## Atmel 8-bit AVR Microcontroller with 512/1024 Bytes In-System Programmable Flash ATtiny4 | ATtiny5 I ATtiny9 | ATtiny10

## Features

- High Performance, Low Power AVR ${ }^{\circledR}$ 8-Bit Microcontroller
- Advanced RISC Architecture
- 54 Powerful Instructions - Most Single Clock Cycle Execution
- $16 \times 8$ General Purpose Working Registers
- Fully Static Operation
- Up to 12 MIPS Throughput at 12 MHz
- Non-volatile Program and Data Memories
- 512/1024 Bytes of In-System Programmable Flash Program Memory
- 32 Bytes Internal SRAM
- Flash Write/Erase Cycles: 10,000
- Data Retention: 20 Years at $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 100$ Years at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Peripheral Features
- QTouch ${ }^{\circledR}$ Library Support for Capacitive Touch Sensing (1 Channel)
- One 16-bit Timer/Counter with Prescaler and Two PWM Channels
- Programmable Watchdog Timer with Separate On-chip Oscillator
- 4-channel, 8-bit Analog to Digital Converter (ATtiny5/10, only)
- On-chip Analog Comparator
- Special Microcontroller Features
- In-System Programmable (at 5V, only)
- External and Internal Interrupt Sources
- Low Power Idle, ADC Noise Reduction, and Power-down Modes
- Enhanced Power-on Reset Circuit
- Programmable Supply Voltage Level Monitor with Interrupt and Reset
- Internal Calibrated Oscillator
- I/O and Packages
- Four Programmable I/O Lines
- 6-pin SOT and 8-pad UDFN
- Operating Voltage:
- 1.8 - 5.5V
- Programming Voltage:
- 5V
- Speed Grade
- 0-4 MHz@1.8-5.5V
- 0-8 MHz@2.7-5.5V
- 0-12 MHz@ 4.5-5.5V
- Industrial and Extended Temperature Ranges
- Low Power Consumption
- Active Mode:
- $200 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ at 1 MHz and 1.8 V
- Idle Mode:
- $25 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ at 1 MHz and 1.8 V
- Power-down Mode:
$\bullet<0.1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ at 1.8 V


## 1. Pin Configurations

Figure 1-1. Pinout of ATtiny $4 / 5 / 9 / 10$


### 1.1 Pin Description

### 1.1.1 VCC

Supply voltage.

### 1.1.2 GND

Ground.

### 1.1.3 Port B (PB3..PB0)

This is a 4-bit, bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors, individually selectable for each bit. The output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics, with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, the port pins that are externally pulled low will source current if pull-up resistors are activated. Port pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

The port also serves the functions of various special features of the ATtiny4/5/9/10, as listed on page 36.

### 1.1.4 RESET

Reset input. A low level on this pin for longer than the minimum pulse length will generate a reset, even if the clock is not running and provided the reset pin has not been disabled. The minimum pulse length is given in Table 16-4 on page 118. Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to generate a reset.

The reset pin can also be used as a (weak) I/O pin.

## 2. Overview

ATtiny $4 / 5 / 9 / 10$ are low-power CMOS 8 -bit microcontrollers based on the compact AVR enhanced RISC architecture. By executing powerful instructions in a single clock cycle, the ATtiny4/5/9/10 achieve throughputs approaching 1 MIPS per MHz, allowing the system designer to optimize power consumption versus processing speed.

Figure 2-1. Block Diagram


The AVR core combines a rich instruction set with 16 general purpose working registers and system registers. All registers are directly connected to the Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU), allowing two independent registers to be accessed in one single instruction executed in one clock cycle. The resulting architecture is compact and code efficient while achieving throughputs up to ten times faster than conventional CISC microcontrollers.

The ATtiny4/5/9/10 provide the following features: 512/1024 byte of In-System Programmable Flash, 32 bytes of SRAM, four general purpose I/O lines, 16 general purpose working registers, a 16 -bit timer/counter with two PWM
channels, internal and external interrupts, a programmable watchdog timer with internal oscillator, an internal calibrated oscillator, and four software selectable power saving modes. ATtiny5/10 are also equipped with a fourchannel, 8-bit Analog to Digital Converter (ADC).

Idle mode stops the CPU while allowing the SRAM, timer/counter, ADC (ATtiny5/10, only), analog comparator, and interrupt system to continue functioning. ADC Noise Reduction mode minimizes switching noise during ADC conversions by stopping the CPU and all I/O modules except the ADC. In Power-down mode registers keep their contents and all chip functions are disabled until the next interrupt or hardware reset. In Standby mode, the oscillator is running while the rest of the device is sleeping, allowing very fast start-up combined with low power consumption.

The device is manufactured using Atmel's high density non-volatile memory technology. The on-chip, in-system programmable Flash allows program memory to be re-programmed in-system by a conventional, non-volatile memory programmer.

The ATtiny4/5/9/10 AVR are supported by a suite of program and system development tools, including macro assemblers and evaluation kits.

### 2.1 Comparison of ATtiny4, ATtiny5, ATtiny9 and ATtiny10

A comparison of the devices is shown in Table 2-1.
Table 2-1. Differences between ATtiny4, ATtiny5, ATtiny9 and ATtiny10

| Device | Flash | ADC | Signature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ATtiny4 | 512 bytes | No | $0 \times 1 \mathrm{E} 0 \times 8 \mathrm{~F} 0 \times 0 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| ATtiny5 | 512 bytes | Yes | $0 \times 1 \mathrm{E} 0 \times 8 \mathrm{~F} 0 \times 09$ |
| ATtiny9 | 1024 bytes | No | $0 \times 1 \mathrm{E} 0 \times 900 \times 08$ |
| ATtiny10 | 1024 bytes | Yes | $0 \times 1 \mathrm{E} 0 \times 900 \times 03$ |

## 3. General Information

### 3.1 Resources

A comprehensive set of drivers, application notes, data sheets and descriptions on development tools are available for download at http://www.atmel.com/microcontroller/avr.

