



ANALOG DEVICES

9.5 Ω R_{ON} , 16-Channel, Differential 8-Channel, ± 15 V/ ± 12 V/ ± 5 V *i*CMOS Multiplexers

ADG1406/ADG1407

FEATURES

9.5 Ω on resistance @ 25°C
Up to 300 mA of continuous current
Fully specified at ± 15 V/ ± 12 V/ ± 5 V
3 V logic-compatible inputs
Rail-to-rail operation
Break-before-make switching action
28-lead TSSOP and 32-lead, 5 mm $\times$ 5 mm LFCSP_VQ

APPLICATIONS

Medical equipment
Audio and video routing
Automatic test equipment
Data acquisition systems
Battery-powered systems
Sample-and-hold systems
Communication systems

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADG1406 and ADG1407 are monolithic *i*CMOS® analog multiplexers comprising 16 single channels and eight differential channels, respectively. The ADG1406 switches one of 16 inputs to a common output, as determined by the 4-bit binary address lines (A0, A1, A2, and A3). The ADG1407 switches one of eight differential inputs to a common differential output, as determined by the 3-bit binary address lines (A0, A1, and A2). An EN input on both devices enables or disables the device. When disabled, all channels switch off. When on, each channel conducts equally well in both directions and has an input signal range that extends to the supplies.

The *i*CMOS (industrial CMOS) modular manufacturing process combines high voltage CMOS (complementary metal-oxide semiconductor) and bipolar technologies. It enables the development of a wide range of high performance analog ICs capable of 33 V operation in a footprint that no other generation of high voltage parts has been able to achieve. Unlike analog ICs using conventional CMOS processes, *i*CMOS components can tolerate high supply voltages while providing increased performance, dramatically lower power consumption, and reduced package size.

The ultralow on resistance and on-resistance flatness of these switches make them ideal solutions for data acquisition and gain switching applications where low distortion is critical. *i*CMOS construction ensures ultralow power dissipation, making the parts ideally suited for portable and battery-powered instruments.

Rev. A

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FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAMS

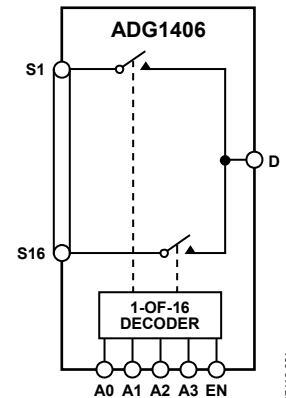


Figure 1.

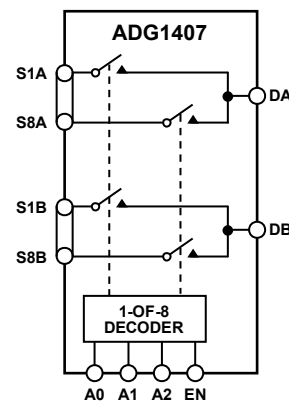


Figure 2.

Table 1. Related Devices

Part No.	Description
ADG1206/ADG1207	Low capacitance, low charge injection, and low leakage 8-/16-channel ± 15 V multiplexers

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REVISION HISTORY

3/09—Rev. 0 to Rev. A

Change to I _{DD} Parameter, Table 2	4
Change to I _{DD} Parameter, Table 3	5
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8/08—Revision 0: Initial Version

SPECIFICATIONS

±15 V DUAL SUPPLY

$V_{DD} = +15\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = -15\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, GND = 0 V, unless otherwise noted.¹

Table 2.

Parameter	+25°C	−40°C to +85°C	−40°C to +125°C ¹	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
ANALOG SWITCH					
Analog Signal Range			V_{SS} to V_{DD}	V	
On Resistance (R_{ON})	9.5 11.5	14	16	Ω typ Ω max	$V_{DD} = +13.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -13.5\text{ V}$, $V_S = \pm 10\text{ V}$, $I_S = -10\text{ mA}$; see Figure 27
On-Resistance Match Between Channels (ΔR_{ON})	0.55 1	1.5	1.7	Ω typ Ω max	$V_{DD} = +13.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -13.5\text{ V}$, $V_S = \pm 10\text{ V}$, $I_S = -10\text{ mA}$
On-Resistance Flatness ($R_{FLAT(ON)}$)	1.6 1.9	2.15	2.3	Ω typ Ω max	$V_{DD} = +13.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -13.5\text{ V}$, $V_S = \pm 10\text{ V}$, $I_S = -10\text{ mA}$
LEAKAGE CURRENTS					
Source Off Leakage, I_S (Off)	± 0.01 ± 0.25	± 1	± 4	nA typ nA max	$V_{DD} = +16.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -16.5\text{ V}$ $V_S = \pm 10\text{ V}$, $V_D = \mp 10\text{ V}$; see Figure 28
Drain Off Leakage, I_D (Off)	± 0.01 ± 0.5	± 3	± 20	nA typ nA max	$V_S = \pm 10\text{ V}$, $V_D = \mp 10\text{ V}$; see Figure 28
Channel On Leakage, I_D , I_S (On)	± 0.05 ± 0.5	± 3	± 20	nA typ nA max	$V_S = V_D = \pm 10\text{ V}$; see Figure 29
DIGITAL INPUTS					
Input High Voltage, V_{INH}			2.0	V min	
Input Low Voltage, V_{INL}			0.8	V max	
Input Current	± 0.002		± 0.1	μA typ μA max	$V_{IN} = V_{GND}$ or V_{DD}
Digital Input Capacitance, C_{IN}	3			pF typ	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS²					
Transition Time, $t_{TRANSITION}$	105 160	200	225	ns typ ns max	$R_L = 100\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ $V_S = 10\text{ V}$; see Figure 30
Break-Before-Make Time Delay, t_{BBM}	40		10	ns typ ns min	$R_L = 100\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ $V_{S1} = V_{S2} = 10\text{ V}$; see Figure 31
t_{ON} (EN)	83 110	140	155	ns typ ns max	$R_L = 100\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ $V_S = 10\text{ V}$; see Figure 32
t_{OFF} (EN)	98 120	145	165	ns typ ns max	$R_L = 100\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ $V_S = 10\text{ V}$; see Figure 32
Charge Injection	10			pC typ	$V_S = 0\text{ V}$, $R_S = 0\ \Omega$, $C_L = 1\text{ nF}$; see Figure 33
Off Isolation	−73			dB typ	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$; see Figure 34
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	−70			dB typ	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$; see Figure 35
Total Harmonic Distortion (THD + N)	0.07			% typ	$R_L = 110\ \Omega$, 15 V p-p , $f = 20\text{ Hz to } 20\text{ kHz}$; see Figure 37
−3 dB Bandwidth					$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$; see Figure 36
ADG1406	60			MHz typ	
ADG1407	110			MHz typ	
Insertion Loss	0.6			dB typ	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$; see Figure 36
C_S (Off)	8			pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
C_D (Off)					
ADG1406	90			pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
ADG1407	45			pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$

ADG1406/ADG1407

Parameter	+25°C	−40°C to +85°C	−40°C to +125°C ¹	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
C _D , C _S (On)					
ADG1406	115			pF typ	f = 1 MHz
ADG1407	70			pF typ	f = 1 MHz
POWER REQUIREMENTS					V _{DD} = +16.5 V, V _{SS} = −16.5 V
I _{DD}	0.002		1	μA typ	Digital inputs = 0 V or V _{DD}
				μA max	
I _{DD}	280		475	μA typ	Digital inputs = 5 V
				μA max	
I _{SS}	0.002		1	μA typ	Digital inputs = 0 V, 5 V or V _{DD}
				μA max	
V _{DD} /V _{SS}			±4.5/±16.5	V min/max	

¹ Temperature range for B version is −40°C to +125°C.

