

# HFBR-0500ETZ Series

## Versatile Link

### The Versatile Fiber Optic Connection



## Data Sheet



### Description

The Versatile Link series is a complete family of fiber optic link components for applications requiring a low cost solution. The HFBR-0500ETZ series includes transmitters, receivers, connectors and cable specified for easy design. This series of components is ideal for solving problems with voltage isolation/insulation, EMI/RFI immunity or data security. The optical link design is simplified by the logic compatible receivers and complete specifications for each component. The key optical and electrical parameters of links configured with the HFBR-0500ETZ family are fully guaranteed from -40° to 85° C.

A wide variety of package configurations and connectors provide the designer with numerous mechanical solutions to meet application requirements. The transmitter and receiver components have been designed for use in high volume/low cost assembly processes such as auto insertion and wave soldering.

Transmitters incorporate a 660 nm LED. Receivers include a monolithic dc coupled, digital IC receiver with open collector Schottky output transistor. An internal pullup resistor is available for use in the HFBR-25X1ETZ and HFBR-25X2ETZ receivers. A shield has been integrated into the receiver IC to provide additional, localized noise immunity.

Internal optics have been optimized for use with 1 mm diameter plastic optical fiber. Versatile Link specifications incorporate all connector interface losses. Therefore, optical calculations for common link applications are simplified.

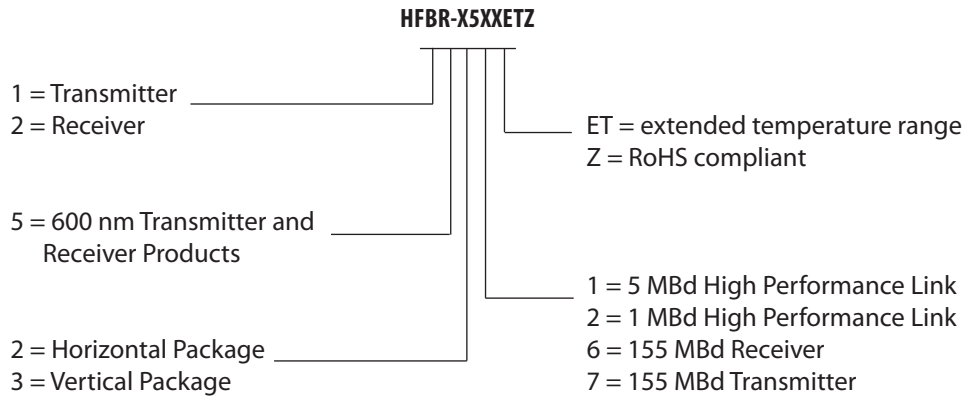
### Features

- Extended temperature range -40 to +85° C
- RoHS-compliant
- Low cost fiber optic components
- Enhanced digital links: dc-5 MBd
- Link distance up to 43m at 1MBd and 20m at 5MBd
- Low current link: 6 mA peak supply current
- Horizontal and vertical mounting
- Interlocking feature
- High noise immunity
- Easy connecting: simplex, duplex, and latching connectors
- Flame retardant
- Transmitters incorporate a 660 nm red LED for easy visibility
- Compatible with standard TTL circuitry

### Applications

- Reduction of lightning/voltage transient susceptibility
- Motor controller triggering
- Data communications and local area networks
- Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) for regulated systems: FCC, VDE, CSA, etc.
- Tempest-secure data processing equipment
- Isolation in test and measurement instruments
- Error free signalling for industrial and manufacturing equipment
- Automotive communications and control networks
- Noise immune communication in audio and video equipment

## HFBR-0500ETZ Series Part Number Guide



## Link Selection Guide

(Links specified from -40° to 85° C, for plastic optical fiber unless specified.)

Signal Rate	Distance (m) 25° C	Distance (m)	Transmitter	Receiver
1 MBd	67	43	HFBR-15x2ETZ	HFBR-25x2ETZ
5 Mbd	38	20	HFBR-15x1ETZ	HFBR-25x1ETZ

## Application Literature

Application Note 1035 (Versatile Link)

## Package and Handling Information

The compact Versatile Link package is made of a flame retardant VALOX® UL 94 V-0 material (UL file # E121562) and uses the same pad layout as a standard, eight pin dual-in-line package. Vertical and horizontal mountable parts are available. These low profile Versatile Link packages are stackable and are enclosed to provide a dust resistant seal. Snap action simplex, simplex latching, duplex, and duplex latching connectors are offered with simplex or duplex cables.

## Package Orientation

Performance and pinouts for the vertical and horizontal packages are identical. To provide additional attachment support for the vertical Versatile Link housing, the designer has the option of using a self-tapping screw through a printed circuit board into a mounting hole at the bottom of the package. For most applications this is not necessary.

## Package Housing Color

Versatile Link components and simplex connectors are color coded to eliminate confusion when making connections. Receivers are blue and transmitters are gray.

## Handling

Versatile Link components are auto-insertable. When wave soldering is performed with Versatile Link components, the optical port plug should be left in to prevent contamination of the port. Do not use reflow solder processes (i.e., infrared reflow or vapor-phase reflow). Nonhalogenated water soluble fluxes (i.e., 0% chloride), not rosin based fluxes, are recommended for use with Versatile Link components.

