLASH event, either through the board's push-button switch, by clicking the SFT button, followed by a WRITE or by clicking the main panel's START MEASUREMENT button, followed by a WRITE. However, after each READ, the software displays the current bits in the ADC register, which is the last valid ADC measurement taken.

4 Test Results

This section provides typical performance waveforms for the TPS61050/2EVM-215 board.

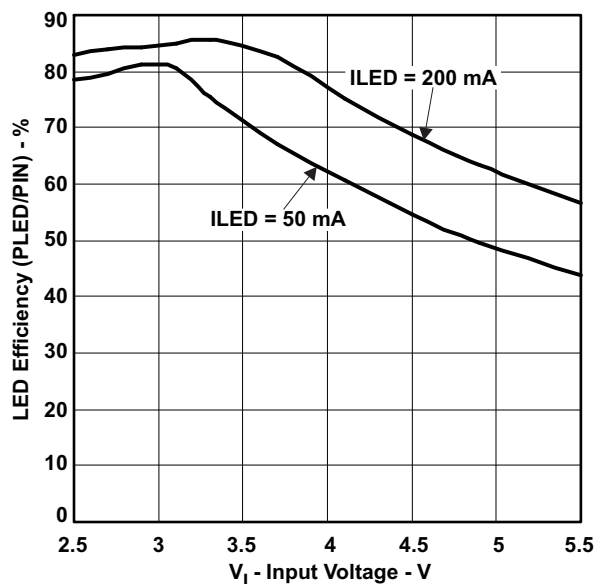


Figure 2. LED Efficiency vs. Input Voltage - Torch Mode

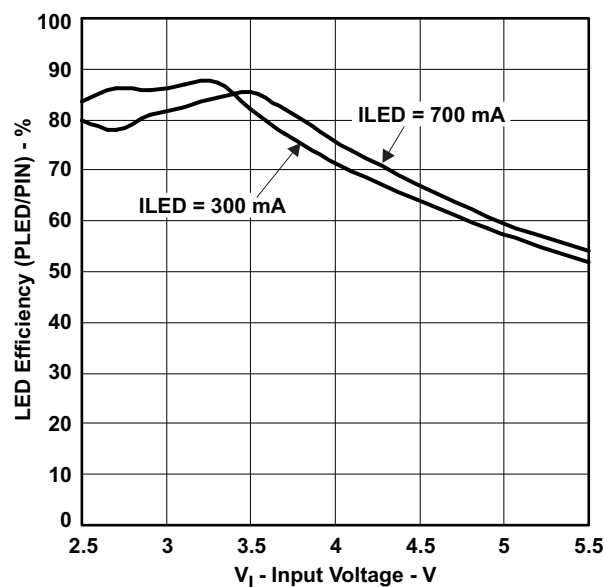


Figure 3. LED Efficiency vs. Input voltage - Single Pulse Flash Mode

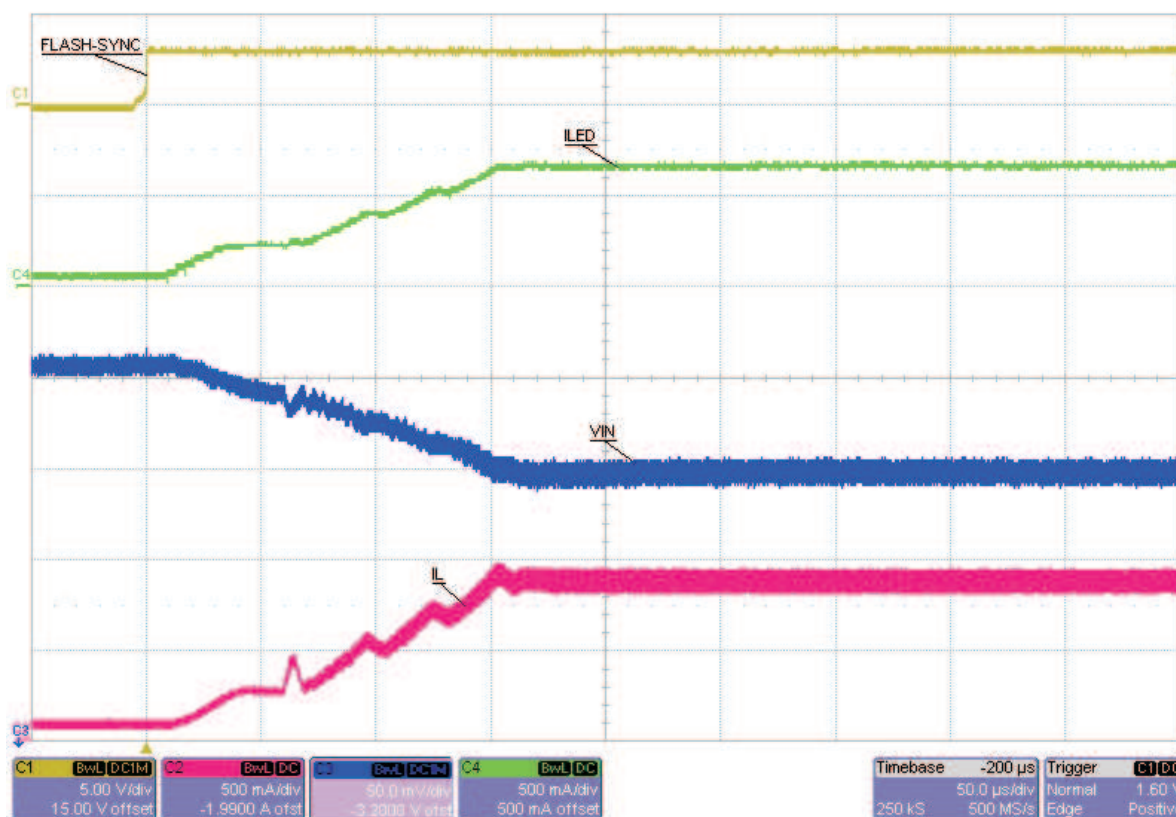


Figure 4. Torch Flash Sequence

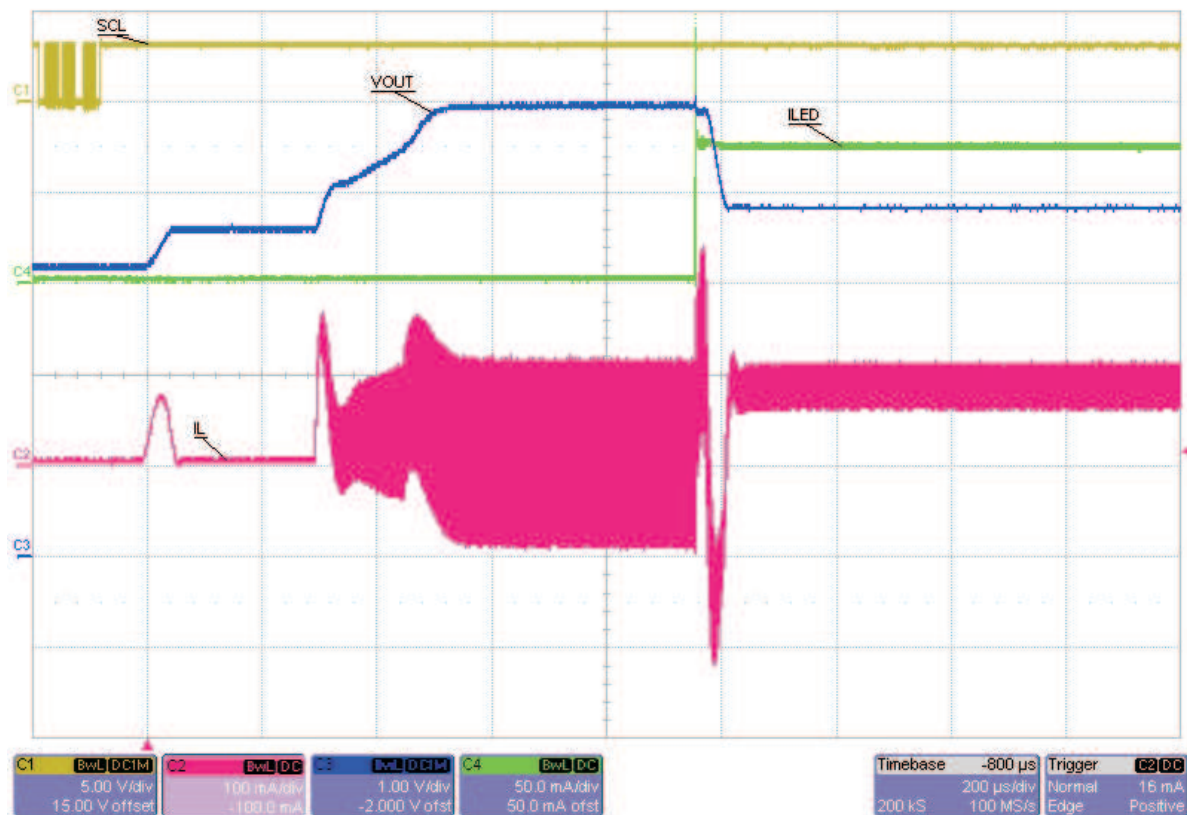


Figure 5. Start Up in Torch