² Guaranteed by design, not subject to production test.

12 V SINGLE SUPPLY

V_{DD} = 12 V ± 10%, V_{SS} = 0 V, GND = 0 V, unless otherwise noted.

Table 3.

Parameter	+25°C	−40°C to +85°C	−40°C to +125°C ¹	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
ANALOG SWITCH					
Analog Signal Range			0 to V _{DD}	V	
On Resistance (R _{ON})	18 21.5	26	28.5	Ω typ Ω max	V _{DD} = 10.8 V, V _{SS} = 0 V; V _S = 0 V to 10 V, I _S = −10 mA; see Figure 27
On-Resistance Match Between Channels (ΔR _{ON})	0.55 1.2	1.6	1.8	Ω typ Ω max	V _{DD} = 10.8 V, V _{SS} = 0 V; V _S = 0 V to 10 V, I _S = −10 mA
On-Resistance Flatness (R _{FLAT(ON)})	5 6	6.9	7.3	Ω typ Ω max	V _{DD} = 10.8 V, V _{SS} = 0 V; V _S = 0 V to 10 V, I _S = −10 mA
LEAKAGE CURRENTS					V _{DD} = 10.8 V
Source Off Leakage, I _S (Off)	±0.01			nA typ	V _S = 1 V/10 V, V _D = 10 V/1 V; see Figure 28
	±0.25	±1	±4	nA max	
Drain Off Leakage, I _D (Off)	±0.01			nA typ	V _S = 1 V/10 V, V _D = 10 V/1 V; see Figure 28
	±0.5	±3	±20	nA max	
Channel On Leakage, I _D , I _S (On)	±0.01			nA typ	V _S = V _D = 1 V or 10 V; see Figure 29
	±0.5	±3	±20	nA max	
DIGITAL INPUTS					
Input High Voltage, V _{INH}			2.0	V min	
Input Low Voltage, V _{INL}			0.8	V max	
Input Current	±0.002		±0.1	μA typ μA max	V _{IN} = V _{GND} or V _{DD}
Digital Input Capacitance, C _{IN}	4			pF typ	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS ²					
Transition Time, t _{TRANSITION}	170 250	310	350	ns typ ns max	R _L = 100 Ω, C _L = 35 pF V _S = 8 V; see Figure 29
Break-Before-Make Time Delay, t _{BBM}	75		30	ns typ ns min	R _L = 100 Ω, C _L = 35 pF V _{S1} = V _{S2} = 8 V; see Figure 31

Parameter	+25°C	–40°C to +85°C	–40°C to +125°C ¹	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments		
t _{ON} (EN)	145	250	285	ns typ	R _L = 100 Ω, C _L = 35 pF		
t _{OFF} (EN)	205			ns max	V _S = 8 V; see Figure 31		
	112			ns typ	R _L = 100 Ω, C _L = 35 pF		
	150			ns max	V _S = 8 V; see Figure 31		
Charge Injection	10	175	200	pC typ	V _S = 6 V, R _S = 0 Ω, C _L = 1 nF; see Figure 33		
Off Isolation	–73			dB typ	R _L = 50 Ω, C _L = 5 pF, f = 1 MHz; see Figure 34		
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	–70			dB typ	R _L = 50 Ω, C _L = 5 pF, f = 1 MHz; see Figure 35		
–3 dB Bandwidth					R _L = 50 Ω, C _L = 5 pF; see Figure 36		
ADG1406	35			MHz typ			
ADG1407	70			MHz typ			
Insertion Loss	0.6			dB typ	R _L = 50 Ω, C _L = 5 pF, f = 1 MHz; see Figure 36		
C _S (Off)	12			pF typ	f = 1 MHz		
C _D (Off)							
ADG1406	145			pF typ	f = 1 MHz		
ADG1407	72			pF typ	f = 1 MHz		
C _D , C _S (On)							
ADG1406	166			pF typ	f = 1 MHz		
ADG1407	93			pF typ	f = 1 MHz		
POWER REQUIREMENTS							
I _{DD}	0.002				1	μA typ	V _{DD} = 13.2 V
		μA max	Digital inputs = 0 V or V _{DD}				
I _{DD}	150	μA typ	Digital inputs = 5 V				
		μA max					
V _{DD}			5/16.5	V min/max	V _{SS} = 0 V, GND = 0 V		

¹ Temperature range for B version: –40°C to +125°C.

² Guaranteed by design, not subject to production test.

ADG1406/ADG1407

±5 V DUAL SUPPLY

$V_{DD} = +5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = -5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $GND = 0\text{ V}$, unless otherwise noted.

Table 4.

Parameter	+25°C	−40°C to +85°C	−40°C to +125°C ¹	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
ANALOG SWITCH					
Analogue Signal Range			V_{SS} to V_{DD}	V	
On Resistance (R_{ON})	21			Ω typ	$V_{DD} = +4.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -4.5\text{ V}$, $V_S = \pm 4.5\text{ V}$, $I_S = -10\text{ mA}$; see Figure 27
	25	29	32	Ω max	
On -Resistance Match Between Channels (ΔR_{ON})	0.6			Ω typ	$V_{DD} = +4.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -4.5\text{ V}$, $V_S = \pm 4.5\text{ V}$, $I_S = -10\text{ mA}$
	1.3	1.7	1.9	Ω max	
On -Resistance Flatness ($R_{FLAT(ON)}$)	5.2			Ω typ	$V_{DD} = +4.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -4.5\text{ V}$, $V_S = \pm 4.5\text{ V}$; $I_S = -10\text{ mA}$
	6.4	7.3	7.6	Ω max	
LEAKAGE CURRENTS					
Source Off Leakage, I_S (Off)	± 0.01			nA typ	$V_{DD} = +5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -5.5\text{ V}$, $V_S = \pm 4.5\text{ V}$, $V_D = \mp 4.5\text{ V}$; see Figure 28
	± 0.25	± 1	± 4	nA max	
Drain Off Leakage, I_D (Off)	± 0.01			nA typ	$V_S = \pm 4.5\text{ V}$, $V_D = \mp 4.5\text{ V}$; see Figure 28
	± 0.5	± 3	± 20	nA max	
Channel On Leakage, I_D , I_S (On)	± 0.01			nA typ	$V_S = V_D = \pm 4.5\text{ V}$; see Figure 29
	± 0.5	± 3	± 20	nA max	
DIGITAL INPUTS					
Input High Voltage, V_{INH}			2.0	V min	
Input Low Voltage, V_{INL}			0.8	V max	
Input Current	± 0.002			μA typ	$V_{IN} = V_{GND}$ or V_{DD}
			± 0.1	μA max	
Digital Input Capacitance, C_{IN}	3.5			pF typ	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS²					
Transition Time, $t_{TRANSITION}$	260			ns typ	$R_L = 100\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$
	435	510	565	ns max	$V_S = 5\text{ V}$; see Figure 30
Break-Before-Make Time Delay, t_{BBM}	90			ns typ	$R_L = 100\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$
			30	ns min	$V_{S1} = V_{S2} = 5\text{ V}$; see Figure 31
t_{ON} (EN)	230			ns typ	$R_L = 100\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$
	335	400	445	ns max	$V_S = 5\text{ V}$; see Figure 32
t_{OFF} (EN)	205			ns typ	$R_L = 100\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$
	290	340	370	ns max	$V_S = 5\text{ V}$; see Figure 32
Charge Injection	10			pC typ	$V_S = 0\text{ V}$, $R_S = 0\ \Omega$, $C_L = 1\text{ nF}$; see Figure 33
Off Isolation	−73			dB typ	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$; see Figure 34
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	−70			dB typ	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$; see Figure 35
Total Harmonic Distortion, THD + N	0.18			% typ	$R_L = 110\ \Omega$, 5 V p-p , $f = 20\text{ Hz to } 20\text{ kHz}$; see Figure 37
−3 dB Bandwidth					$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$; see Figure 36
ADG1406	40			MHz typ	
ADG1407	80			MHz typ	
Insertion Loss	1.15			dB typ	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$; see Figure 36
C_S (Off)	10			pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
C_D (Off)					
ADG1406	123			pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
ADG1407	62			pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
C_D , C_S (On)					
ADG1406	148			pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
ADG1407	88			pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$

