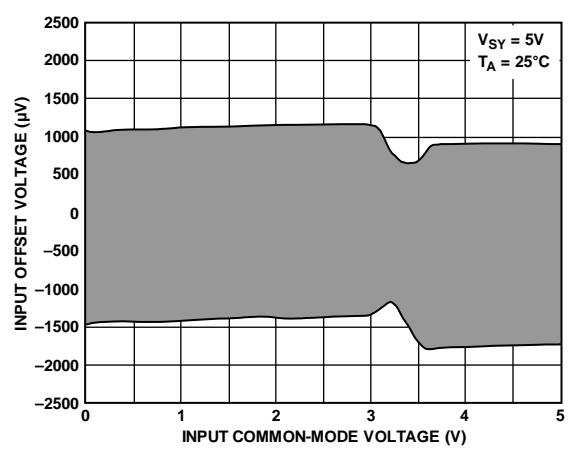
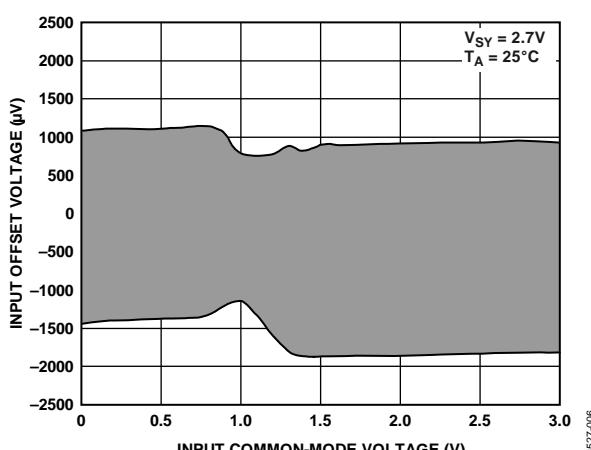
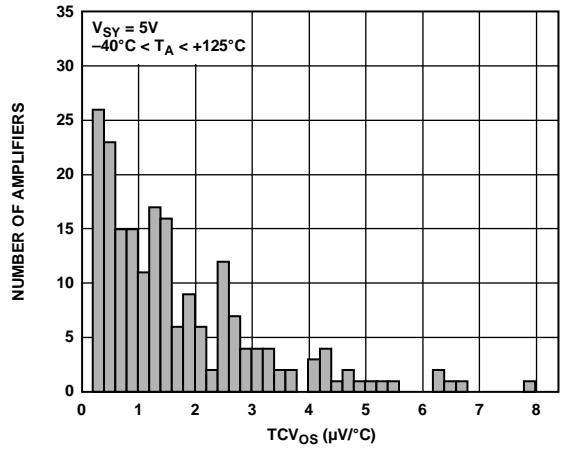
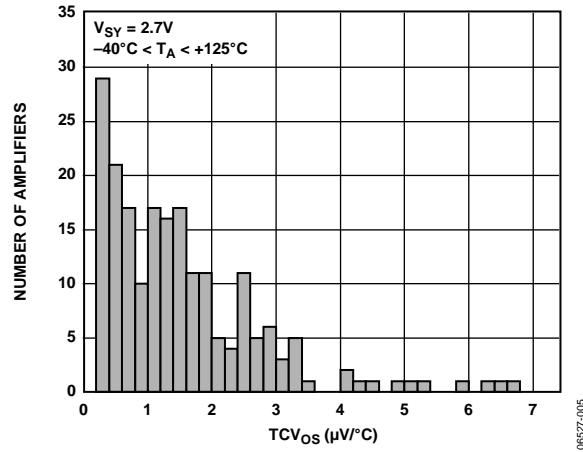