Test Results

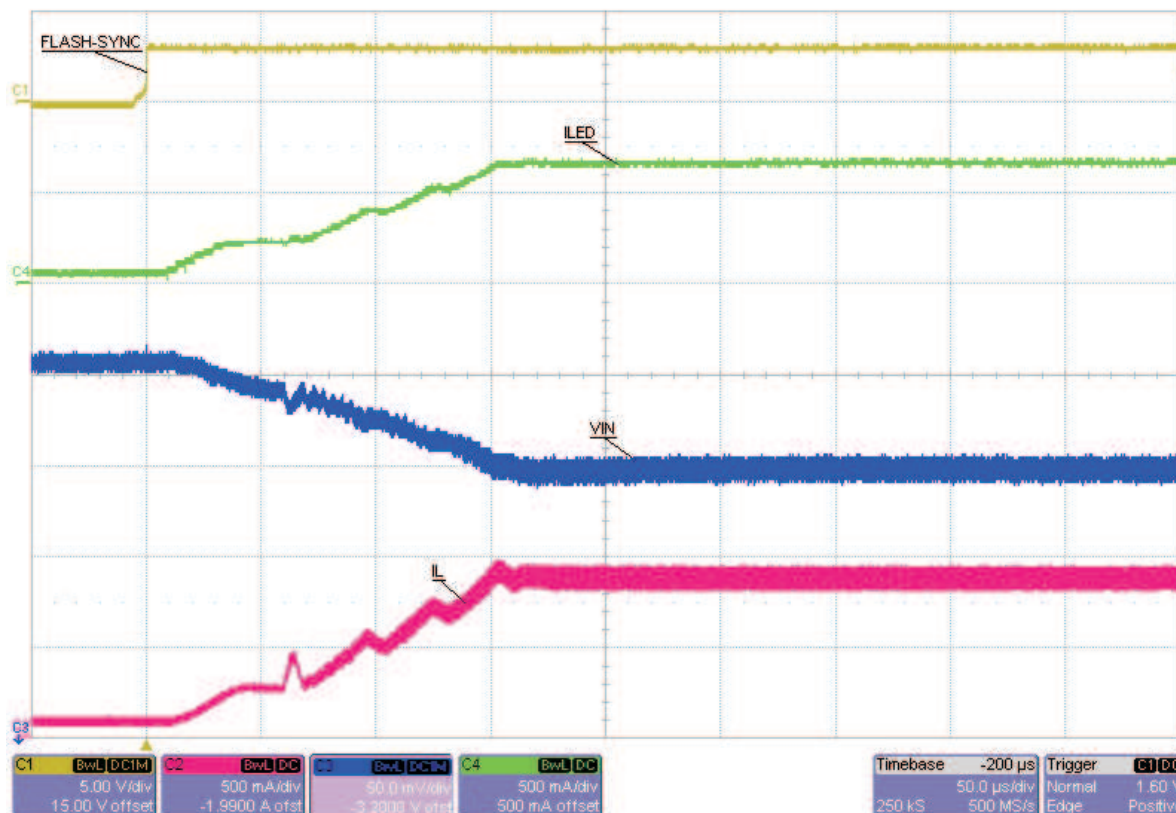


Figure 6. Inrush Current at Flash

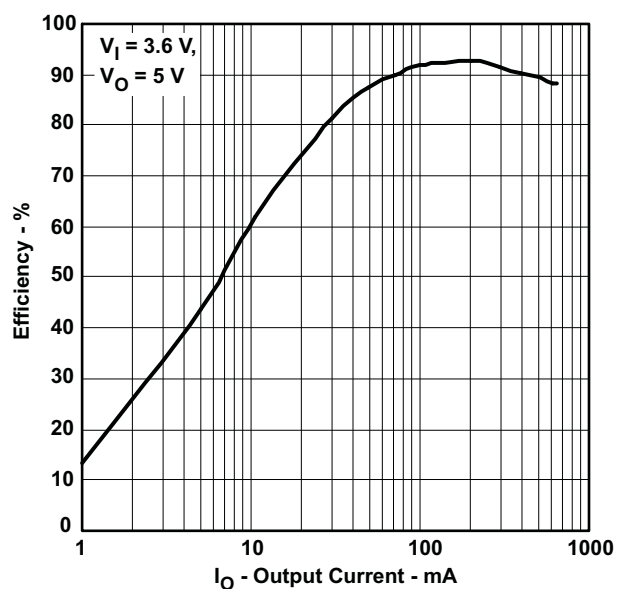


Figure 7. Voltage Mode Efficiency

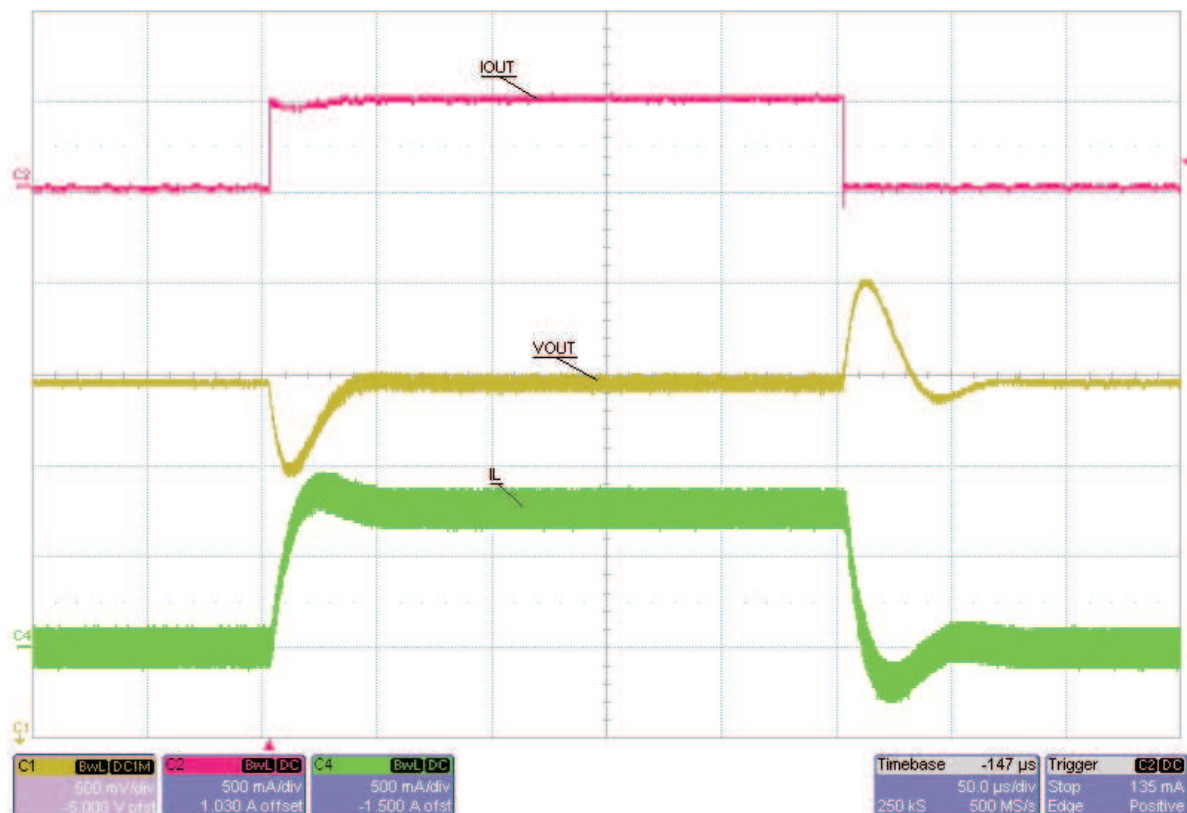


Figure 8. Voltage Mode Load Transient

5 Board Layout

This section provides the TPS61050/2EVM-215 board layout and illustrations.

Board layout is critical for all high-frequency, switch-mode power supplies. Figure 9 through Figure 12 show the board layout for the TPS61050/2EVM-215 PCB. The nodes with high-switching frequencies and currents are kept as short as possible to minimize trace inductance. Careful attention has been given to the routing of high-frequency current loops and a single-point grounding scheme is used. See the data sheet for specific layout guidelines.