Parameter	+25°C	−40°C to +85°C	−40°C to +125°C ¹	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
POWER REQUIREMENTS					$V_{DD} = +5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -5.5\text{ V}$
I_{DD}	0.002		1	$\mu\text{A typ}$ $\mu\text{A max}$	Digital inputs = 0 V or V_{DD}
I_{SS}	0.002		1	$\mu\text{A typ}$ $\mu\text{A max}$	Digital inputs = 0 V, 5 V, or V_{DD}
V_{DD}/V_{SS}			$\pm 4.5/\pm 16.5$	V min/max	

¹ Temperature range for B version: −40°C to +125°C.

² Guaranteed by design, not subject to production test.

CONTINUOUS CURRENT PER CHANNEL

Table 5. ADG1406

Parameter	25°C	85°C	125°C	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
CONTINUOUS CURRENT PER CHANNEL ¹					
15 V Dual Supply					$V_{DD} = +13.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -13.5\text{ V}$
28-Lead TSSOP	180	100	50	mA max	
32-Lead LFCSP	300	150	60	mA max	
12 V Single Supply					$V_{DD} = 10.8\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$
28-Lead TSSOP	150	90	50	mA max	
32-Lead LFCSP	260	130	55	mA max	
5 V Dual Supply					$V_{DD} = +4.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -4.5\text{ V}$
28-Lead TSSOP	140	85	45	mA max	
32-Lead LFCSP	245	130	55	mA max	

¹ Guaranteed by design, not subject to production test.

Table 6. ADG1407

Parameter	25°C	85°C	125°C	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
CONTINUOUS CURRENT PER CHANNEL ¹					
15 V Dual Supply					$V_{DD} = +13.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -13.5\text{ V}$
28-Lead TSSOP	135	85	45	mA max	
32-Lead LFCSP	235	125	55	mA max	
12 V Single Supply					$V_{DD} = 10.8\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$
28-Lead TSSOP	110	70	40	mA max	
32-Lead LFCSP	190	110	50	mA max	
5 V Dual Supply					$V_{DD} = +4.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -4.5\text{ V}$
28-Lead TSSOP	105	65	40	mA max	
32-Lead LFCSP	180	100	50	mA max	

¹ Guaranteed by design, not subject to production test.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

Table 7.

Parameter	Rating
V_{DD} to V_{SS}	35 V
V_{DD} to GND	−0.3 V to +25 V
V_{SS} to GND	+0.3 V to −25 V
Analog, Digital Inputs ¹	$V_{SS} - 0.3\text{ V}$ to $V_{DD} + 0.3\text{ V}$ or 30 mA, whichever occurs first
Continuous Current, Sx or Dx Pins	Table 5 and Table 6 specifications + 15%
Peak Current, Sx or Dx Pins (Pulsed at 1 ms, 10% Duty Cycle Maximum)	
28-Lead TSSOP	300 mA
32-Lead LFCSP_VQ	550 mA
Operating Temperature Range	
Industrial (B Version)	−40°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature Range	−65°C to +150°C
Junction Temperature	150°C
Reflow Soldering, Pb-Free	
Peak Temperature	260 (+0/−5)°C
Time at Peak Temperature	10 sec to 40 sec

¹ Overvoltages at the Ax, EN, Sx, or Dx pins are clamped by internal diodes. Limit current to the maximum ratings given.

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Only one absolute maximum rating may be applied at any one time.

THERMAL RESISTANCE

θ_{JA} is specified for the worst-case conditions, that is, a device soldered in a circuit board for surface-mount packages.

Table 8. Thermal Resistance

Package Type	θ_{JA}	θ_{JC}	Unit
28-Lead TSSOP	97.9	14	°C/W
32-Lead LFCSP_VQ	27.27		°C/W

ESD CAUTION



ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

PIN CONFIGURATIONS AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

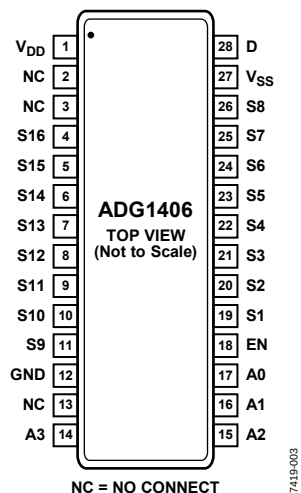
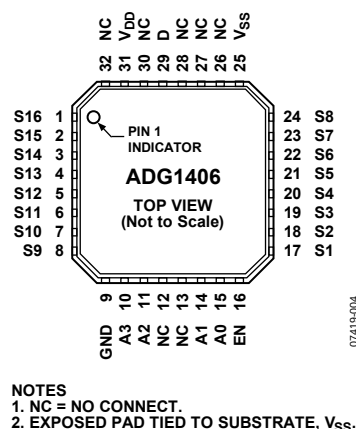


Figure 3. ADG1406 TSSOP Pin Configuration



NOTES
1. NC = NO CONNECT.
2. EXPOSED PAD TIED TO SUBSTRATE, V_{SS} .

Figure 4. ADG1406 LFCSP Pin Configuration

Table 9. ADG1406 Pin Function Descriptions

Pin No.		Mnemonic	Description
TSSOP	LFCSP_VQ		
1	31	V_{DD}	Most Positive Power Supply Potential.
2, 3, 13	12, 13, 26, 27, 28, 30, 32	NC	No Connect.
4	1	S16	Source Terminal 16. This pin can be an input or an output.
5	2	S15	Source Terminal 15. This pin can be an input or an output.
6	3	S14	Source Terminal 14. This pin can be an input or an output.
7	4	S13	Source Terminal 13. This pin can be an input or an output.
8	5	S12	Source Terminal 12. This pin can be an input or an output.
9	6	S11	Source Terminal 11. This pin can be an input or an output.
10	7	S10	Source Terminal 10. This pin can be an input or an output.
11	8	S9	Source Terminal 9. This pin can be an input or an output.
12	9	GND	Ground (0 V) Reference.
14	10	A3	Logic Control Input.
15	11	A2	Logic Control Input.
16	14	A1	Logic Control Input.
17	15	A0	Logic Control Input.
18	16	EN	Active High Digital Input. When this pin is low, the device is disabled and all switches are turned off. When this pin is high, the Ax logic inputs determine which switch is turned on.
19	17	S1	Source Terminal 1. This pin can be an input or an output.
20	18	S2	Source Terminal 2. This pin can be an input or an output.
21	19	S3	Source Terminal 3. This pin can be an input or an output.
22	20	S4	Source Terminal 4. This pin can be an input or an output.
23	21	S5	Source Terminal 5. This pin can be an input or an output.
24	22	S6	Source Terminal 6. This pin can be an input or an output.
25	23	S7	Source Terminal 7. This pin can be an input or an output.
26	24	S8	Source Terminal 8. This pin can be an input or an output.
27	25	V_{SS}	Most Negative Power Supply Potential. In single-supply applications, this pin can be connected to ground. The exposed pad is tied to the substrate, V_{SS} .
28	29	D	Drain Terminal. This pin can be an input or an output.