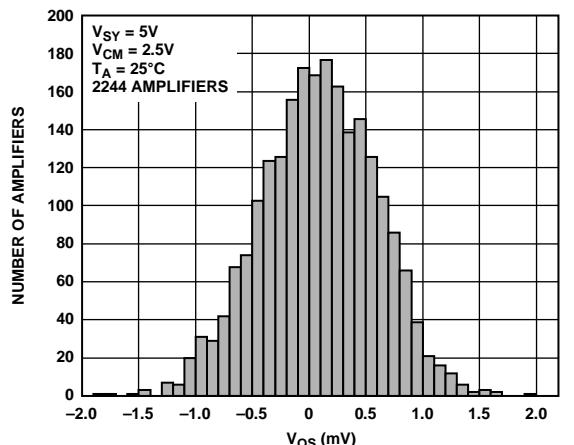
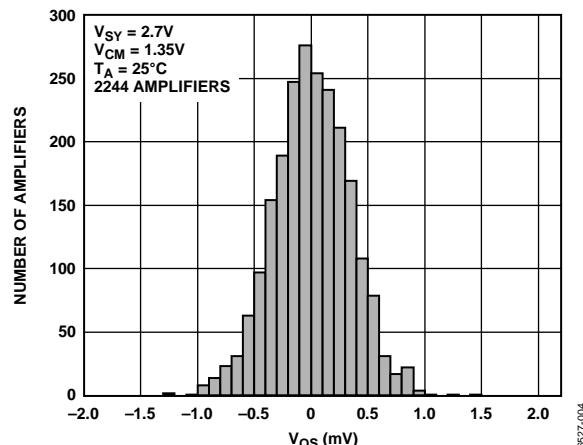
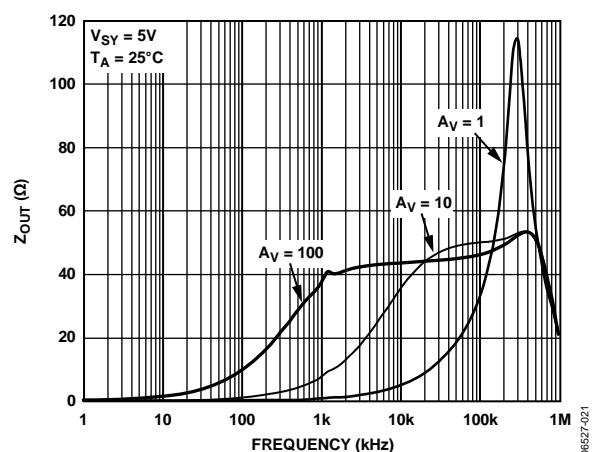
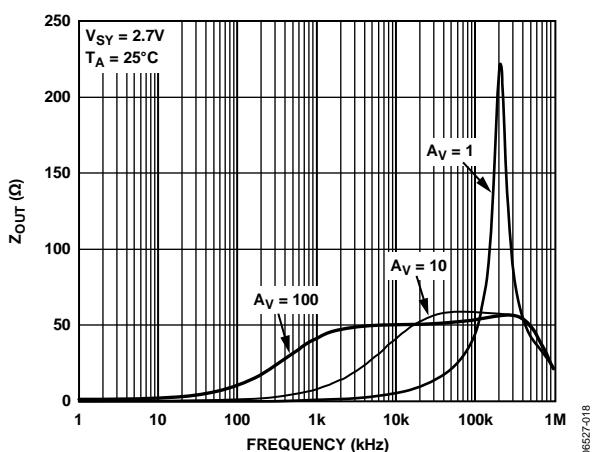