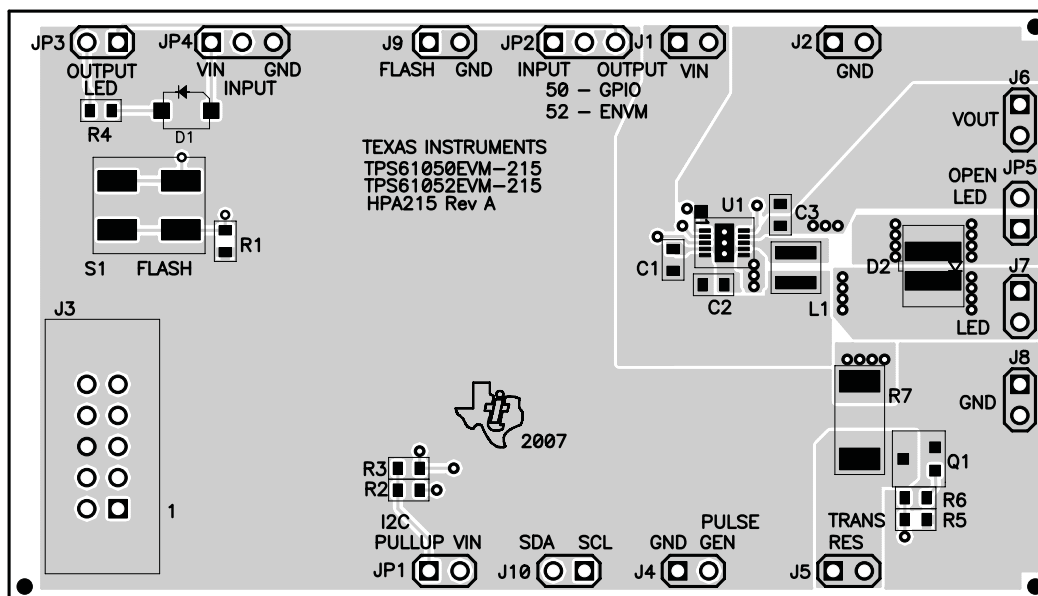


Figure 9. Assembly Layer

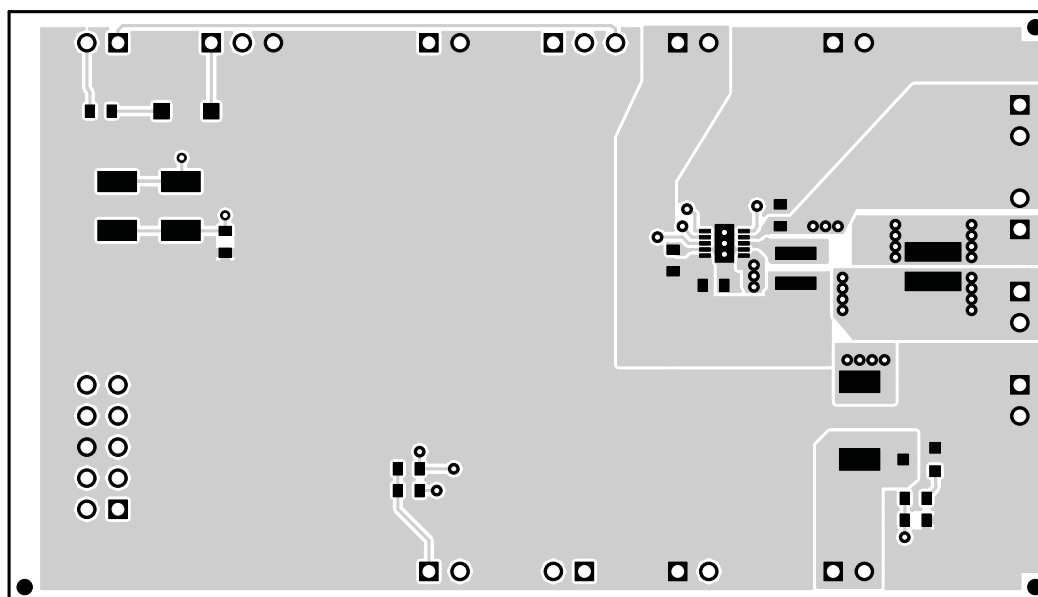


Figure 10. Top Layer

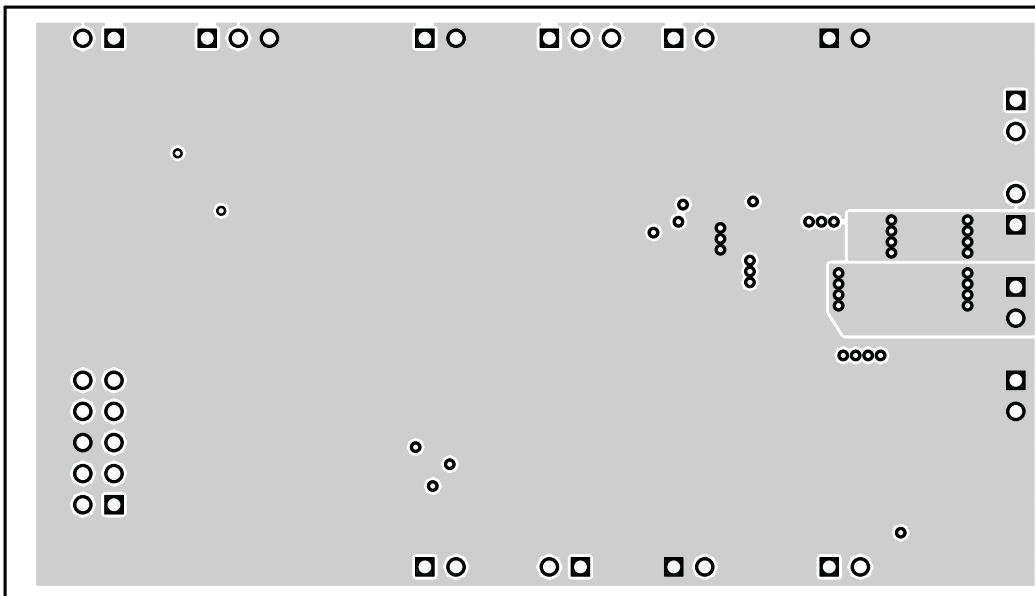


Figure 11. Layer 2

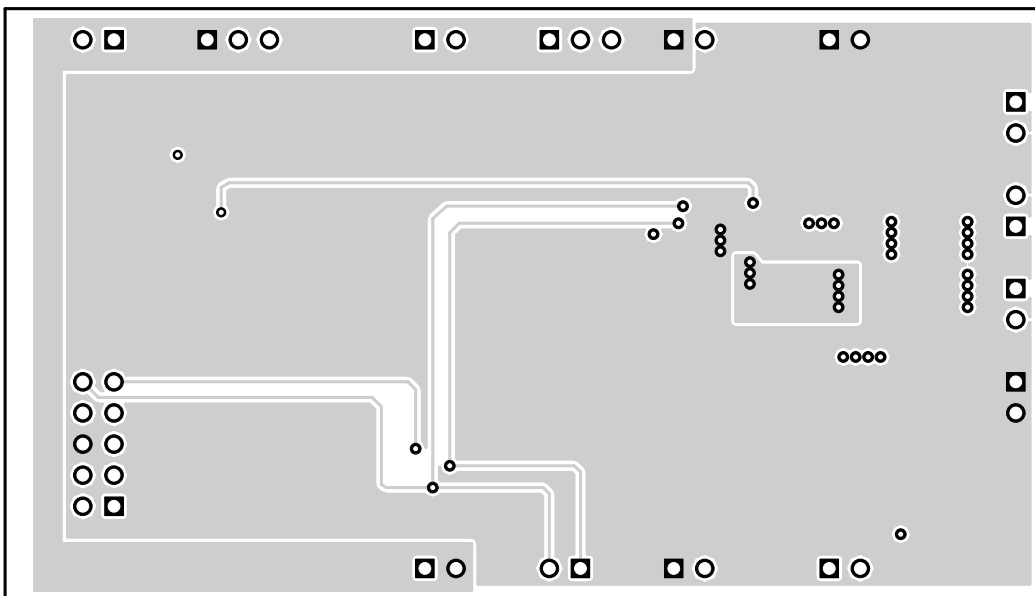