ADG1406/ADG1407

Table 10. ADG1406 Truth Table

A3	A2	A1	A0	EN	On Switch
X	X	X	X	0	None
0	0	0	0	1	1
0	0	0	1	1	2
0	0	1	0	1	3
0	0	1	1	1	4
0	1	0	0	1	5
0	1	0	1	1	6
0	1	1	0	1	7
0	1	1	1	1	8
1	0	0	0	1	9
1	0	0	1	1	10
1	0	1	0	1	11
1	0	1	1	1	12
1	1	0	0	1	13
1	1	0	1	1	14
1	1	1	0	1	15
1	1	1	1	1	16

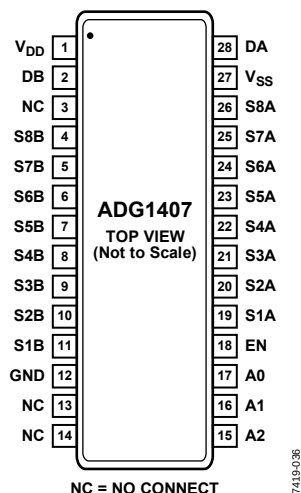
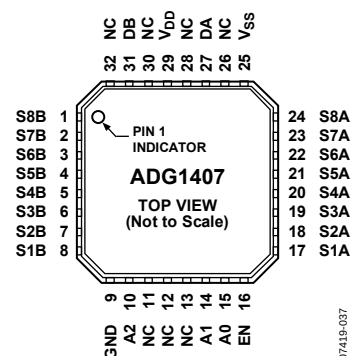


Figure 5. ADG1407 TSSOP Pin Configuration



NOTES
1. NC = NO CONNECT.
2. EXPOSED PAD TIED TO SUBSTRATE, V_{SS} .

Figure 6. ADG1407 LFCSP_VQ Pin Configuration

Table 11. ADG1407 Pin Function Descriptions

Pin No.		Mnemonic	Description
TSSOP	LFCSP_VQ		
1	29	V_{DD}	Most Positive Power Supply Potential.
2	31	DB	Drain Terminal B. This pin can be an input or an output.
3, 13, 14	11, 12, 13, 26, 28, 30, 32	NC	No Connect.
4	1	S8B	Source Terminal 8B. This pin can be an input or an output.
5	2	S7B	Source Terminal 7B. This pin can be an input or an output.
6	3	S6B	Source Terminal 6B. This pin can be an input or an output.
7	4	S5B	Source Terminal 5B. This pin can be an input or an output.
8	5	S4B	Source Terminal 4B. This pin can be an input or an output.
9	6	S3B	Source Terminal 3B. This pin can be an input or an output.
10	7	S2B	Source Terminal 2B. This pin can be an input or an output.
11	8	S1B	Source Terminal 1B. This pin can be an input or an output.
12	9	GND	Ground (0 V) Reference.
15	10	A2	Logic Control Input.
16	14	A1	Logic Control Input.
17	15	A0	Logic Control Input.
18	16	EN	Active High Digital Input. When this pin is low, the device is disabled and all switches are turned off. When this pin is high, the Ax logic inputs determine which switch is turned on.
19	17	S1A	Source Terminal 1A. This pin can be an input or an output.
20	18	S2A	Source Terminal 2A. This pin can be an input or an output.
21	19	S3A	Source Terminal 3A. This pin can be an input or an output.
22	20	S4A	Source Terminal 4A. This pin can be an input or an output.
23	21	S5A	Source Terminal 5A. This pin can be an input or an output.
24	22	S6A	Source Terminal 6A. This pin can be an input or an output.
25	23	S7A	Source Terminal 7A. This pin can be an input or an output.
26	24	S8A	Source Terminal 8A. This pin can be an input or an output.
27	25	V_{SS}	Most Negative Power Supply Potential. In single-supply applications, this pin can be connected to ground. The exposed pad is tied to the substrate, V_{SS} .
28	27	DA	Drain Terminal A. This pin can be an input or an output.

ADG1406/ADG1407

Table 12. ADG1407 Truth Table

A2	A1	A0	EN	On Switch Pair
X	X	X	0	None
0	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	1	2
0	1	0	1	3
0	1	1	1	4
1	0	0	1	5
1	0	1	1	6
1	1	0	1	7
1	1	1	1	8

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

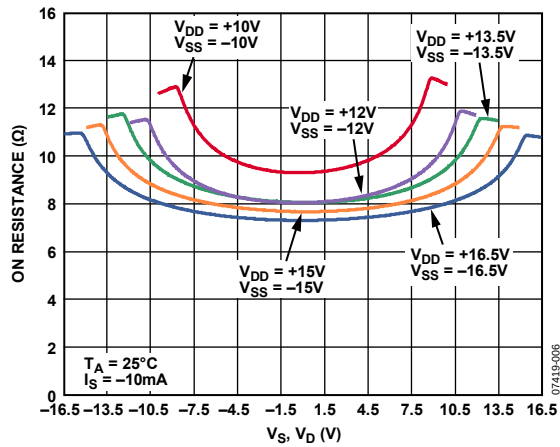


Figure 7. On Resistance as a Function of V_D (V_S), Dual Supply

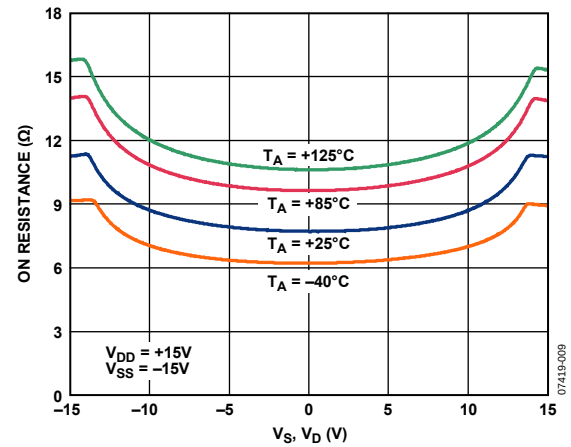


Figure 10. On Resistance as a Function of V_D (V_S) for Different Temperatures, 15 V Dual Supply

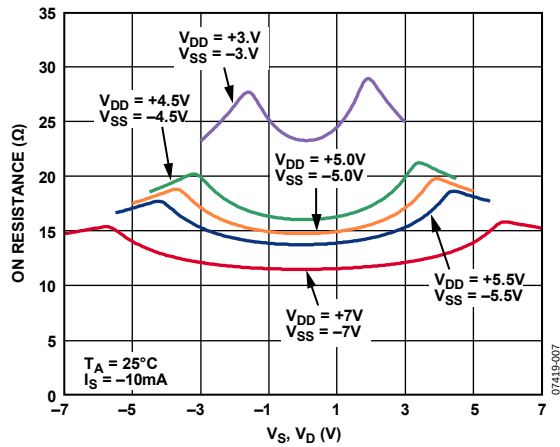


Figure 8. On Resistance as a Function of V_D (V_S), Dual Supply

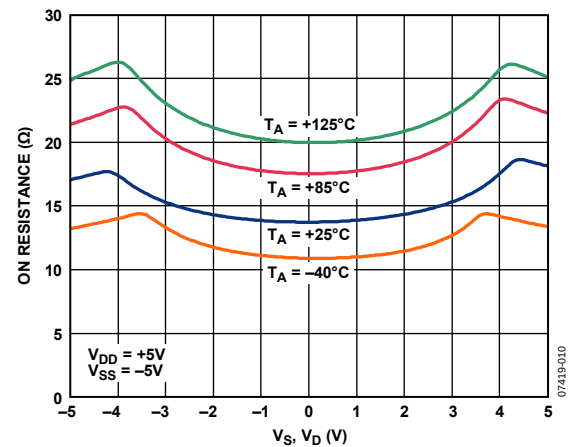


Figure 11. On Resistance as a Function of V_D (V_S) for Different Temperatures, 5 V Dual Supply