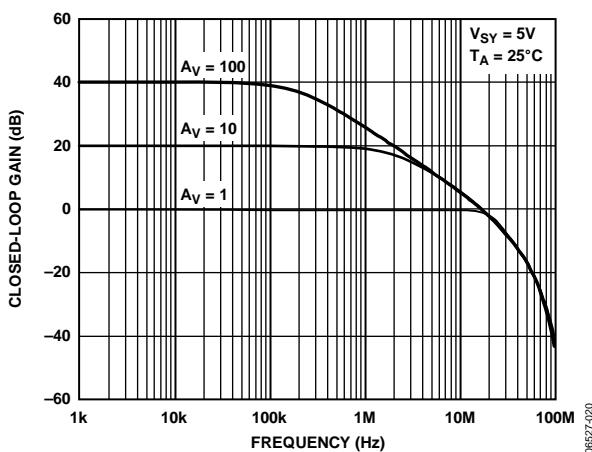
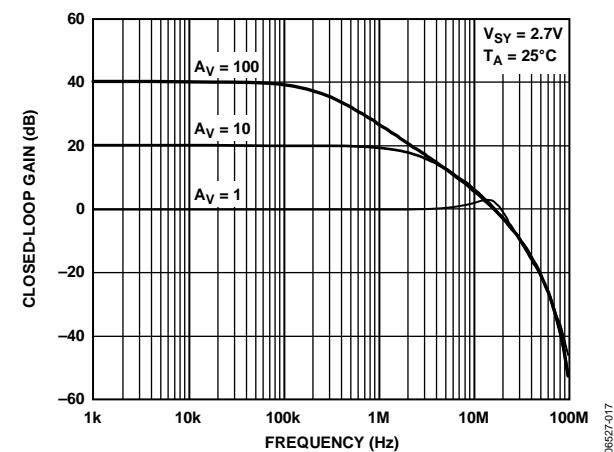
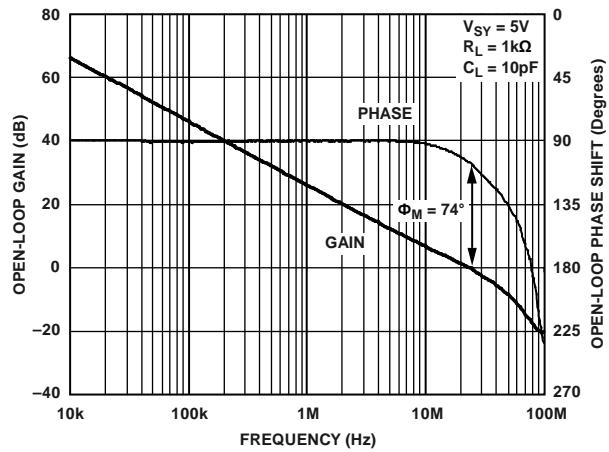
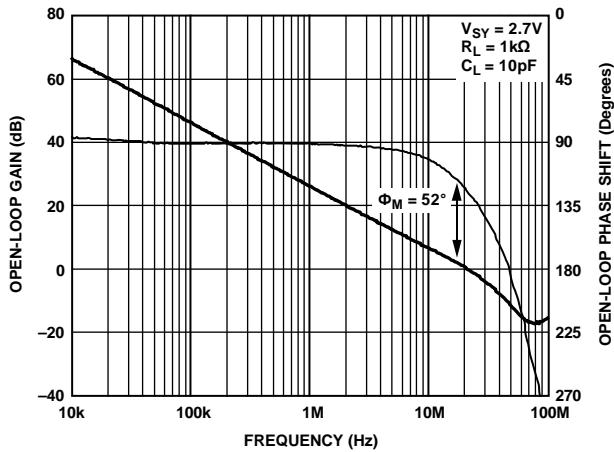


Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
NOISE PERFORMANCE						
Peak-to-Peak Noise	e_n p-p	0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		2.3		μV
Voltage Noise Density	e_n	f = 1 kHz		8		nV/ \sqrt{Hz}
		f = 10 kHz		6		nV/ \sqrt{Hz}
Channel Separation	CS	f = 10 kHz		-115		dB
		f = 100 kHz		-110		dB
Total Harmonic Distortion Plus Noise	THD + N	V p-p = 0.1 V, R_L = 600 Ω , f = 25 kHz, T_A = 25°C A_V = +1 A_V = -10		0.010		%
				0.021		%

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS





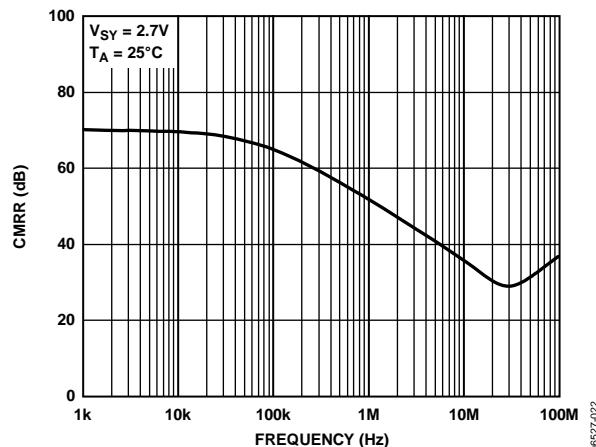