Figure 12. Layer 3

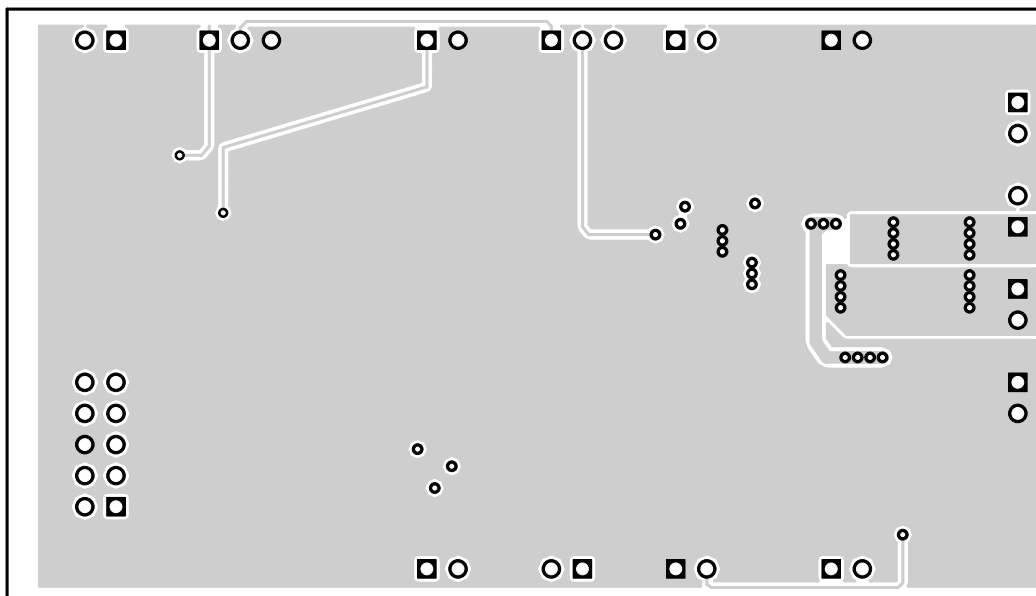


Figure 13. Bottom Layer

6 Schematics and Bill of Materials

This section provides the TPS61050/2EVM-215 schematic and bill of materials.