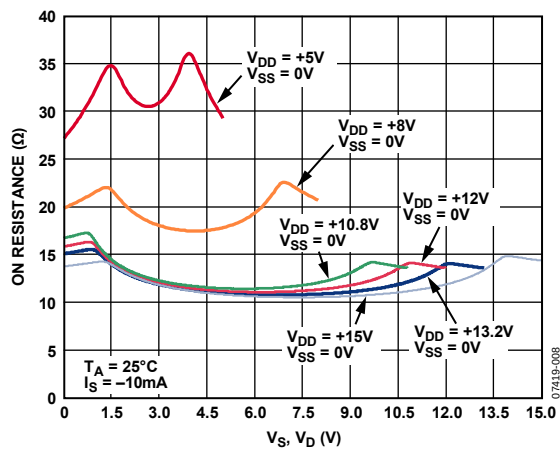


Figure 9. On Resistance as a Function of V_D (V_S), Single Supply

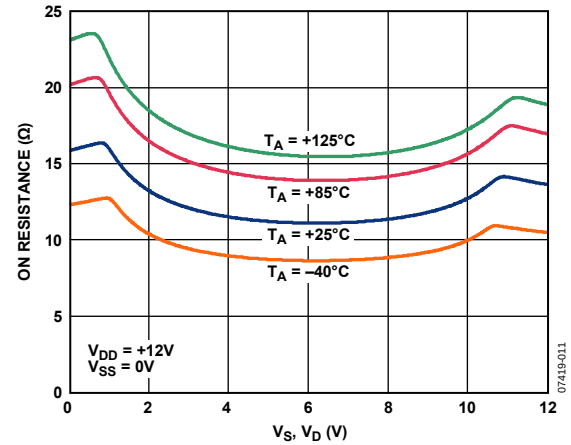


Figure 12. On Resistance as a Function of V_D (V_S) for Different Temperatures, 12 V Single Supply

ADG1406/ADG1407

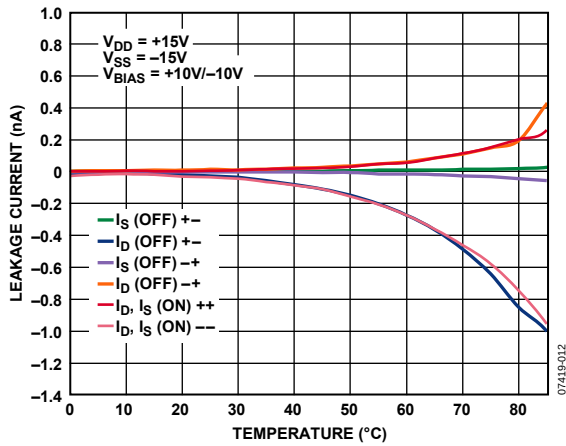


Figure 13. Leakage Current as a Function of Temperature (up to 85°C), 15 V Dual Supply