Versatile Link components are moisture sensitive devices and are shipped in a moisture sealed bag. If the components are exposed to air for an extended period of time, they may require a baking step before the soldering process. Refer to the special labeling on the shipping tube for details.

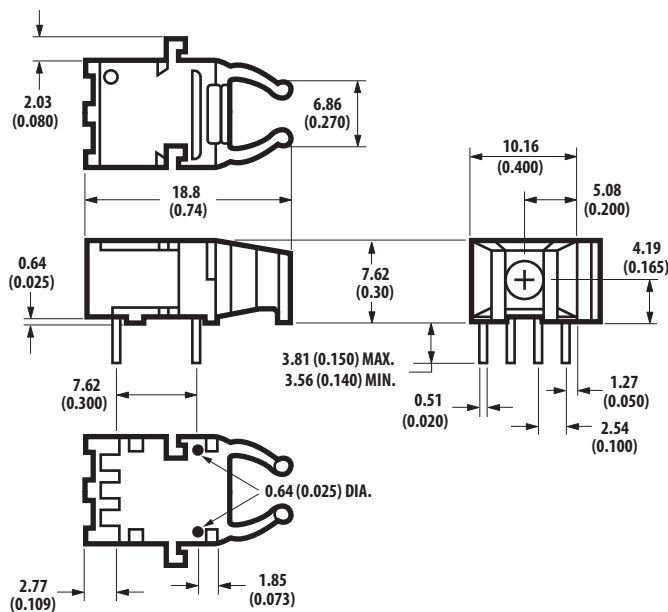
## Recommended Chemicals for Cleaning/Degreasing

Alcohols: methyl, isopropyl, isobutyl. Aliphatics: hexane, heptane. Other: soap solution, naphtha.

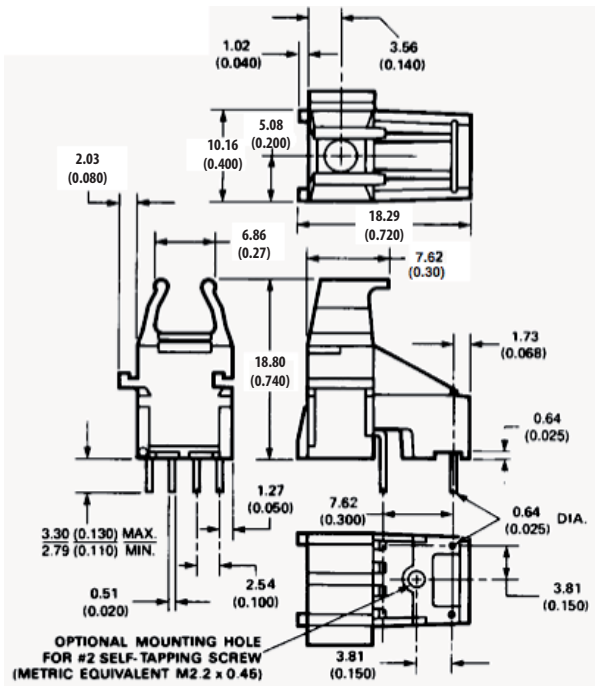
Do not use partially halogenated hydrocarbons such as 1,1,1 trichloroethane, ketones such as MEK, acetone, chloroform, ethyl acetate, methylene dichloride, phenol, methylene chloride, or N-methylpyrrolidone. Also, Avago does not recommend the use of cleaners that use halogenated hydrocarbons because of their potential environmental harm.

## Mechanical Dimensions

### Horizontal Modules

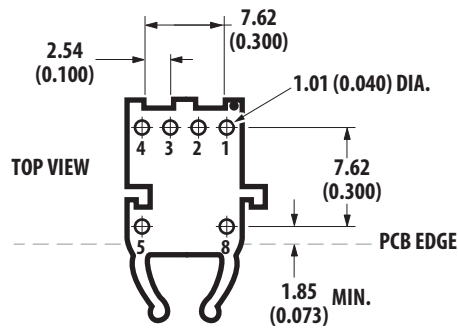


### Vertical Modules



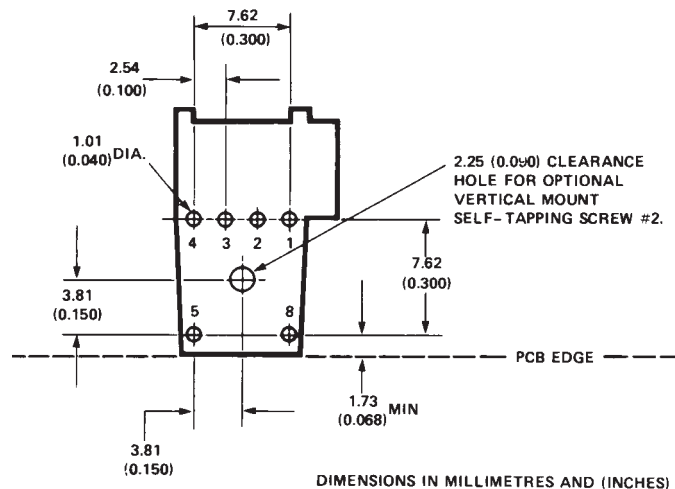
## Versatile Link Printed Board Layout Dimensions

### Horizontal Module



DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).