### 3.2 Code Examples

This documentation contains simple code examples that briefly show how to use various parts of the device. These code examples assume that the part specific header file is included before compilation. Be aware that not all C compiler vendors include bit definitions in the header files and interrupt handling in $C$ is compiler dependent. Please confirm with the C compiler documentation for more details.

### 3.3 Capacitive Touch Sensing

Atmel QTouch Library provides a simple to use solution for touch sensitive interfaces on Atmel AVR microcontrollers. The QTouch Library includes support for QTouch ${ }^{\circledR}$ and QMatrix ${ }^{\circledR}$ acquisition methods.

Touch sensing is easily added to any application by linking the QTouch Library and using the Application Programming Interface (API) of the library to define the touch channels and sensors. The application then calls the API to retrieve channel information and determine the state of the touch sensor.

The QTouch Library is free and can be downloaded from the Atmel website. For more information and details of implementation, refer to the QTouch Library User Guide - also available from the Atmel website.

### 3.4 Data Retention

Reliability Qualification results show that the projected data retention failure rate is much less than 1 PPM over 20 years at $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or 100 years at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## 4. Register Summary

| Address | Name | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0x3F | SREG | I | T | H | S | V | N | Z | C | Page 12 |
| 0x3E | SPH | Stack Pointer High Byte |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Page 12 |
| 0x3D | SPL | Stack Pointer Low Byte |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Page 12 |
| $0 \times 3 \mathrm{C}$ | CCP | CPU Change Protection Byte |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Page 11 |
| 0x3B | RSTFLR | - | - | - | - | WDRF | - | EXTRF | PORF | Page 34 |
| 0x3A | SMCR | - | - | - | - | SM2 | SM1 | SM0 | SE | Page 25 |
| 0x39 | OSCCAL | Oscillator Calibration Byte |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Page 21 |
| 0x38 | Reserved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 0x37 | CLKMSR | - | - | - | - | - | - | CLKMS1 | CLKMSO | Page 21 |
| 0x36 | CLKPSR | - | - | - | - | CLKPS3 | CLKPS2 | CLKPS1 | CLKPSO | Page 22 |
| 0x35 | PRR | - | - | - | - | - | - | PRADC | PRTIM0 | Page 26 |
| 0x34 | VLMCSR | VLMF | VLMIE | - | - | - | VLM2 | VLM1 | VLM0 | Page 33 |
| 0x33 | NVMCMD | - | - | NVM Comman |  |  |  |  |  | Page 114 |
| 0x32 | NVMCSR | NVMBSY | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Page 114 |
| 0x31 | WDTCSR | WDIF | WDIE | WDP3 | - | WDE | WDP2 | WDP1 | WDP0 | Page 32 |
| 0x30 | Reserved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 0x2F | GTCCR | TSM | - | - | - | - | - | - | PSR | Page 78 |
| 0x2E | TCCROA | COM0A1 | COMOAO | COM0B1 | COMOB0 | - | - | WGM01 | WGM00 | Page 72 |
| 0x2D | TCCR0B | ICNC0 | ICESO | - | WGM03 | WGM02 | CSO2 | CSO1 | CS00 | Page 74 |
| $0 \times 2 \mathrm{C}$ | TCCR0C | FOCOA | FOCOB | - | - | - | - | - | - | Page 75 |
| 0x2B | TIMSK0 | - | - | ICIEO | - | - | OCIEOB | OCIEOA | TOIE0 | Page 77 |
| 0x2A | TIFRO | - | - | ICFO | - | - | OCFOB | OCFOA | TOV0 | Page 78 |
| 0x29 | TCNTOH | Timer/Counter0 - Counter Register High Byte |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Page 76 |
| 0x28 | TCNTOL | Timer/Counter0 - Counter Register Low Byte |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Page 76 |
| 0x27 | OCROAH | Timer/Counter0 - Compare Register A High Byte |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Page 76 |
| 0x26 | OCROAL | Timer/Counter0 - Compare Register A Low Byte |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Page 76 |
| 0x25 | OCROBH | Timer/Counter0 - Compare Register B High Byte |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Page 76 |
| 0x24 | OCROBL | Timer/Counter0 - Compare Register B Low Byte |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Page 76 |
| 0x23 | ICROH | Timer/Counter0 - Input Capture Register High Byte |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Page 77 |
| 0x22 | ICROL | Timer/Counter0 - Input Capture Register Low Byte |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Page 77 |
| 0x21 | Reserved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 0x20 | Reserved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 0x1F | ACSR | ACD | - | ACO | ACI | ACIE | ACIC | ACIS1 | ACISO | Page 80 |
| 0x1E | Reserved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 0x1D | ADCSRA | ADEN | ADSC | ADATE | ADIF | ADIE | ADPS2 | ADPS1 | ADPS0 | Page 92 |
| $0 \times 1 \mathrm{C}$ | ADCSRB | - | - | - | - | - | ADTS2 | ADTS1 | ADTS0 | Page 93 |
| 0x1B | ADMUX | - | - | - | - | - | - | MUX1 | MUX0 | Page 92 |
| $0 \times 1 \mathrm{~A}$ | Reserved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 0x19 | ADCL | ADC Conversion Result |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Page 94 |
| $0 \times 18$ | Reserved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 0x17 | DIDR0 | - | - | - | - | ADC3D | ADC2D | ADC1D | ADCOD | Page 81, Page 94 |
| $0 \times 16$ | Reserved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| $0 \times 15$ | EICRA | - | - | - | - | - | - | ISC01 | ISC00 | Page 37 |
| 0x14 | EIFR | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | INTFO | Page 38 |
| $0 \times 13$ | EIMSK | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | INTO | Page 38 |
| 0x12 | PCICR | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | PCIEO | Page 39 |
| 0x11 | PCIFR | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | PCIFO | Page 39 |
| 0x10 | PCMSK | - | - | - | - | PCINT3 | PCINT2 | PCINT1 | PCINTO | Page 39 |
| 0x0F | Reserved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 0x0E | Reserved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 0x0D | Reserved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| $0 \times 0 \mathrm{C}$ | PORTCR | - | - | - | - | - | - | BBMB | - | Page 50 |
| $0 \times 0 \mathrm{~B}$ | Reserved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 0xOA | Reserved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 0x09 | Reserved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 0x08 | Reserved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 0x07 | Reserved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 0x06 | Reserved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 0x05 | Reserved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 0x04 | Reserved | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 0x03 | PUEB | - | - | - | - | PUEB3 | PUEB2 | PUEB1 | PUEB0 | Page 50 |
| $0 \times 02$ | PORTB | - | - | - | - | PORTB3 | PORTB2 | PORTB1 | PORTB0 | Page 51 |
| 0x01 | DDRB | - | - | - | - | DDRB3 | DDRB2 | DDRB1 | DDRB0 | Page 51 |
| 0x00 | PINB | - | - | - | - | PINB3 | PINB2 | PINB1 | PINB0 | Page 51 |