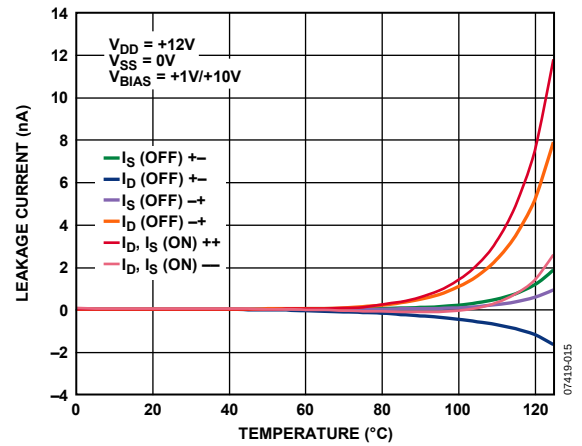


Figure 16. Leakage Current as a Function of Temperature, 12 V Single Supply

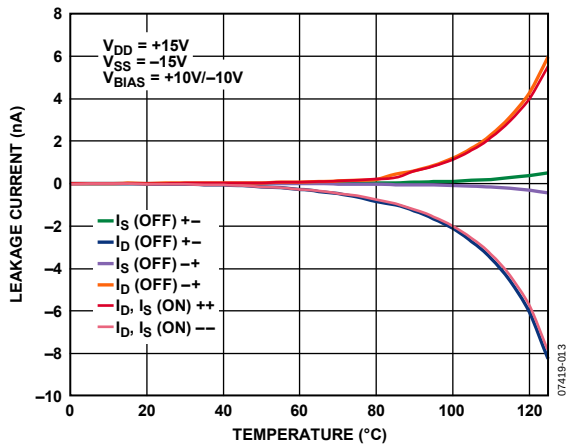


Figure 14. Leakage Current as a Function of Temperature, 15 V Dual Supply

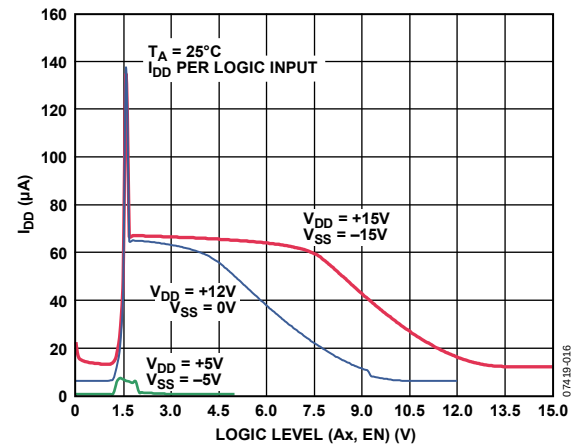


Figure 17. I_{DD} vs. Logic Level

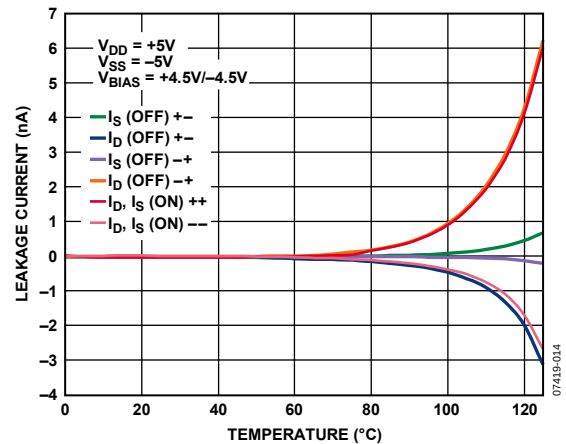


Figure 15. Leakage Current as a Function of Temperature, 5 V Dual Supply

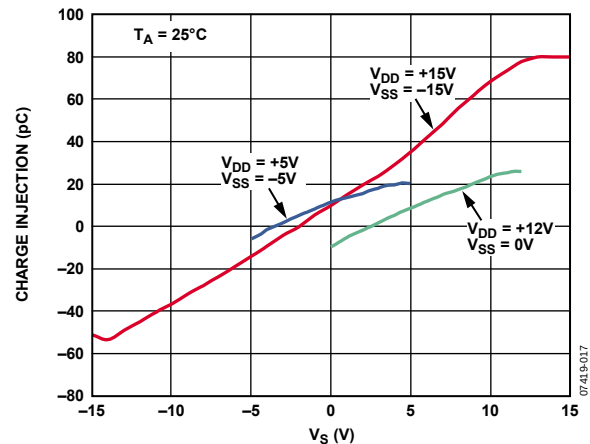


Figure 18. Charge Injection vs. Source Voltage

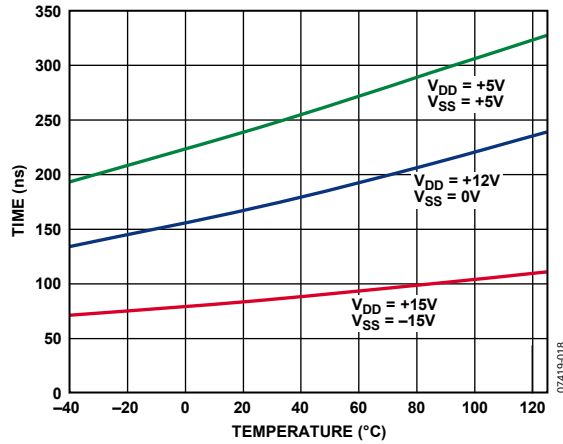


Figure 19. Transition Time vs. Temperature

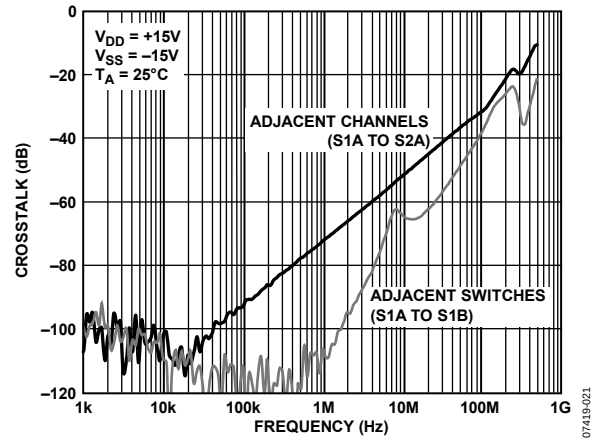


Figure 22. ADG1407 Crosstalk vs. Frequency

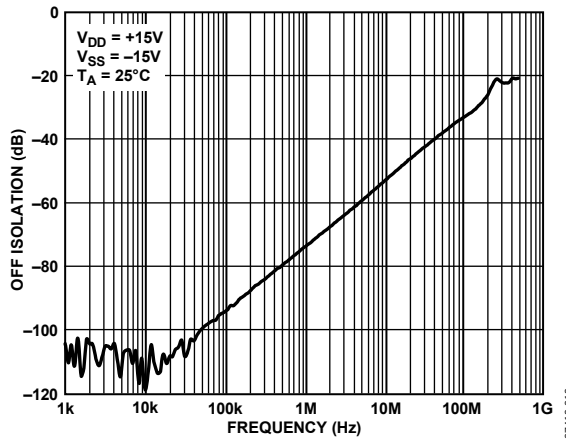


Figure 20. Off Isolation vs. Frequency

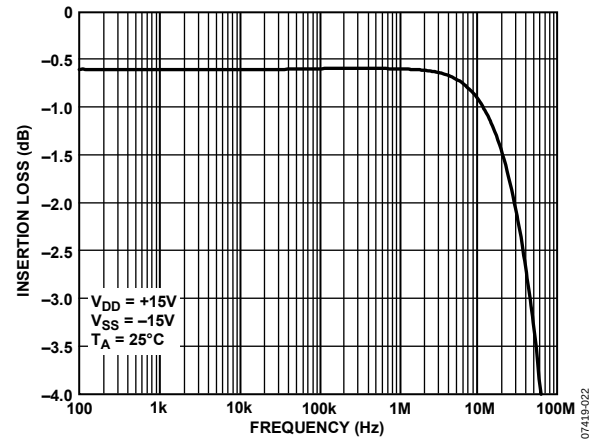


Figure 23. ADG1406 On Response vs. Frequency

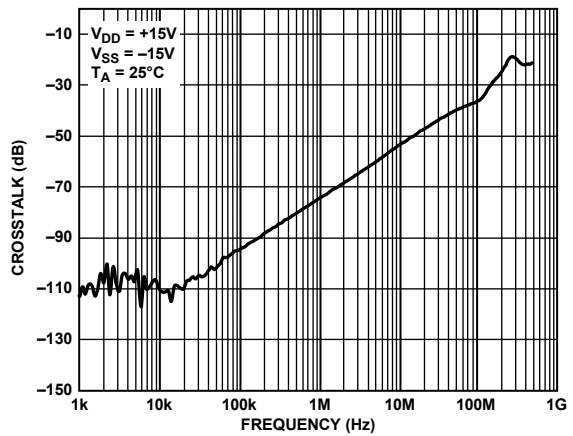


Figure 21. ADG1406 Crosstalk vs. Frequency

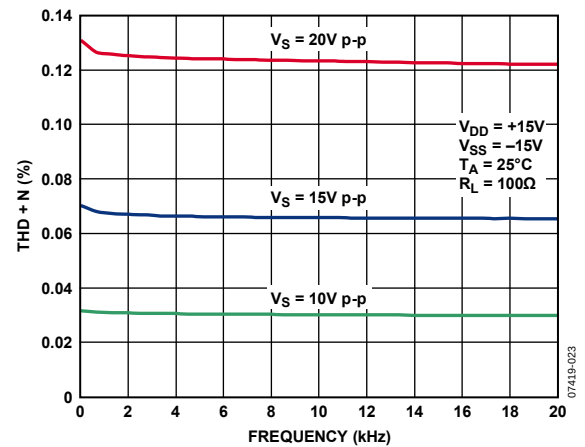


Figure 24. THD + N vs. Frequency, 15 V Dual Supply

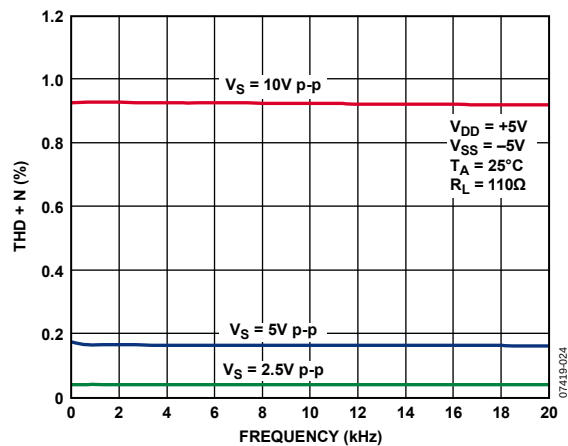


Figure 25. THD + N vs. Frequency, 5 V Dual Supply

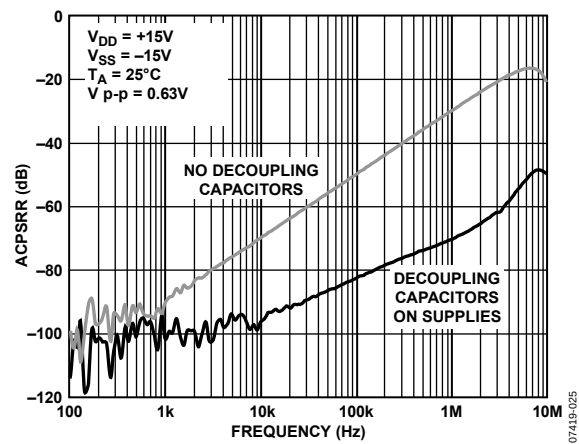


Figure 26. ACPSRR vs. Frequency

TERMINOLOGY

R_{ON}

Ohmic resistance between the D and S terminals.