### Vertical Module



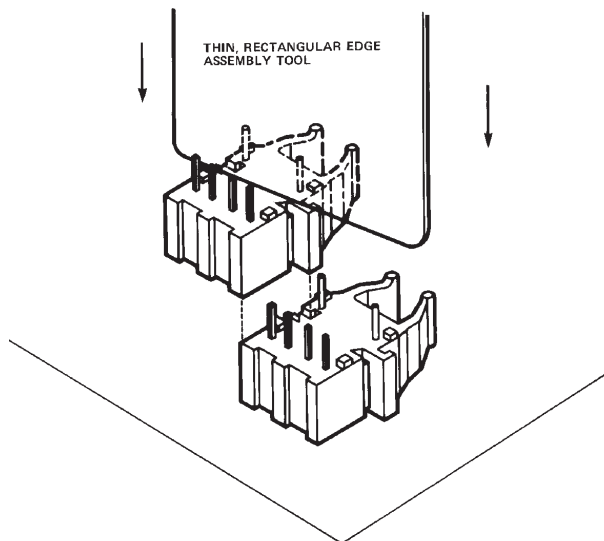
### Interlocked (Stacked) Assemblies (refer to Figure 1)

Horizontal packages may be stacked by placing units with pins facing upward. Initially engage the interlocking mechanism by sliding the L bracket body from above into the L slot body of the lower package. Use a straight edge, such as a ruler, to bring all stacked units into uniform alignment. This technique prevents potential harm that could occur to fingers and hands of assemblers from the package pins. Stacked horizontal

packages can be disengaged if necessary. Repeated stacking and unstacking causes no damage to individual units.

To stack vertical packages, hold one unit in each hand, with the pins facing away and the optical ports on the bottom. Slide the L bracket unit into the L slot unit. The straight edge used for horizontal package alignment is not needed.

### Stacking Horizontal Modules



### Stacking Vertical Modules

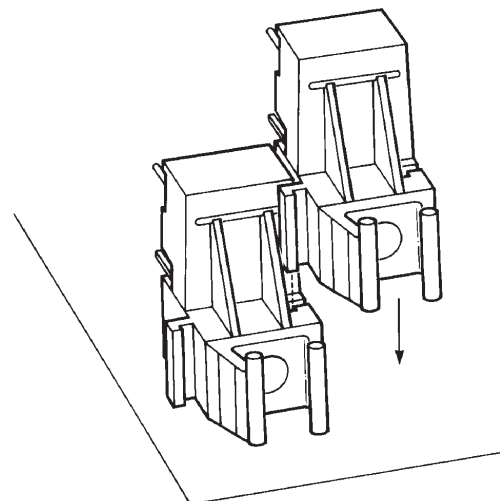


Figure 1. Interlocked (stacked) horizontal or vertical packages

5 MBd Link (HFBR-15X1ETZ/25X1ETZ)

System Performance -40° to 85° C unless otherwise specified.

	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Ref.
High Performance 5 MBd	Data Rate		dc		5	MBd	$BER \leq 10^{-9}$ , PRBS:2 <sup>7</sup> -1	
	Link Distance (Standard Cable)	d	17			m	$I_{Fdc} = 60\text{ mA}$	Note 3
			33			m	$I_{Fdc} = 60\text{ mA}$ , 25° C	
	Link Distance (Improved Cable)	d	20			m	$I_{Fdc} = 60\text{ mA}$	Note 3
			38			m	$I_{Fdc} = 60\text{ mA}$ , 25° C	
	Propagation Delay	$t_{PLH}$ $t_{PHL}$		90 50	140 140	ns	$R_L = 560\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 30\text{ pF}$ fiber length = 0.5 m $-21.6 \leq P_R \leq -9.5\text{ dBm}$	Fig. 3, 6 Notes 1, 2
	Pulse Width Distortion $t_{PLH}$ - $t_{PHL}$	$t_D$		40		ns	$P_R = -15\text{ dBm}$ $R_L = 560\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 30\text{ pF}$	Fig. 3, 5

Notes:

- 1. The propagation delay for one metre of cable is typically 5 ns.
- 2. Typical propagation delay is measured at  $P_R = -15\text{ dBm}$ .
- 3. Estimated typical link life expectancy at 40° C exceeds 10 years at 60 mA.