Note: 1. For compatibility with future devices, reserved bits should be written to zero if accessed. Reserved I/O memory addresses
should never be written.
2. I/O Registers within the address range $0 \times 00-0 \times 1 F$ are directly bit-accessible using the SBI and CBI instructions. In these registers, the value of single bits can be checked by using the SBIS and SBIC instructions.
3. Some of the Status Flags are cleared by writing a logical one to them. Note that, unlike most other AVRs, the CBI and SBI instructions will only operation the specified bit, and can therefore be used on registers containing such Status Flags. The CBI and SBI instructions work with registers $0 \times 00$ to $0 \times 1 \mathrm{~F}$ only.
4. The ADC is available in ATtiny $5 / 10$, only.

## 5. Instruction Set Summary

| Mnemonics | Operands | Description | Operation | Flags | \#Clocks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ARITHMETIC AND LOGIC INSTRUCTIONS |  |  |  |  |  |
| ADD | Rd, Rr | Add without Carry | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd}+\mathrm{Rr}$ | Z, C,N, v, S, H | 1 |
| ADC | Rd , Rr | Add with Carry | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd}+\mathrm{Rr}+\mathrm{C}$ | Z, C,N, , , S, H | 1 |
| SUB | Rd, Rr | Subtract without Carry | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd}-\mathrm{Rr}$ | Z,C,N,v,s, H | 1 |
| SUBI | Rd, K | Subtract Immediate | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd}-\mathrm{K}$ | Z,C,N,v,s, H | 1 |
| SBC | Rd, Rr | Subtract with Carry | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd}-\mathrm{Rr}-\mathrm{C}$ | Z,C,N,V,S,H | 1 |
| SBCI | Rd, K | Subtract Immediate with Carry | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd}-\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{C}$ | Z,C,N,V,S, H | 1 |
| AND | Rd, Rr | Logical AND | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd} \bullet \mathrm{Rr}$ | Z,N,V,S | 1 |
| ANDI | Rd, K | Logical AND with Immediate | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd} \bullet \mathrm{K}$ | Z,N,V,S | 1 |
| OR | Rd, Rr | Logical OR | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd} v \mathrm{Rr}$ | Z,N,V,S | 1 |
| ORI | Rd, K | Logical OR with Immediate | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd}$ v K | Z,N,V,S | 1 |
| EOR | Rd, Rr | Exclusive OR | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd} \oplus \mathrm{Rr}$ | Z,N,V,S | 1 |
| COM | Rd | One's Complement | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow$ \$FF-Rd | Z,C,N, V, S | 1 |
| NEG | Rd | Two's Complement | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow \$ 00-\mathrm{Rd}$ | Z,C,N,V,S, H | 1 |
| SBR | Rd, K | Set Bit(s) in Register | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd} \mathrm{v}$ K | Z,N,V,S | 1 |
| CBR | Rd, K | Clear Bit(s) in Register | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd} \bullet(\$ \mathrm{FFh}-\mathrm{K})$ | Z,N,V,S | 1 |
| INC | Rd | Increment | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd}+1$ | Z,N,V,S | 1 |
| DEC | Rd | Decrement | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd}-1$ | Z,N,V,S | 1 |
| TST | Rd | Test for Zero or Minus | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd} \bullet \mathrm{Rd}$ | Z,N,V,S | 1 |
| CLR | Rd | Clear Register | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd} \oplus \mathrm{Rd}$ | Z,N,V,S | 1 |
| SER | Rd | Set Register | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow$ \$ FF | None | 1 |
| BRANCH INSTRUCTIONS |  |  |  |  |  |
| RJMP | k | Relative Jump | $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+\mathrm{k}+1$ | None | 2 |
| IJMP |  | Indirect Jump to (Z) | $\mathrm{PC}(15: 0) \leftarrow \mathrm{Z}, \mathrm{PC}(21: 16) \leftarrow 0$ | None | 2 |
| RCALL | k | Relative Subroutine Call | $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+\mathrm{k}+1$ | None | 3/4 |
| ICALL |  | Indirect Call to (Z) | $\mathrm{PC}(15: 0) \leftarrow \mathrm{Z}, \mathrm{PC}(21: 16) \leftarrow 0$ | None | 3/4 |
| RET |  | Subroutine Return | $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow$ STACK | None | $4 / 5$ |
| RETI |  | Interrupt Return | $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow$ STACK | 1 | 4/5 |
| CPSE | Rd, Rr | Compare, Skip if Equal | if ( $\mathrm{Rd}=\mathrm{Rr}$ ) $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+2$ or 3 | None | 1/2/3 |
| CP | Rd, Rr | Compare | Rd - Rr | Z, C,N,V,S,H | 1 |
| CPC | Rd, Rr | Compare with Carry | $\mathrm{Rd}-\mathrm{Rr}-\mathrm{C}$ | Z, C,N, V, S, H | 1 |
| CPI | Rd, K | Compare with Immediate | Rd-K | Z, C,N,V,S,H | 1 |
| SBRC | $\mathrm{Rr}, \mathrm{b}$ | Skip if Bit in Register Cleared | if $(\operatorname{Rr}(\mathrm{b})=0) \mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+2$ or 3 | None | 1/2/3 |
| SBRS | $\mathrm{Rr}, \mathrm{b}$ | Skip if Bit in Register is Set | if $(\operatorname{Rr}(\mathrm{b})=1) \mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+2$ or 3 | None | 1/2/3 |
| SBIC | A, b | Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared | if (l/O(A, b $)=0) \mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+2$ or 3 | None | 1/2/3 |