ΔR_{ON}

Difference between the R_{ON} of any two channels.

$R_{FLAT(ON)}$

Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of on resistance as measured.

I_S (Off)

Source leakage current when the switch is off.

I_D (Off)

Drain leakage current when the switch is off.

I_D, I_S (On)

Channel leakage current when the switch is on.

V_D, V_S

Analog voltage on Terminal D and Terminal S.

C_S (Off)

Channel input capacitance for the off condition.

C_D (Off)

Channel output capacitance for the off condition.

C_D, C_S (On)

On switch capacitance.

C_{IN}

Digital input capacitance.

t_{ON} (EN)

Delay time between the 50% and 90% points of the digital input and the switch on condition.

t_{OFF} (EN)

Delay time between the 50% and 90% points of the digital input and the switch off condition.

$t_{TRANSITION}$

Delay time between the 50% and 90% points of the digital inputs and the switch on condition when switching from one address state to another.

t_{BBM}

Off time measured between the 80% points of the switches when switching from one address state to another.

V_{INL}

Maximum input voltage for Logic 0.

V_{INH}

Minimum input voltage for Logic 1.

I_{INL}, I_{INH}

Input current of the digital input.

I_{DD}

Positive supply current.

I_{SS}

Negative supply current.

Off Isolation

A measure of unwanted signal coupling through an off channel.

Charge Injection

A measure of the glitch impulse transferred from the digital input to the analog output during switching.

Bandwidth

The frequency at which the output is attenuated by 3 dB.

On Response

The frequency response of the on switch.

THD + N

The ratio of the harmonic amplitude plus noise of the signal to the fundamental.

ACPSRR (AC Power Supply Rejection Ratio)

Measures the ability of a part to avoid coupling noise and spurious signals that appear on the supply voltage pin to the output of the switch. The dc voltage on the device is modulated by a sine wave of 0.62 V p-p. The ratio of the amplitude of signal on the output to the amplitude of the modulation is the ACPSRR.

TEST CIRCUITS

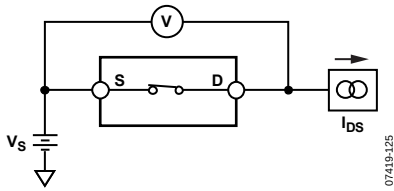


Figure 27. On Resistance

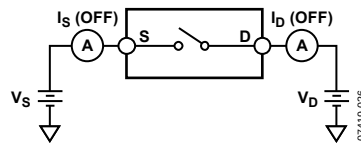


Figure 28. Off Leakage

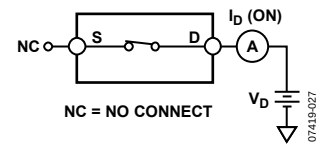


Figure 29. On Leakage

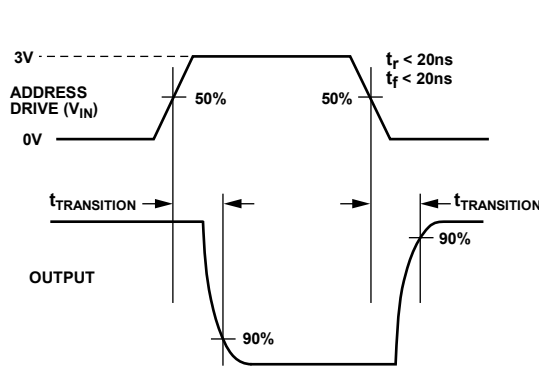


Figure 30. Address to Output Switching Times, $t_{\text{TRANSITION}}$

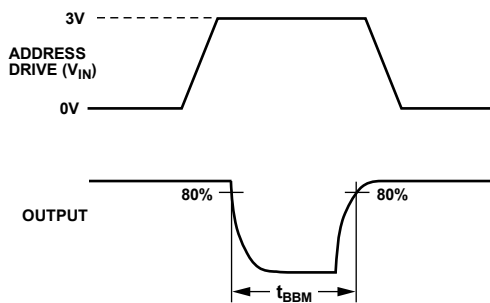
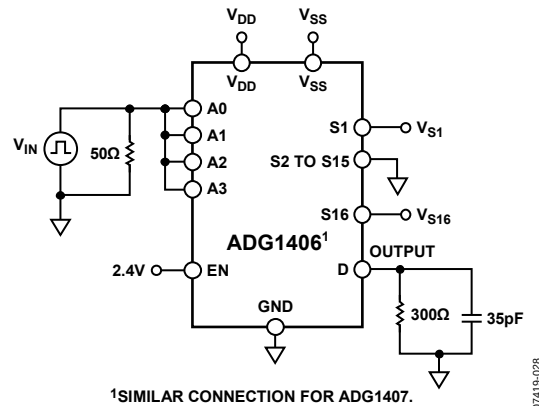


Figure 31. Break-Before-Make Delay, t_{BBM}

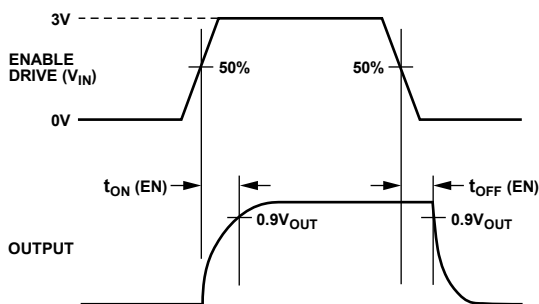
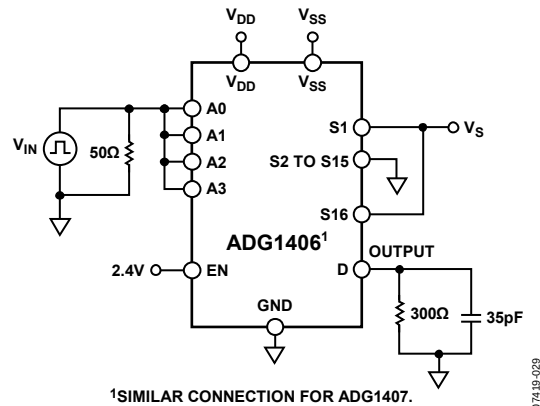
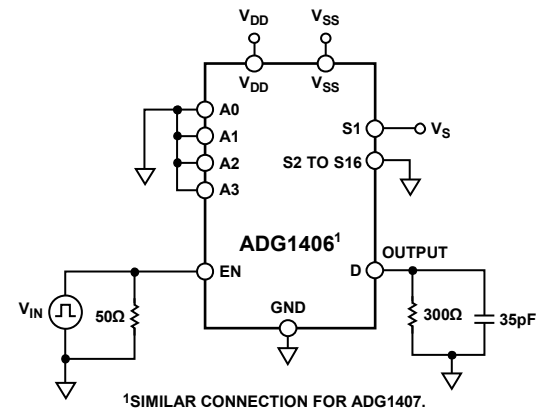
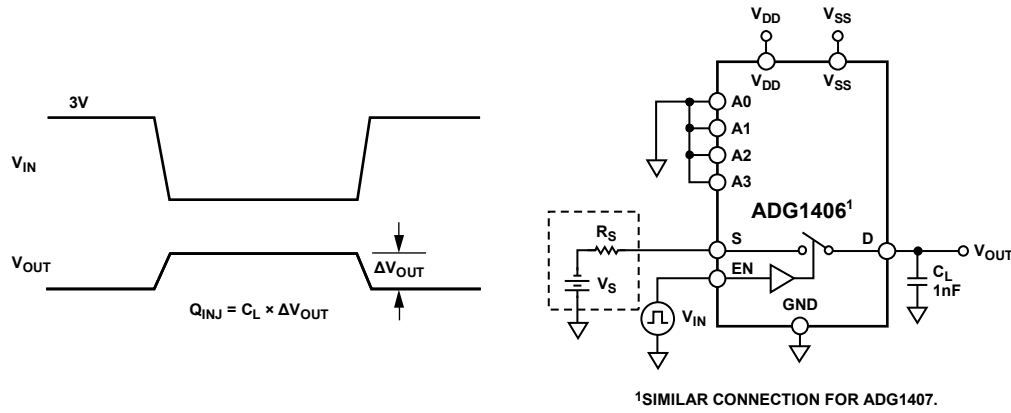