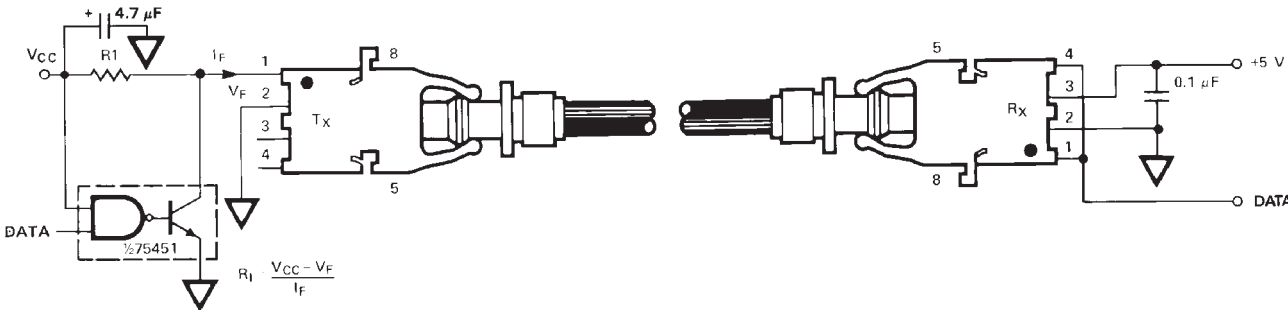


Figure 2. Typical 5 MBd interface circuit

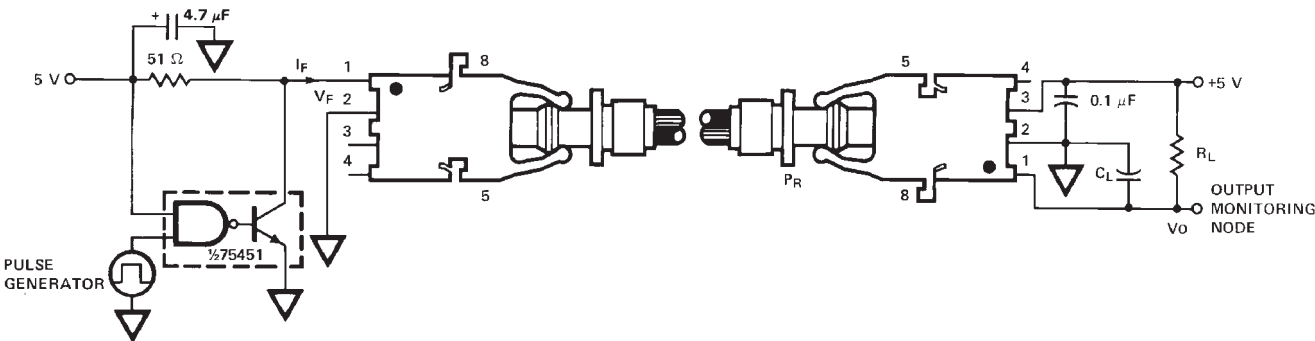


Figure 3. 5 MBd propagation delay test circuit

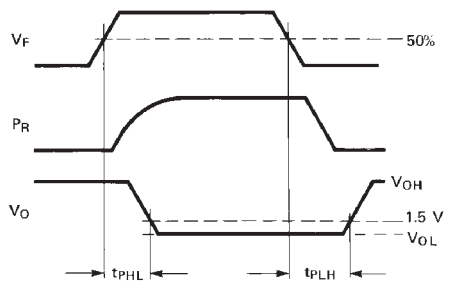


Figure 4. Propagation delay test waveforms

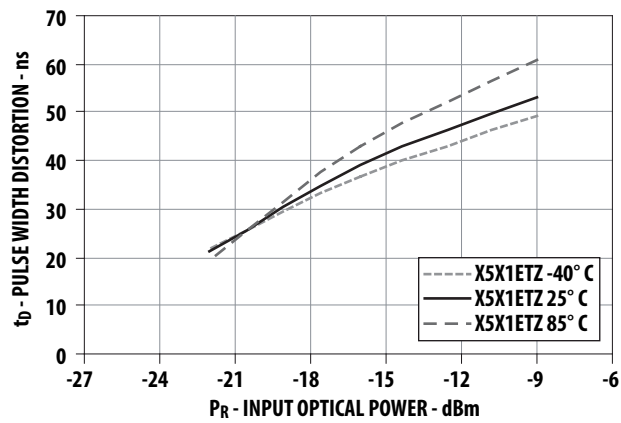


Figure 5. Typical link pulse width distortion vs. optical power

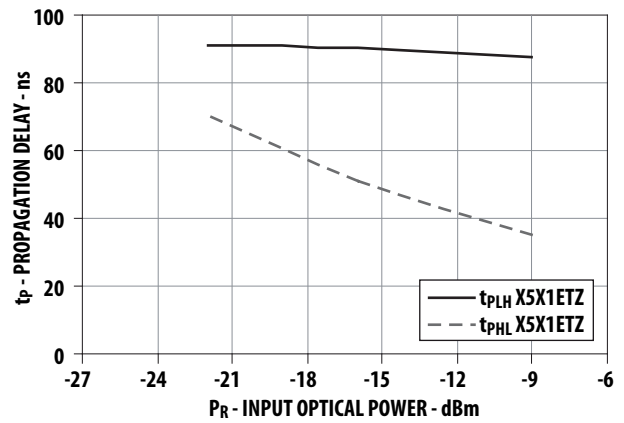
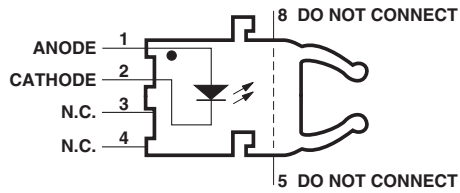


Figure 6. Typical link propagation delay vs. optical power

## HFBR-15X1ETZ Transmitter



Pin #	Function
1	Anode
2	Cathode
3	Open
4	Open
5	Do not connect
8	Do not connect

**Note:** Pins 5 and 8 are for mounting and retaining purposes only. Do not electrically connect these pins.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units	Reference
Storage Temperature	$T_S$	-40	+85	°C	
Operating Temperature	$T_A$	-40	+85	°C	
Lead Soldering Cycle	Temp.		260	°C	Note 1, 4
	Time		10	sec	
Forward Input Current	$I_{FPK}$		1000	mA	Note 2, 3
	$I_{Fdc}$		80		
Reverse Input Voltage	$V_{BR}$		5	V	

### Notes:

- 1.6 mm below seating plane.
- Recommended operating range between 10 and 750 mA.
- 1  $\mu$ s pulse, 20  $\mu$ s period.
- Moisture sensitivity level is MSL-3

All HFBR-15XXETZ LED transmitters are classified as IEC 825-1 Accessible Emission Limit (AEL) Class 1 based upon the current proposed draft scheduled to go into effect on January 1, 1997. AEL Class 1 LED devices are considered eye safe. Contact your local Avago sales representative for more information.