6.1 Schematics

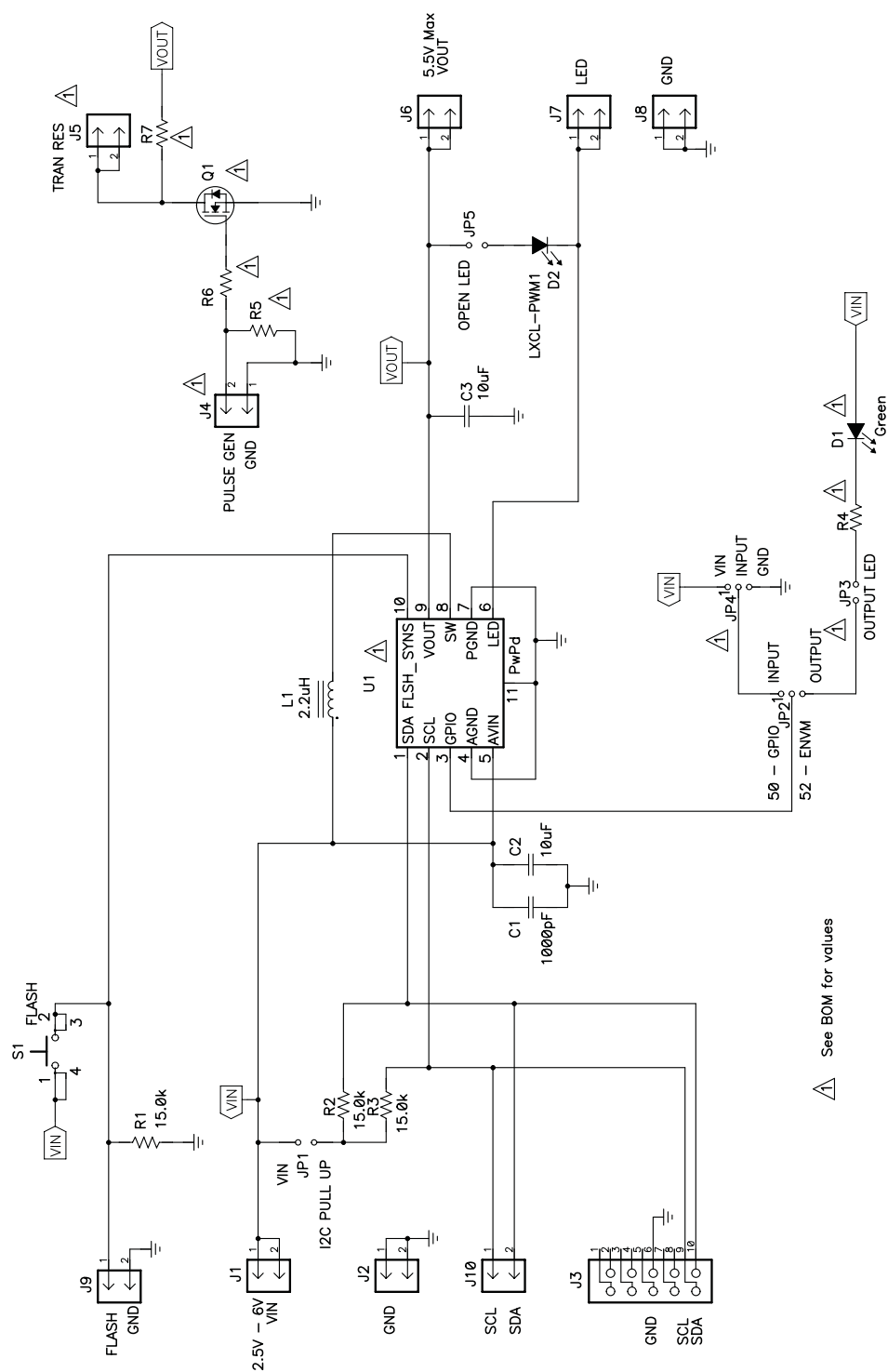


Figure 14. TPS61050/2EVM-215 Schematic

6.2 Bill of Materials

Table 2. HPA215 Bill of Materials

COUNT		RefDes	Value	Description	Size	Part Number	MFR
-001	-002						
1	1	C1	1000pF	Capacitor, Ceramic, 50V, X7R, 10%	0603	C1608X7R1H102K	TDK
2	2	C2, C3	10μF	Capacitor, Ceramic, 6.3V, X5R, 20%	0603	C1608X5R0J106MT	TDK
1	0	D1		Diode, LED, Green, Gullwing, GW Type, 20mA, 7.5 mcd typ.	0.120 × 0.087	LN1361CTR	Panasonic
1	1	D2		LED, White, 350mA	0.166 × 0.232	LXCL-PWM1	Lumileds
7	7	J1, J2, J6–J10		Header, 2-pin, 100mil spacing, (36-pin strip)	0.100 × 2	PTC36SAAN	Sullins
1	1	J3		Connector, Male Straight 2×5 pin, 100mil spacing, 4 Wall	0.338 × 0.788	2510-6002UB	3M
0	0	J4, J5		Header, 2-pin, 100mil spacing, (36-pin strip)	0.100 × 2	PTC36SAAN	Sullins
2	2	JP1, JP5		Header, 2-pin, 100mil spacing, (36-pin strip)	0.100 × 2	PTC36SAAN	Sullins
1	0	JP3		Header, 2-pin, 100mil spacing, (36-pin strip)	0.100 × 2	PTC36SAAN	Sullins
1	1	JP2		Header, 3-pin, 100mil spacing, (36-pin strip)	0.100 × 3	PTC36SAAN	Sullins
1	0	JP4		Header, 3-pin, 100mil spacing, (36-pin strip)	0.100 × 3	PTC36SAAN	Sullins
1	1	L1	2.2μH	Inductor, SMT, 1.5A, 110 mΩ	0.118 × 0.118	LPS3015-222ML	Coilcraft
0	0	Q1	Open	MOSFET, N-ch	SOT23		
3	3	R1–R3	15kΩ	Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1%	0603	Std	Std
1	0	R4	249Ω	Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1%	0603	Std	Std
0	0	R5, R6	Open	Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1%	0603		
0	0	R7	Open	Resistor, Chip, 1W, 1%	2512		
1	1	S1		Switch, SPST, PB Momentary, Sealed Washable	0.245 × 0.251	KT11P2JM	C & K
1	0	U1		IC, Synchronous Boost Converter With I ² C Compatible Interface High Power White LED Driver	SON-10	TPS61050DRC	TI