| SBIS | A, b | Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set | if (I/O(A, b $)=1$ ) PC $\leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+2$ or 3 | None | 1/2/3 |
| BRBS | s, k | Branch if Status Flag Set | if (SREG(s) $=1$ ) then $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+\mathrm{k}+1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRBC | s, k | Branch if Status Flag Cleared | if (SREG(s) $=0$ ) then $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+\mathrm{k}+1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BREQ | k | Branch if Equal | if $(Z=1)$ then $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+\mathrm{k}+1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRNE | k | Branch if Not Equal | if $(Z=0)$ then $P C \leftarrow P C+k+1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRCS | k | Branch if Carry Set | if ( $\mathrm{C}=1$ ) then $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+\mathrm{k}+1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRCC | k | Branch if Carry Cleared | if ( $\mathrm{C}=0)$ then $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+\mathrm{k}+1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRSH | k | Branch if Same or Higher | if ( $\mathrm{C}=0$ ) then $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+\mathrm{k}+1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRLO | k | Branch if Lower | if ( $\mathrm{C}=1)$ then $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+\mathrm{k}+1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRMI | k | Branch if Minus | if $(\mathrm{N}=1)$ then $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+\mathrm{k}+1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRPL | k | Branch if Plus | if $(\mathrm{N}=0)$ then $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+\mathrm{k}+1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRGE | k | Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed | if $(\mathrm{N} \oplus \mathrm{V}=0)$ then $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+\mathrm{k}+1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRLT | k | Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed | if $(\mathrm{N} \oplus \mathrm{V}=1)$ then $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+\mathrm{k}+1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRHS | k | Branch if Half Carry Flag Set | if $(\mathrm{H}=1)$ then $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+\mathrm{k}+1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRHC | k | Branch if Half Carry Flag Cleared | if $(\mathrm{H}=0)$ then $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+\mathrm{k}+1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRTS | k | Branch if T Flag Set | if ( $\mathrm{T}=1$ ) then $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+\mathrm{k}+1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRTC | k | Branch if T Flag Cleared | if $(\mathrm{T}=0)$ then $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+\mathrm{k}+1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRVS | k | Branch if Overflow Flag is Set | if $(\mathrm{V}=1)$ then $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+\mathrm{k}+1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRVC | k | Branch if Overflow Flag is Cleared | if $(\mathrm{V}=0)$ then $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+\mathrm{k}+1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRIE | k | Branch if Interrupt Enabled | if $(\mathrm{I}=1)$ then $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+\mathrm{k}+1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRID | k | Branch if Interrupt Disabled | if $(1=0)$ then $\mathrm{PC} \leftarrow \mathrm{PC}+\mathrm{k}+1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BIT AND BIT-TEST INSTRUCTIONS |  |  |  |  |  |
| LSL | Rd | Logical Shift Left | $\mathrm{Rd}(\mathrm{n}+1) \leftarrow \operatorname{Rd}(\mathrm{n}), \mathrm{Rd}(0) \leftarrow 0$ | Z,C,N,V,H | 1 |
| LSR | Rd | Logical Shift Right | $\mathrm{Rd}(\mathrm{n}) \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd}(\mathrm{n}+1), \mathrm{Rd}(7) \leftarrow 0$ | Z,C,N,V | 1 |
| ROL | Rd | Rotate Left Through Carry | $\mathrm{Rd}(0) \leftarrow \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{Rd}(\mathrm{n}+1) \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd}(\mathrm{n}), \mathrm{C} \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd}(7)$ | Z,C,N,V,H | 1 |
| ROR | Rd | Rotate Right Through Carry | $\operatorname{Rd}(7) \leftarrow C, \operatorname{Rd}(\mathrm{n}) \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd}(\mathrm{n}+1), \mathrm{C} \leftarrow \operatorname{Rd}(0)$ | Z,C,N,V | 1 |
| ASR | Rd | Arithmetic Shift Right | $\mathrm{Rd}(\mathrm{n}) \leftarrow \mathrm{Rd}(\mathrm{n}+1), \mathrm{n}=0 . .6$ | Z,C,N,V | 1 |
| SWAP | Rd | Swap Nibbles | $\mathrm{Rd}(3 . .0) \leftarrow \operatorname{Rd}(7 . .4), \mathrm{Rd}(7 . .4) \leftarrow \operatorname{Rd}(3 . .0)$ | None | 1 |
| BSET | s | Flag Set | SREG(s) $\leftarrow 1$ | SREG(s) | 1 |
| BCLR | s | Flag Clear | SREG(s) $\leftarrow 0$ | SREG(s) | 1 |
| SBI | A, b | Set Bit in I/O Register | $\mathrm{l} / \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{b}) \leftarrow 1$ | None | 1 |