Figure 22. CMRR vs. Frequency

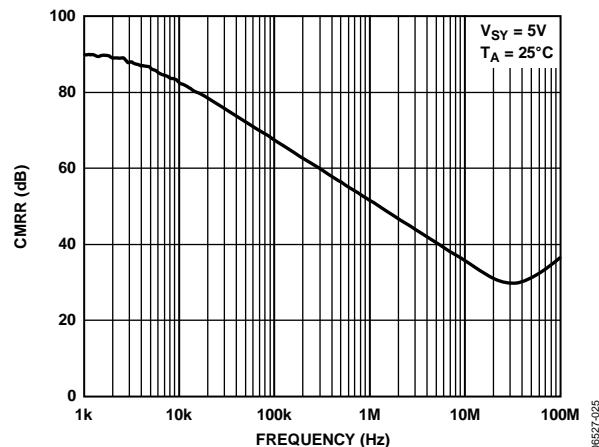


Figure 25. CMRR vs. Frequency

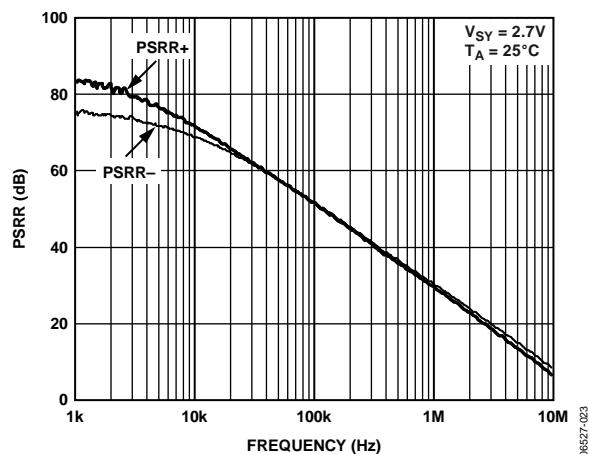


Figure 23. PSRR vs. Frequency

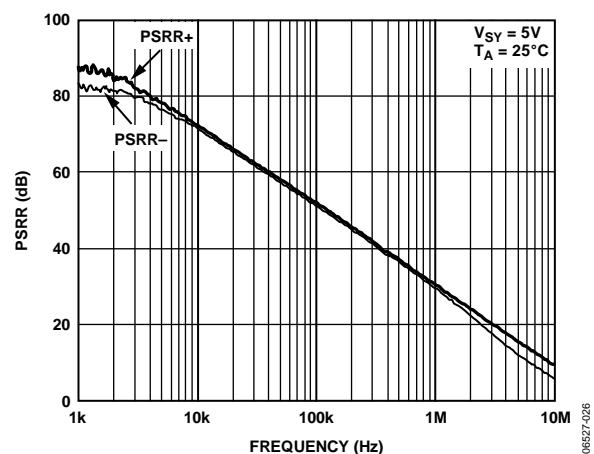


Figure 26. PSRR vs. Frequency

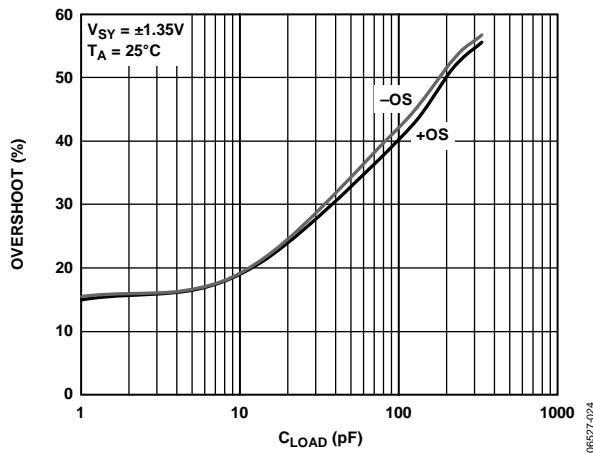


Figure 24. Overshoot vs. Load Capacitance

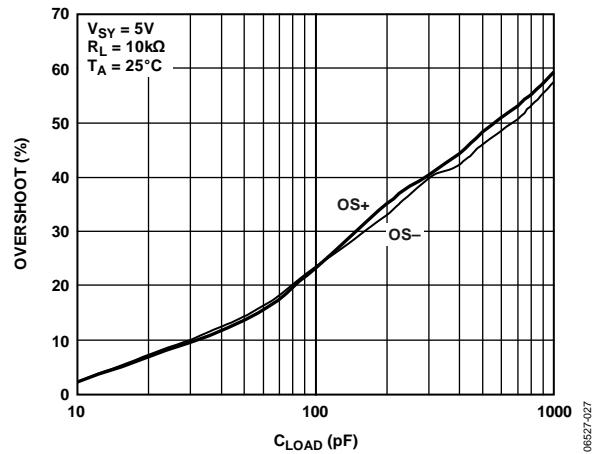


Figure 27. Overshoot vs. Load Capacitance

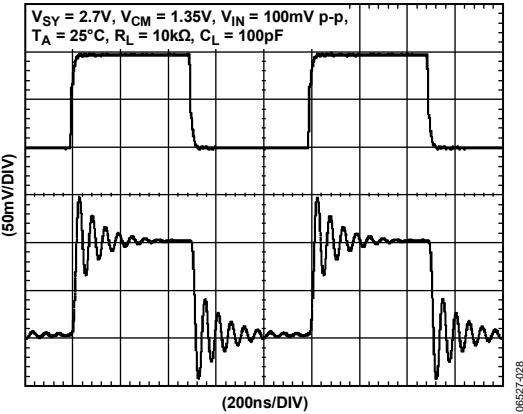


Figure 28. Small-Signal Transient Response

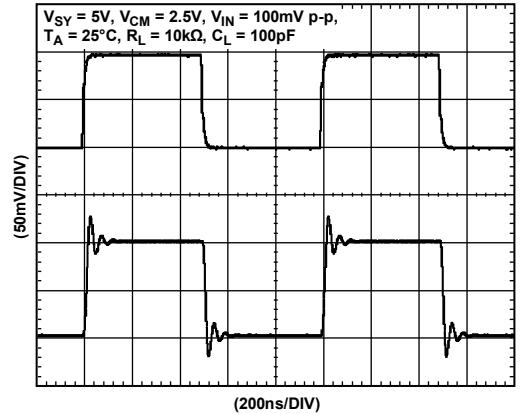