0	1	U1		IC, Synchronous Boost Converter With I ² C Compatible Interface High Power White LED Driver	SON-10	TPS61052DRC	TI
1	1	–		PCB, 3.35 In × 1.9 In × 0.062 In		HPA215	Any
5	3	–		Shunt, 100-mil, Black	0.100	929950-00	3M

6.3 Related Documentation From Texas Instruments

TPS61050, I²C™ Compatible Interface in Chip Scale Packaging data sheet ([SLUS525](#))

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EVM WARNINGS AND RESTRICTIONS

It is important to operate this EVM within the input voltage range of 2.7 V to 6 V and the output voltage range of V_{in} to 5.5 V.

Exceeding the specified input range may cause unexpected operation and/or irreversible damage to the EVM. If there are questions concerning the input range, please contact a TI field representative prior to connecting the input power.

Applying loads outside of the specified output range may result in unintended operation and/or possible permanent damage to the EVM. Please consult the EVM User's Guide prior to connecting any load to the EVM output. If there is uncertainty as to the load specification, please contact a TI field representative.

During normal operation, some circuit components may have case temperatures greater than 85°C. The EVM is designed to operate properly with certain components above 85°C as long as the input and output ranges are maintained. These components include but are not limited to linear regulators, switching transistors, pass transistors, and current sense resistors. These types of devices can be identified using the EVM schematic located in the EVM User's Guide. When placing measurement probes near these devices during operation, please be aware that these devices may be very warm to the touch.

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