| Mnemonics | Operands | Description | Operation | Flags | \#Clocks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CBI | A, b | Clear Bit in I/O Register | $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{b}) \leftarrow 0$ | None | 1 |
| BST | $\mathrm{Rr}, \mathrm{b}$ | Bit Store from Register to T | $\mathrm{T} \leftarrow \operatorname{Rr}(\mathrm{b})$ | T | 1 |
| BLD | Rd, b | Bit load from T to Register | $\mathrm{Rd}(\mathrm{b}) \leftarrow \mathrm{T}$ | None | 1 |
| SEC |  | Set Carry | $\mathrm{C} \leftarrow 1$ | C | 1 |
| CLC |  | Clear Carry | $\mathrm{C} \leftarrow 0$ | C | 1 |
| SEN |  | Set Negative Flag | $N \leftarrow 1$ | N | 1 |
| CLN |  | Clear Negative Flag | $N \leftarrow 0$ | N | 1 |
| SEZ |  | Set Zero Flag | $\mathrm{Z} \leftarrow 1$ | Z | 1 |
| CLZ |  | Clear Zero Flag | $\mathrm{Z} \leftarrow 0$ | z | 1 |
| SEI |  | Global Interrupt Enable | $1 \leftarrow 1$ | 1 | 1 |
| CLI |  | Global Interrupt Disable | $1 \leftarrow 0$ | 1 | 1 |
| SES |  | Set Signed Test Flag | $\mathrm{S} \leftarrow 1$ | S | 1 |
| CLS |  | Clear Signed Test Flag | $\mathrm{S} \leftarrow 0$ | S | 1 |
| SEV |  | Set Two's Complement Overflow. | $V \leftarrow 1$ | V | 1 |
| CLV |  | Clear Two's Complement Overflow | $V \leftarrow 0$ | V | 1 |
| SET |  | Set T in SREG | $\mathrm{T} \leftarrow 1$ | T | 1 |
| CLT |  | Clear T in SREG | $\mathrm{T} \leftarrow 0$ | T | 1 |
| SEH |  | Set Half Carry Flag in SREG | $\mathrm{H} \leftarrow 1$ | H | 1 |
| CLH |  | Clear Half Carry Flag in SREG | $\mathrm{H} \leftarrow 0$ | H | 1 |
| DATA TRANSFER INSTRUCTIONS |  |  |  |  |  |
| MOV | Rd, Rr | Copy Register | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow \mathrm{Rr}$ | None | 1 |
| LDI | Rd, K | Load Immediate | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow \mathrm{K}$ | None | 1 |
| LD | Rd, X | Load Indirect | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow(\mathrm{X})$ | None | 1/2 |
| LD | Rd, $\mathrm{X}+$ | Load Indirect and Post-Increment | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow(\mathrm{X}), \mathrm{X} \leftarrow \mathrm{X}+1$ | None | 2 |
| LD | Rd, - X | Load Indirect and Pre-Decrement | $\mathrm{X} \leftarrow \mathrm{X}-1, \mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow(\mathrm{X})$ | None | 2/3 |
| LD | $\mathrm{Rd}, \mathrm{Y}$ | Load Indirect | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow(\mathrm{Y})$ | None | 1/2 |
| LD | Rd, $\mathrm{Y}+$ | Load Indirect and Post-Increment | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow(\mathrm{Y}), \mathrm{Y} \leftarrow \mathrm{Y}+1$ | None | 2 |
| LD | Rd, - Y | Load Indirect and Pre-Decrement | $Y \leftarrow Y-1, R d \leftarrow(Y)$ | None | 2/3 |
| LD | Rd, Z | Load Indirect | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow(\mathrm{Z})$ | None | 1/2 |
| LD | Rd, $\mathrm{Z}+$ | Load Indirect and Post-Increment | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow(\mathrm{Z}), \mathrm{Z} \leftarrow \mathrm{Z}+1$ | None | 2 |
| LD | Rd, -Z | Load Indirect and Pre-Decrement | $\mathrm{Z} \leftarrow \mathrm{Z}-1, \mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow(\mathrm{Z})$ | None | 2/3 |
| LDS | Rd, k | Store Direct from SRAM | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow(\mathrm{k})$ | None | 1 |
| ST | $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Rr}$ | Store Indirect | $(\mathrm{X}) \leftarrow \mathrm{Rr}$ | None | 1 |
| ST | $\mathrm{X}+$, Rr | Store Indirect and Post-Increment | $(\mathrm{X}) \leftarrow \mathrm{Rr}, \mathrm{X} \leftarrow \mathrm{X}+1$ | None | 1 |
| ST | - $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Rr}$ | Store Indirect and Pre-Decrement | $\mathrm{X} \leftarrow \mathrm{X}-1,(\mathrm{X}) \leftarrow \mathrm{Rr}$ | None | 2 |
| ST | Y, Rr | Store Indirect | $(\mathrm{Y}) \leftarrow \mathrm{Rr}$ | None | 1 |
| ST | $\mathrm{Y}+$, Rr | Store Indirect and Post-Increment | $(\mathrm{Y}) \leftarrow \mathrm{Rr}, \mathrm{Y} \leftarrow \mathrm{Y}+1$ | None | 1 |
| ST | - Y, Rr | Store Indirect and Pre-Decrement | $\mathrm{Y} \leftarrow \mathrm{Y}-1,(\mathrm{Y}) \leftarrow \mathrm{Rr}$ | None | 2 |
| ST | $\mathrm{Z}, \mathrm{Rr}$ | Store Indirect | $(\mathrm{Z}) \leftarrow \mathrm{Rr}$ | None | 1 |
| ST | Z + , Rr | Store Indirect and Post-Increment. | $(\mathrm{Z}) \leftarrow \mathrm{Rr}, \mathrm{Z} \leftarrow \mathrm{Z}+1$ | None | 1 |
| ST | -Z, Rr | Store Indirect and Pre-Decrement | $\mathrm{Z} \leftarrow \mathrm{Z}-1,(\mathrm{Z}) \leftarrow \mathrm{Rr}$ | None | 2 |
| STS | k, Rr | Store Direct to SRAM | $(\mathrm{k}) \leftarrow \mathrm{Rr}$ | None | 1 |
| IN | $\mathrm{Rd}, \mathrm{A}$ | In from I/O Location | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{A})$ | None | 1 |
| OUT | A, Rr | Out to I/O Location | $1 / \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{A}) \leftarrow \mathrm{Rr}$ | None | 1 |
| PUSH | Rr | Push Register on Stack | STACK $\leftarrow \mathrm{Rr}$ | None | 2 |
| POP | Rd | Pop Register from Stack | $\mathrm{Rd} \leftarrow$ STACK | None | 2 |
| MCU CONTROL INSTRUCTIONS |  |  |  |  |  |
| BREAK |  | Break | (see specific descr. for Break) | None | 1 |
| NOP |  | No Operation |  | None | 1 |
| SLEEP |  | Sleep | (see specific descr. for Sleep) | None | 1 |
| WDR |  | Watchdog Reset | (see specific descr. for WDR) | None | 1 |