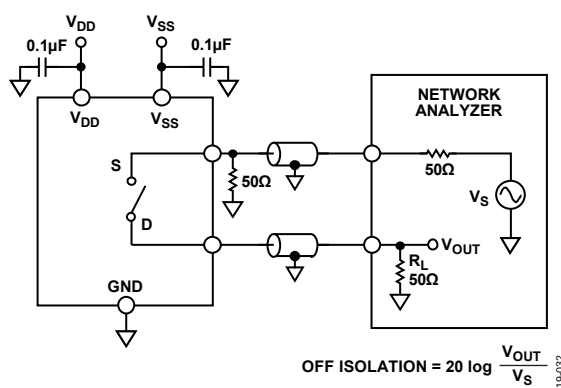
Figure 32. Enable Delay, $t_{\text{ON}}(\text{EN})$, $t_{\text{OFF}}(\text{EN})$





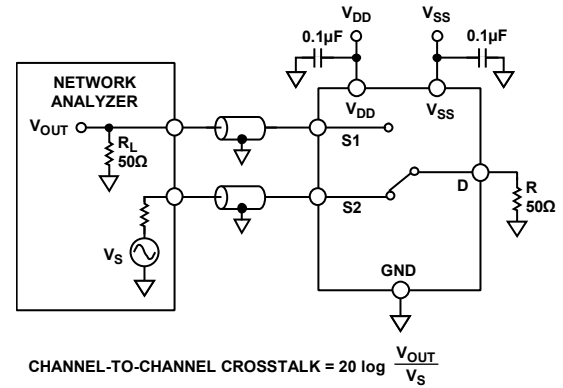
07419-031

Figure 33. Charge Injection



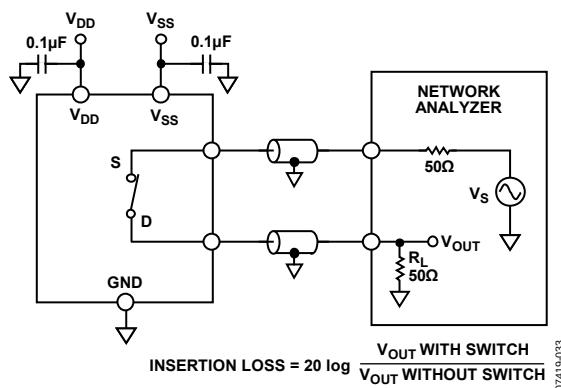
07419-032

Figure 34. Off Isolation



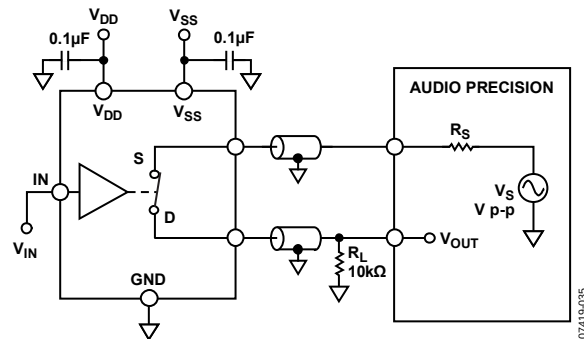
07419-034

Figure 36. Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk



07419-033

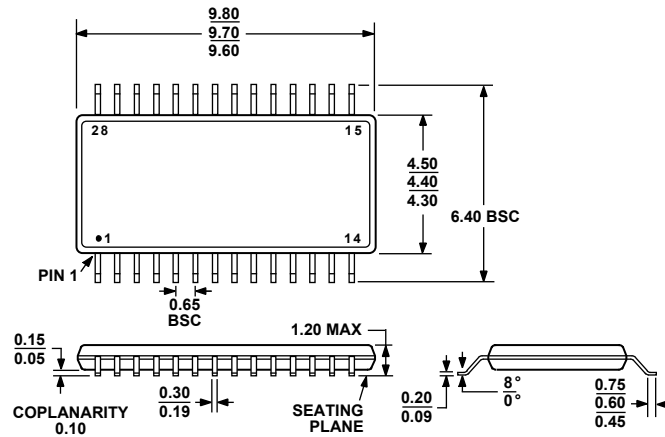
Figure 35. Bandwidth



07419-035

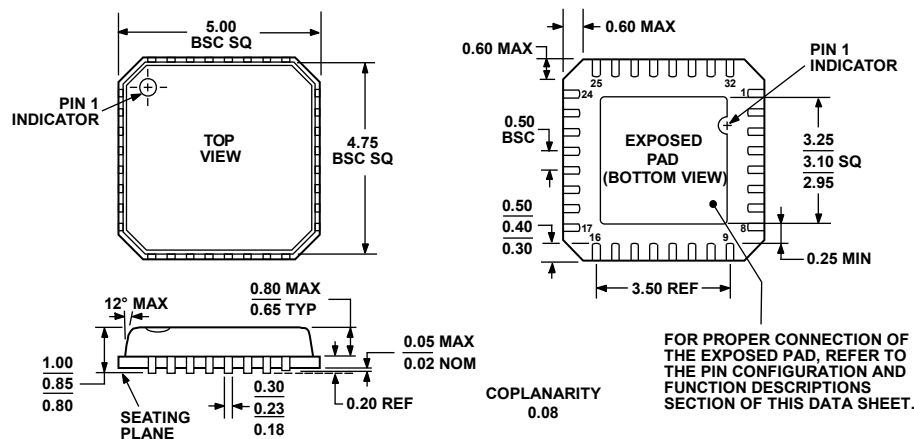
Figure 37. THD + Noise

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-153-AE

Figure 38. 28-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package [TSSOP]
(RU-28)
Dimensions shown in millimeters



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-220-VHHD-2

Figure 39. 32-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP_VQ]
5 mm x 5 mm Body, Very Thin Quad
(CP-32-2)
Dimensions shown in millimeters

ORDERING GUIDE

Model	Temperature Range	Description	Package Option
ADG1406BRUZ ¹	-40°C to +125°C	28-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package [TSSOP]	RU-28
ADG1406BRUZ-REEL7 ¹	-40°C to +125°C	28-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package [TSSOP]	RU-28
ADG1406BCPZ-REEL7 ¹	-40°C to +125°C	32-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP_VQ]	CP-32-2
ADG1407BRUZ ¹	-40°C to +125°C	28-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package [TSSOP]	RU-28
ADG1407BRUZ-REEL7 ¹	-40°C to +125°C	28-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package [TSSOP]	RU-28
ADG1407BCPZ-REEL7 ¹	-40°C to +125°C	32-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP_VQ]	CP-32-2

¹ Z = RoHS Compliant Part.

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Components Supply Platform

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401 Building No.5, JiuGe Business Center, Lane 2301, Yishan Rd
Minhang District, Shanghai , China

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Direct +86 (21) 6401-6692

Email amall@ameya360.com

QQ 800077892

Skype ameyasales1 ameyasales2

➤ Customer Service :

Email service@ameya360.com

➤ Partnership :

Tel +86 (21) 64016692-8333

Email mkt@ameya360.com