## Transmitter Electrical/Optical Characteristics -40° to 85° C unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ. <sup>[5]</sup>	Max.	Units	Conditions	Ref.
Transmitter Output Optical Power	$P_T$	-16.8		-7.1	dBm	$I_{Fdc} = 60 \text{ mA}$	Notes 1, 2
		-14.3		-8.0	dBm	$I_{Fdc} = 60 \text{ mA}, 25^\circ \text{ C}$	
Output Optical Power Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta P_T / \Delta T$		-0.85		%/°C		
Peak Emission Wavelength	$\lambda_{PK}$		660		nm		
Forward Voltage	$V_F$	1.43	1.67	2.05	V	$I_{Fdc} = 60 \text{ mA}$	
Forward Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_F / \Delta T$		-1.37		mV/°C		Fig. 7
Effective Diameter	D		1		mm		
Reverse Input Breakdown Voltage	$V_{BR}$	5.0	11.0		V	$I_{Fdc} = 10 \mu\text{A}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ \text{ C}$	
Diode Capacitance	$C_O$		86		pF	$V_F = 0$ , $f = \text{MHz}$	
Rise Time	$t_r$		20		ns	10% to 90%, $I_F = 60 \text{ mA}$	Note 3
Fall Time	$t_f$		20		ns		

### Notes:

- Optical power measured at the end of 0.5 m of 1 mm diameter POF (NA = 0.5) with a large area detector.
- Optical power,  $P$  (dBm) =  $10 \text{ Log } [P(\mu\text{W})/1000 \mu\text{W}]$ .
- Rise and fall times are measured with a voltage pulse driving the transmitter driver IC (75451). A wide bandwidth optical to electrical waveform analyzer, terminated to a 50  $\Omega$  input of a wide bandwidth oscilloscope, is used for this response time measurement.

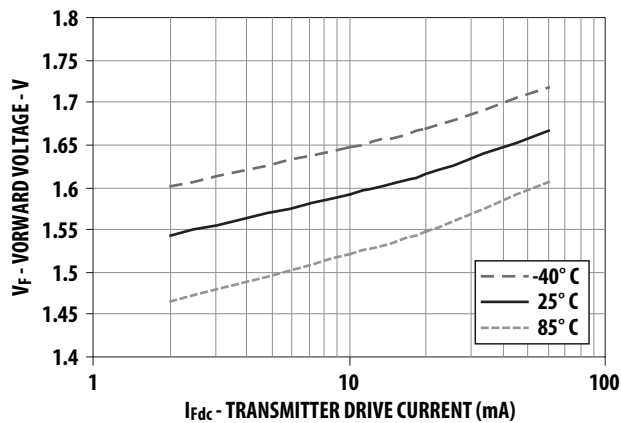


Figure 7. Typical forward voltage vs. drive current

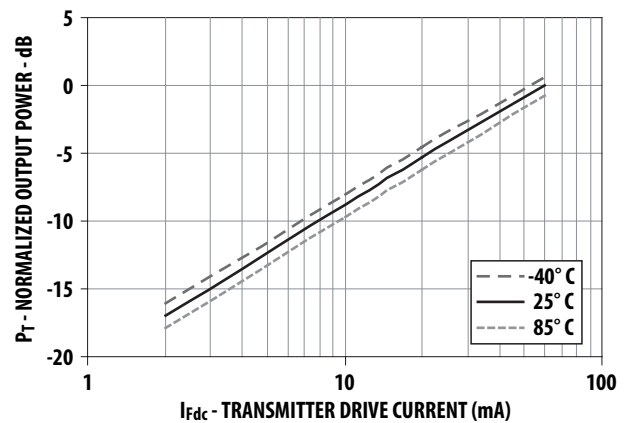
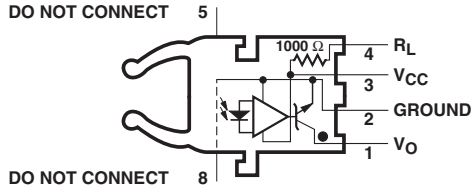


Figure 8. Normalized typical output power vs. drive current



## HFBR-25X1ETZ Receiver



Pin #	Function
1	V <sub>O</sub>
2	Ground
3	V <sub>CC</sub>
4	R <sub>L</sub>
5	Do not connect
8	Do not connect

**Note:** Pins 5 and 8 are for mounting and retaining purposes only. Do not electrically connect these pins.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units	Reference
Storage Temperature	T <sub>S</sub>	-40	+85	° C	
Operating Temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	-40	+85	° C	
Lead Soldering Cycle	Temp.		260	° C	Note 1, 3
	Time		10	sec	
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.5	7	V	Note 2
Output Collector Current	I <sub>OAV</sub>		25	mA	
Output Collector Power Dissipation	P <sub>OD</sub>		40	mW	
Output Voltage	V <sub>O</sub>	-0.5	18	V	
Pull-up Voltage	V <sub>P</sub>	-5	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
Fan Out (TTL)	N		5		