## 6. Ordering Information

### 6.1 ATtiny4

| Supply Voltage | Speed $^{(1)}$ | Temperature | Package $^{(2)}$ | Ordering Code $^{(3)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $1.8-5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 12 MHz | Industrial <br> $\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$${ }^{(4)}$ | $6 \mathrm{ST1}$ | ATtiny4-TSHR ${ }^{(5)}$ |
|  | 10 MHz | Extended <br> $\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right){ }^{(6)}$ | $6 \mathrm{MA4}$ | ATtiny4-MAHR ${ }^{(6)}$ |
|  |  | $6 \mathrm{ST1}$ | ATtiny4-TS8R ${ }^{(5)}$ |  |

Notes: 1. For speed vs. supply voltage, see section 16.3 "Speed" on page 116.
2. All packages are Pb -free, halide-free and fully green and they comply with the European directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS). NiPdAu finish.
3. Tape and reel.
4. Can also be supplied in wafer form. Contact your local Atmel sales office for ordering information and minimum quantities.
5. Top/bottomside markings:

- Top: T4x, where $\mathbf{x}=$ die revision
- Bottom: zHzzz or z8zzz, where $\mathbf{H}=\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$, and $\mathbf{8}=\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

6. For typical and Electrical characteristics for this device please consult Appendix A, ATtiny $4 / 5 / 9 / 10$ Specification at $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

| Package Type |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6ST1 | 6-lead, $2.90 \times 1.60 \mathrm{~mm}$ Plastic Small Outline Package (SOT23) |
| 8MA4 | 8-pad, $2 \times 2 \times 0.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ Plastic Ultra Thin Dual Flat No Lead (UDFN) |

### 6.2 ATtiny5

| Supply Voltage | Speed $^{(1)}$ | Temperature | Package $^{(2)}$ | Ordering Code ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $1.8-5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 12 MHz | Industrial <br> $\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right){ }^{(4)}$ | $6 \mathrm{ST1}$ | ATtiny5-TSHR ${ }^{(5)}$ |
|  | 10 MHz | Extended <br> $\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to } 125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)^{(6)}$ | $6 \mathrm{MA4}$ | ATtiny5-MAHR ${ }^{(6)}$ |
|  |  | $6 \mathrm{ST1}$ | ATtiny5-TS8R ${ }^{(5)}$ |  |

Notes: 1. For speed vs. supply voltage, see section 16.3 "Speed" on page 116.
2. All packages are Pb -free, halide-free and fully green and they comply with the European directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS). NiPdAu finish.
3. Tape and reel.
4. Can also be supplied in wafer form. Contact your local Atmel sales office for ordering information and minimum quantities.
5. Top/bottomside markings:

- Top: T5x, where $\mathbf{x}=$ die revision
- Bottom: zHzzz or z8zzz, where $\mathbf{H}=\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$, and $\mathbf{8}=\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

6. For typical and Electrical characteristics for this device please consult Appendix A, ATtiny $4 / 5 / 9 / 10$ Specification at $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## Package Type

| 6ST1 | 6-lead, $2.90 \times 1.60 \mathrm{~mm}$ Plastic Small Outline Package (SOT23) |
| :--- | :--- |
| 8MA4 | 8-pad, $2 \times 2 \times 0.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ Plastic Ultra Thin Dual Flat No Lead (UDFN) |

### 6.3 ATtiny9

| Supply Voltage | Speed $^{(1)}$ | Temperature | Package $^{(2)}$ | Ordering Code ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $1.8-5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 12 MHz | Industrial <br> $\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$${ }^{(4)}$ | $6 \mathrm{ST1}$ | ATtiny9-TSHR ${ }^{(5)}$ |
|  | 10 MHz | Extended <br> $\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to } 125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)^{(6)}$ | $6 \mathrm{MA4}$ | ATtiny9-MAHR ${ }^{(6)}$ |
|  |  | $6 S T 1$ | ATtiny9-TS8R ${ }^{(5)}$ |  |

Notes: 1. For speed vs. supply voltage, see section 16.3 "Speed" on page 116.
2. All packages are Pb -free, halide-free and fully green and they comply with the European directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS). NiPdAu finish.
3. Tape and reel.
4. Can also be supplied in wafer form. Contact your local Atmel sales office for ordering information and minimum quantities.
5. Top/bottomside markings:

- Top: T9x, where $\mathbf{x}=$ die revision
- Bottom: zHzzz or z8zzz, where $\mathbf{H}=\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$, and $\mathbf{8}=\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

6. For typical and Electrical characteristics for this device please consult Appendix A, ATtiny $4 / 5 / 9 / 10$ Specification at $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

| Package Type |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6ST1 | 6-lead, $2.90 \times 1.60 \mathrm{~mm}$ Plastic Small Outline Package (SOT23) |
| 8MA4 | 8-pad, $2 \times 2 \times 0.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ Plastic Ultra Thin Dual Flat No Lead (UDFN) |

### 6.4 ATtiny10

| Supply Voltage | Speed $^{(1)}$ | Temperature | Package $^{(2)}$ | Ordering Code $^{(3)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $1.8-5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 12 MHz | Industrial <br> $\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$${ }^{(4)}$ | $6 \mathrm{ST1}$ | ATtiny10-TSHR ${ }^{(5)}$ |
|  | 10 MHz | Extended <br> $\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to } 125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)^{(6)}$ | $8 \mathrm{MA4}$ | ATtiny10-MAHR ${ }^{(6)}$ |
|  |  | $6 \mathrm{ST1}$ | ATtiny10-TS8R ${ }^{(5)}$ |  |