### Notes:

- 1.6 mm below seating plane.
- It is essential that a bypass capacitor 0.1 μF be connected from pin 2 to pin 3 of the receiver. Total lead length between both ends of the capacitor and the pins should not exceed 20 mm.
- Moisture sensitivity level is MSL-3

## Receiver Electrical/Optical Characteristics -40° to 85° C, 4.75 V ≤ V<sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.25 V unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Ref.
Input Optical Power Level for Logic "0"	P <sub>R(L)</sub>	-21.6		-9.5	dBm	V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.5 V I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	Notes 1, 2, 4
		-21.6		-8.7		V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.5 V I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA, 25° C	
Input Optical Power Level for Logic "1"	P <sub>R(H)</sub>			-43	dBm	V <sub>OL</sub> = 5.25 V I <sub>OH</sub> ≤ 250 μA	Note 1
High Level Output Current	I <sub>OH</sub>		5	250	μA	V <sub>O</sub> = 18 V, P <sub>R</sub> = 0	Note 3
Low Level Output Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>		0.4	0.5	V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA, P <sub>R</sub> = P <sub>R(L)MIN</sub>	Note 3
High Level Supply Current	I <sub>CCH</sub>		3.5	6.3	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.25 V, P <sub>R</sub> = 0	Note 3
Low Level Supply Current	I <sub>CCL</sub>		6.2	10	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.25 V P <sub>R</sub> = -12.5 dBm	Note 3
Effective Diameter	D		1		mm		
Internal Pull-up Resistor	R <sub>L</sub>	680	1000	1700	Ω		

### Notes:

- Optical flux, P (dBm) = 10 Log [P (μW)/1000 μW].
- Optical power measured at the end of 1 mm diameter POF (NA = 0.5) with a large area detector.
- R<sub>L</sub> is open.
- Pulsed LED operation at I<sub>F</sub> > 80 mA will cause increased link t<sub>PLH</sub> propagation delay time. This extended t<sub>PLH</sub> time contributes to increased pulse width distortion of the receiver output signal.

## 1 MBd Link

(High Performance HFBR-15X2ETZ/25X2ETZ)

**System Performance** Under recommended operating conditions unless otherwise specified.

	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Ref.
High Performance 1 MBd	Data Rate		dc		1	MBd	$BER \leq 10^{-9}$ , PRBS:2 <sup>7</sup> -1	
	Link Distance (Standard Cable)	d	37 58			m m	$I_{Fdc} = 60$ mA $I_{Fdc} = 60$ mA, 25° C	Notes 1, 3, 4
	Link Distance (Improved Cable)	d	43 67			m m	$I_{Fdc} = 60$ mA $I_{Fdc} = 60$ mA, 25° C	Notes 1, 3, 4
	Propagation Delay	$t_{PLH}$ $t_{PHL}$		100 80	250 140	ns ns	$R_L = 560 \Omega$ , $C_L = 30$ pF $I = 0.5$ metre $P_R = -24$ dBm	Fig. 10, 12 Notes 2, 4
	Pulse Width Distortion $t_{PLH}$ - $t_{PHL}$	$t_D$		20		ns	$P_R = -24$ dBm $R_L = 560 \Omega$ , $C_L = 30$ pF	Fig. 10, 11 Note 4

### Notes:

- For  $I_{Fpk} > 80$  mA, the duty factor must be such as to keep  $I_{Fdc} \leq 80$  mA. In addition, for  $I_{Fpk} > 80$  mA, the following rules for pulse width apply:  
 $I_{Fpk} \leq 160$  mA: Pulse width  $\leq 1$  ms  
 $I_{Fpk} > 160$  mA: Pulse width  $\leq 1$   $\mu$ s, period  $\geq 20$   $\mu$ s.
- The propagation delay for one meter of cable is typically 5 ns.
- Estimated typical link life expectancy at 40° C exceeds 10 years at 60 mA.
- Pulsed LED operation at  $I_{Fpk} > 80$  mA will cause increased link  $t_{PLH}$  propagation delay time. This extended  $t_{PLH}$  time contributes to increased pulse width distortion of the receiver output signal.

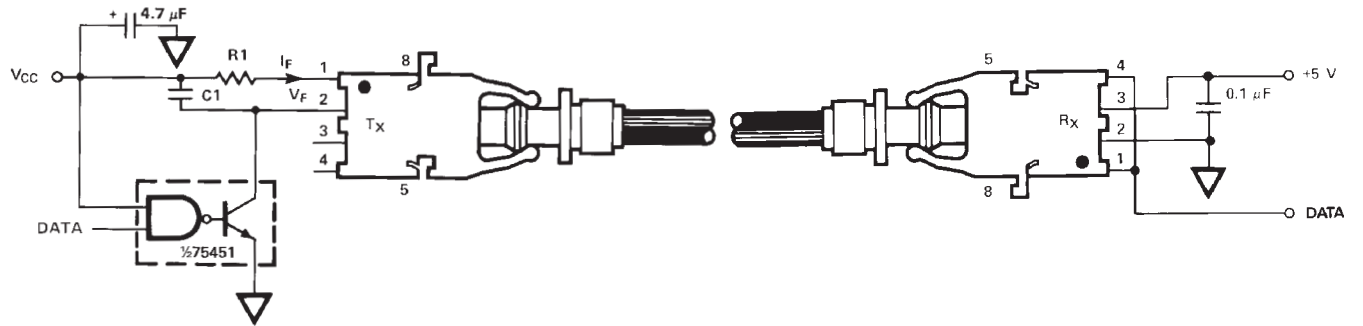


Figure 9. Required 1 MBd interface circuit

The HFBR-25X2ETZ receiver cannot be overdriven when using the required interface circuit shown in Figure 9

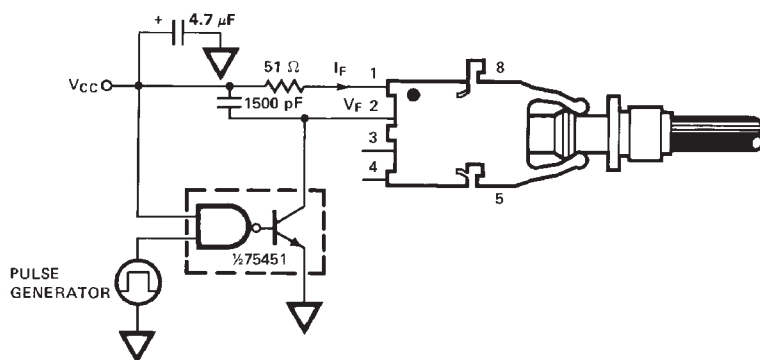


Figure 10. 1 MBd propagation delay test circuit

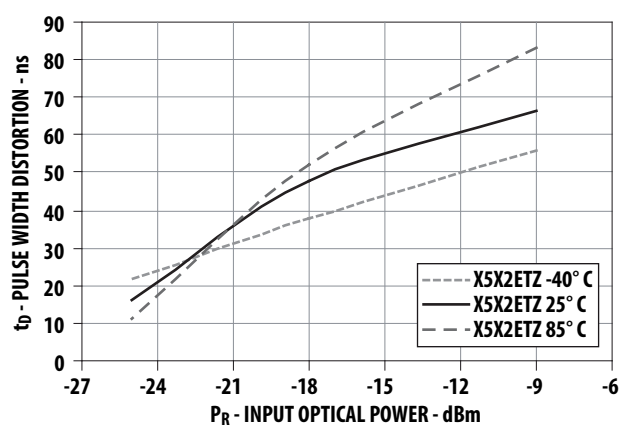


Figure 11. Typical link pulse width distortion vs. optical power

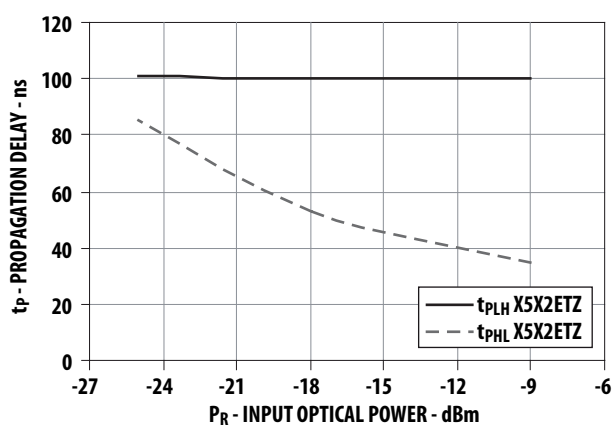


Figure 12. Typical link propagation delay vs. optical power

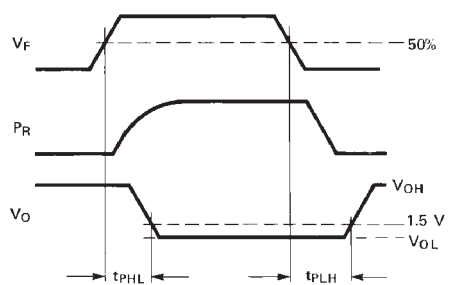
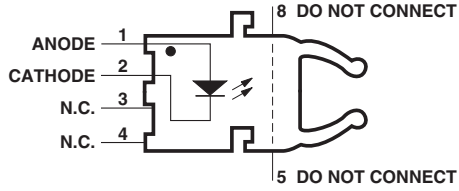


Figure 13. Propagation delay test waveforms

## HFBR-15X2ETZ Transmitters



Pin #	Function
1	Anode
2	Cathode
3	Open
4	Open
5	Do not connect
8	Do not connect

**Note:** Pins 5 and 8 are for mounting and retaining purposes only. Do not electrically connect these pins.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units	Reference
Storage Temperature	$T_S$	-40	+85	°C	
Operating Temperature	$T_A$	-40	+85	°C	
Lead Soldering Cycle	Temp.		260	°C	Note 1, 4
	Time		10	sec	
Forward Input Current	$I_{FPK}$		1000	mA	Note 2, 3
	$I_{Fdc}$		80		
Reverse Input Voltage	$V_{BR}$		5	V	

### Notes:

- 1.6 mm below seating plane.
- Recommended operating range between 10 and 750 mA.
- 1  $\mu$ s pulse, 20  $\mu$ s period.
- Moisture sensitivity level is MSL-3

All HFBR15XXETZ LED transmitters are classified as IEC 825-1 Accessible Emission Limit (AEL) Class 1 based upon the current proposed draft scheduled to go into effect on January 1, 1997. AEL Class 1 LED devices are considered eye safe. Contact your Avago sales representative for more information.