Notes: 1. For speed vs. supply voltage, see section 16.3 "Speed" on page 116.
2. All packages are Pb -free, halide-free and fully green and they comply with the European directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS). NiPdAu finish.
3. Tape and reel.
4. Can also be supplied in wafer form. Contact your local Atmel sales office for ordering information and minimum quantities.
5. Top/bottomside markings:

- Top: T10x, where $\mathbf{x}=$ die revision
- Bottom: zHzzz or z8zzz, where $\mathbf{H}=\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$, and $\mathbf{8}=\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

6. For typical and Electrical characteristics for this device please consult Appendix A, ATtiny $4 / 5 / 9 / 10$ Specification at $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

| Package Type |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6ST1 | 6-lead, $2.90 \times 1.60 \mathrm{~mm}$ Plastic Small Outline Package (SOT23) |
| 8MA4 | 8-pad, $2 \times 2 \times 0.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ Plastic Ultra Thin Dual Flat No Lead (UDFN) |

## 7. Packaging Information

### 7.1 6ST1



Top View


## View B

Notes: 1. This package is compliant with JEDEC specification MO-178 Variation $A B$
2. Dimension D does not include mold Flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold Flash, protrustion or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.25 mm per end.
3. Dimension $b$ does not include dambar protrusion. Allowable dambar protrusion shall not cause the lead width to exceed the maximum b dimension by more than 0.08 mm
4. Die is facing down after trim/form.

COMMON DIMENSIONS
(Unit of Measure = mm)

| SYMBOL | MIN | NOM | MAX | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | - | - | 1.45 |  |
| A1 | 0 | - | 0.15 |  |
| A2 | 0.90 | - | 1.30 |  |
| D | 2.80 | 2.90 | 3.00 | 2 |
| E | 2.60 | 2.80 | 3.00 |  |
| E1 | 1.50 | 1.60 | 1.75 |  |
| L | 0.30 | 0.45 | 0.55 |  |
| e | 0.95 BSC |  |  |  |
| b | 0.30 | - | 0.50 | 3 |
| c | 0.09 | - | 0.20 |  |
| $\theta$ | $0^{\circ}$ | - | $8^{\circ}$ |  |


|  | TITLE <br> Package Drawing Contact: <br> packagedrawings@atmel.com | GST1, 6-lead, $2.90 \times 1.60 \mathrm{~mm}$ Plastic Small Outline <br> Package (SOT23) | GPC | DRAWING NO. |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| TAQ | REV. |  |  |  |

### 7.2 8MA4



Note: 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN mm. ANGLES IN DEGREES.
2. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED PAD AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS COPLANARITY SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.05 mm .
3. WARPAGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.05 mm .
4. REFER JEDEC MO-236/MO-252

12/17/09

| 4110 |
| :---: |

packagedrawings@atmel.com

TITLE
8PAD, $2 \times 2 \times 0.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ body, 0.5 mm pitch, $0.9 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ exposed pad, Saw singulated Thermally enhanced plastic ultra thin dual flat no lead package (UDFN/USON)


COMMON DIMENSIONS
(Unit of Measure $=\mathrm{mm}$ )

| SYMBOL | MIN | NOM | MAX | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | - | - | 0.60 |  |
| A1 | 0.00 | - | 0.05 |  |
| b | 0.20 | - | 0.30 |  |
| D | 1.95 | 2.00 | 2.05 |  |
| D2 | 1.40 | 1.50 | 1.60 |  |
| E | 1.95 | 2.00 | 2.05 |  |
| E2 | 0.80 | 0.90 | 1.00 |  |
| e | - | 0.50 | - |  |
| L | 0.20 | 0.30 | 0.40 |  |
| K | 0.20 | - | - |  |

## 8. Errata

The revision letters in this section refer to the revision of the corresponding ATtiny4/5/9/10 device.

### 8.1 ATtiny4

8.1.1 Rev. E

- Programming Lock Bits

1. Programming Lock Bits

Programming Lock Bits to a lock mode equal or lower than the current causes one word of Flash to be corrupted. The location of the corruption is random.

Problem Fix / Workaround
When programming Lock Bits, make sure lock mode is not set to present, or lower levels.
8.1.2 Rev. D

- ESD HBM (ESD STM 5.1) level $\pm 1000 \mathrm{~V}$
- Programming Lock Bits

1. ESD HBM (ESD STM 5.1) level $\pm 1000 \mathrm{~V}$

The device meets ESD HBM (ESD STM 5.1) level $\pm 1000 \mathrm{~V}$.
Problem Fix / Workaround
Always use proper ESD protection measures (Class 1C) when handling integrated circuits before and during assembly.

## 2. Programming Lock Bits

Programming Lock Bits to a lock mode equal or lower than the current causes one word of Flash to be corrupted. The location of the corruption is random.

## Problem Fix / Workaround

When programming Lock Bits, make sure lock mode is not set to present, or lower levels.

### 8.1.3 Rev. A - C

Not sampled.

### 8.2 ATtiny5

8.2.1 Rev. E

- Programming Lock Bits


## 1. Programming Lock Bits

Programming Lock Bits to a lock mode equal or lower than the current causes one word of Flash to be corrupted. The location of the corruption is random.

Problem Fix / Workaround
When programming Lock Bits, make sure lock mode is not set to present, or lower levels.
8.2.2 Rev. D

- ESD HBM (ESD STM 5.1) level $\pm 1000 \mathrm{~V}$
- Programming Lock Bits

1. ESD HBM (ESD STM 5.1) level $\pm 1000 \mathrm{~V}$

The device meets ESD HBM (ESD STM 5.1) level $\pm 1000 \mathrm{~V}$.
Problem Fix / Workaround
Always use proper ESD protection measures (Class 1C) when handling integrated circuits before and during assembly.

## 2. Programming Lock Bits

Programming Lock Bits to a lock mode equal or lower than the current causes one word of Flash to be corrupted. The location of the corruption is random.

## Problem Fix / Workaround

When programming Lock Bits, make sure lock mode is not set to present, or lower levels.
8.2.3 Rev. A - C

Not sampled.

### 8.3 ATtiny9

8.3.1 Rev. E

- Programming Lock Bits


## 1. Programming Lock Bits

Programming Lock Bits to a lock mode equal or lower than the current causes one word of Flash to be corrupted. The location of the corruption is random.

Problem Fix / Workaround
When programming Lock Bits, make sure lock mode is not set to present, or lower levels.

### 8.3.2 Rev. D

- ESD HBM (ESD STM 5.1) level $\pm 1000 \mathrm{~V}$
- Programming Lock Bits

1. ESD HBM (ESD STM 5.1) level $\pm 1000 \mathrm{~V}$

The device meets ESD HBM (ESD STM 5.1) level $\pm 1000 \mathrm{~V}$.
Problem Fix / Workaround
Always use proper ESD protection measures (Class 1C) when handling integrated circuits before and during assembly.

## 2. Programming Lock Bits

Programming Lock Bits to a lock mode equal or lower than the current causes one word of Flash to be corrupted. The location of the corruption is random.

## Problem Fix / Workaround

When programming Lock Bits, make sure lock mode is not set to present, or lower levels.

### 8.3.3 Rev. A - C

Not sampled.

### 8.4 ATtiny10

8.4.1 Rev. E

- Programming Lock Bits


## 1. Programming Lock Bits

Programming Lock Bits to a lock mode equal or lower than the current causes one word of Flash to be corrupted. The location of the corruption is random.

Problem Fix / Workaround
When programming Lock Bits, make sure lock mode is not set to present, or lower levels.
8.4.2 Rev. C - D

- ESD HBM (ESD STM 5.1) level $\pm 1000 \mathrm{~V}$
- Programming Lock Bits

1. ESD HBM (ESD STM 5.1) level $\pm 1000 \mathrm{~V}$

The device meets ESD HBM (ESD STM 5.1) level $\pm 1000 \mathrm{~V}$.
Problem Fix / Workaround
Always use proper ESD protection measures (Class 1C) when handling integrated circuits before and during assembly.

## 2. Programming Lock Bits

Programming Lock Bits to a lock mode equal or lower than the current causes one word of Flash to be corrupted. The location of the corruption is random.

## Problem Fix / Workaround

When programming Lock Bits, make sure lock mode is not set to present, or lower levels.

### 8.4.3 Rev. A - B

Not sampled.

## 9. Datasheet Revision History

### 9.1 Rev. 8127F - 02/13

1. Updated:

- Ordering information on page 10, page 11, page 12, and page 13


### 9.2 Rev. 8127E - 11/11

1. Updated:

- Device status from Preliminary to Final
- Ordering information on page 10, page 11, page 12, and page 13


### 9.3 Rev. 8127D - 02/10

1. Added UDFN package in "Features" on page 1, "Pin Configurations" on page 2, "Ordering Information" on page 10, and in "Packaging Information" on page 14
2. Updated Figure 8-2 and Figure 8-3 in Section 8.2.1 "Power-on Reset" on page 27
3. Updated Section 8.2.3 "External Reset" on page 29
4. Updated Figures 17-36 and 17-51 in "Typical Characteristics"
5. Updated notes in Section 6. "Ordering Information" on pages 10-13
6. Added device Rev. E in Section 8. "Errata" on page 16

### 9.4 Rev. 8127C - 10/09

1. Updated values and notes:

- Table 16-1 in Section 16.2 "DC Characteristics" on page 115
- Table 16-3 in Section 16.4 "Clock Characteristics" on page 117
- Table 16-6 in Section 16.5.2 "VCC Level Monitor" on page 118
- Table 16-9 in Section 16.8 "Serial Programming Characteristics" on page 120

2. Updated Figure 16-1 in Section 16.3 "Speed" on page 116
3. Added Typical Characteristics Figure 17-36 in Section 17.8 "Analog Comparator Offset" on page 139. Also, updated some other plots in Typical Characteristics.
4. Added topside and bottomside marking notes in Section 6. "Ordering Information" on page 10, up to page 13
5. Added ESD errata, see Section 8. "Errata" on page 16
6. Added Lock bits re-programming errata, see Section 8. "Errata" on page 16

### 9.5 Rev. 8127B - 08/09

1. Updated document template
2. Expanded document to also cover devices ATtiny4, ATtiny5 and ATtiny9
3. Added section:

- "Comparison of ATtiny4, ATtiny5, ATtiny9 and ATtiny10" on page 4

4. Updated sections:

- "ADC Clock - clkADC" on page 18
- "Starting from Idle / ADC Noise Reduction / Standby Mode" on page 20
- "ADC Noise Reduction Mode" on page 24
- "Analog to Digital Converter" on page 25
- "SMCR - Sleep Mode Control Register" on page 25
- "PRR - Power Reduction Register" on page 26
- "Alternate Functions of Port B" on page 48
- "Overview" on page 82
- "Physical Layer of Tiny Programming Interface" on page 95
- "Overview" on page 106
- "ADC Characteristics (ATtiny5/10, only)" on page 119
- "Supply Current of I/O Modules" on page 121
- "Register Summary" on page 6
- "Ordering Information" on page 10

5. Added figure:

- "Using an External Programmer for In-System Programming via TPI" on page 96

6. Updated figure:

- "Data Memory Map (Byte Addressing)" on page 15

7. Added table:

- "Number of Words and Pages in the Flash (ATtiny4/5)" on page 108

8. Updated tables:

- "Active Clock Domains and Wake-up Sources in Different Sleep Modes" on page 23
- "Reset and Interrupt Vectors" on page 35
- "Number of Words and Pages in the Flash (ATtiny9/10)" on page 107
- "Signature codes" on page 109


### 9.6 Rev. 8127A - 04/09

1. Initial revision

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