## Transmitter Electrical/Optical Characteristics -40° to 85° C unless otherwise specified.

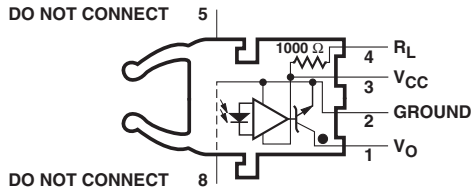
For forward voltage and output power vs. drive current graphs.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Ref.
Transmitter Output Optical Power	$P_T$	-13.9		-4.0	dBm	$I_{Fdc} = 60$ mA	Note 1
Output Optical Power Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta P_T / \Delta T$	-11.2	-0.85	-5.1	%/°C	$I_{Fdc} = 60$ mA, 25° C	
Peak Emission Wavelength	$\lambda_{PK}$		660		nm		
Forward Voltage	$V_F$	1.43	1.67	2.05	V	$I_{Fdc} = 60$ mA	
Forward Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_F / \Delta T$		-1.37		mV/°C		Fig. 09
Effective Diameter	$D_T$		1		mm		
Reverse Input Breakdown Voltage	$V_{BR}$	5.0	11.0		V	$I_{Fdc} = 10$ $\mu$ A, $T_A = 25^\circ$ C	
Diode Capacitance	$C_O$		86		pF	$V_F = 0$ , $f = 1$ MHz	
Rise Time	$t_r$		20		ns	10% to 90%,	Note 2
Fall Time	$t_f$		20		ns	$I_F = 60$ mA	

### Note:

- Optical power measured at the end of 0.5 m of 1 mm diameter POF (NA = 0.5) with a large area detector.
- Rise and fall times are measured with a voltage pulse driving the transmitter driver IC (75451). A wide bandwidth optical to electrical waveform analyzer, terminated to a 50  $\Omega$  input of a wide bandwidth oscilloscope, is used for this response time measurement.

## HFBR-25X2ETZ Receivers



Pin #	Function
1	V <sub>O</sub>
2	Ground
3	V <sub>CC</sub>
4	R <sub>L</sub>
5	Do not connect
8	Do not connect

**Note:** Pins 5 and 8 are for mounting and retaining purposes only. Do not electrically connect these pins.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units	Reference
Storage Temperature	T <sub>S</sub>	-40	+85	° C	
Operating Temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	-40	+85	° C	
Lead Soldering Cycle	Temp.		260	° C	Note 1, 3
	Time		10	sec	
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.5	7	V	Note 2
Output Collector Current	I <sub>OAV</sub>		25	mA	
Output Collector Power Dissipation	P <sub>OD</sub>		40	mW	
Output Voltage	V <sub>O</sub>	-0.5	18	V	
Pull-up Voltage	V <sub>P</sub>	-5	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
Fan Out (TTL)	N		5		

### Notes:

- 1.6 mm below seating plane.
- It is essential that a bypass capacitor 0.1 μF be connected from pin 2 to pin 3 of the receiver. Total lead length between both ends of the capacitor and the pins should not exceed 20 mm.
- Moisture sensitivity level is MSL-3

## Receiver Electrical/Optical Characteristics -40° to 85° C, 4.75 V ≤ V<sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.25 V unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Ref.
Receiver Optical Input Power Level Logic 0	P <sub>R(L)</sub>	-24		-9.5	dBm	V <sub>OL</sub> ≤ 0.5 V I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	Notes 1, 2, 3
Optical Input Power Level Logic 1	P <sub>R(H)</sub>			-43	dBm	V <sub>OH</sub> = 5.25 V I <sub>OH</sub> = ≤250 μA	Note 4
High Level Output Current	I <sub>OH</sub>		5	250	μA	V <sub>O</sub> = 18 V, P <sub>R</sub> = 0	Note 5
Low Level Output Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>		0.4	0.5	V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA P <sub>R</sub> = P <sub>R(L)MIN</sub>	Note 5
High Level Supply Current	I <sub>CCH</sub>		3.5	6.3	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.25 V, P <sub>R</sub> = 0	Note 5
Low Level Supply Current	I <sub>CCL</sub>		6.2	10	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.25 V, P <sub>R</sub> = -12.5 dBm	Note 5
Effective Diameter	D		1		mm		
Internal Pull-up Resistor	R <sub>L</sub>	680	1000	1700	Ω		

### Notes:

- Optical power measured at the end of 1 mm diameter POF (NA = 0.5) with a large area detector.
- Pulsed LED operation at I<sub>F</sub> > 80 mA will cause increased link t<sub>PLH</sub> propagation delay time. This extended t<sub>PLH</sub> time contributes to increased pulse width distortion of the receiver output signal.
- The LED drive circuit of Figure 11 is required for 1 Mb/s operation of the HFBR-25X2ETZ.
- Optical flux, P (dBm) = 10 Log [P(μW)/1000 μW].
- R<sub>L</sub> is open.

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