Figure 31. Small-Signal Transient Response

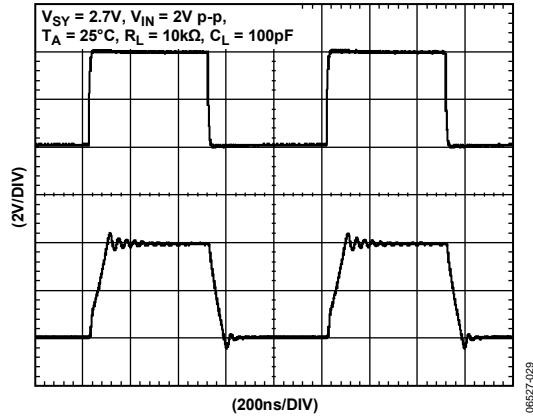


Figure 29. Large-Signal Transient Response

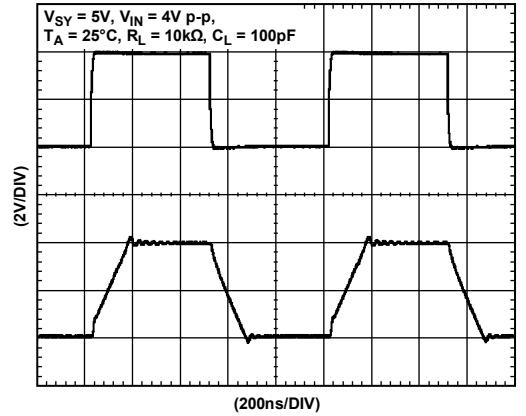


Figure 32. Large-Signal Transient Response

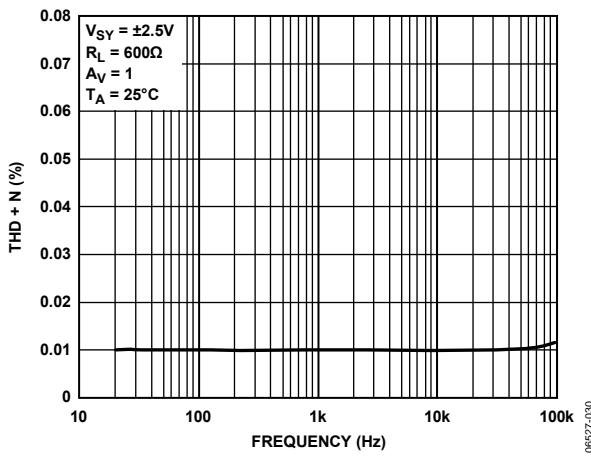


Figure 30. THD + Noise vs. Frequency

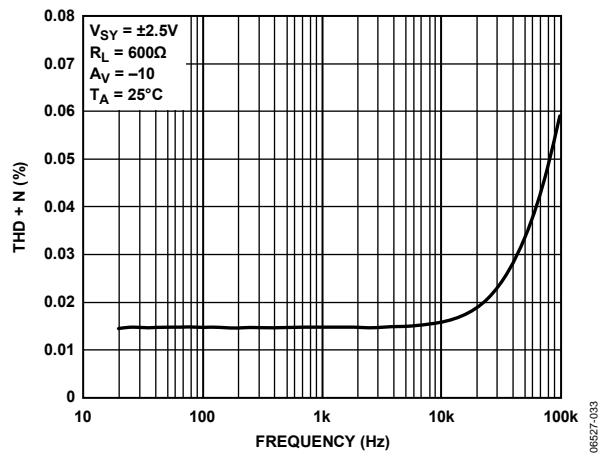


Figure 33. THD + Noise vs. Frequency

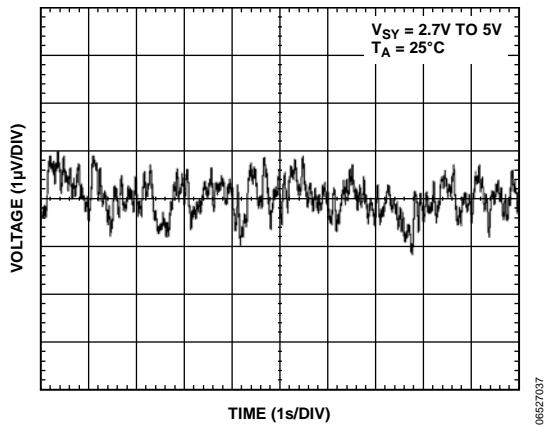


Figure 34. 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz Voltage Noise

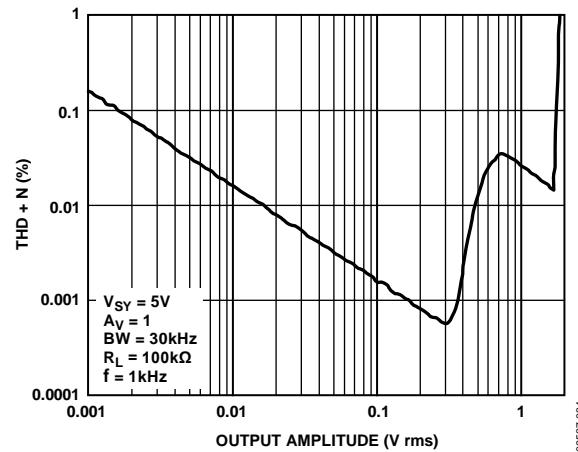


Figure 37. THD + Noise vs. Output Amplitude

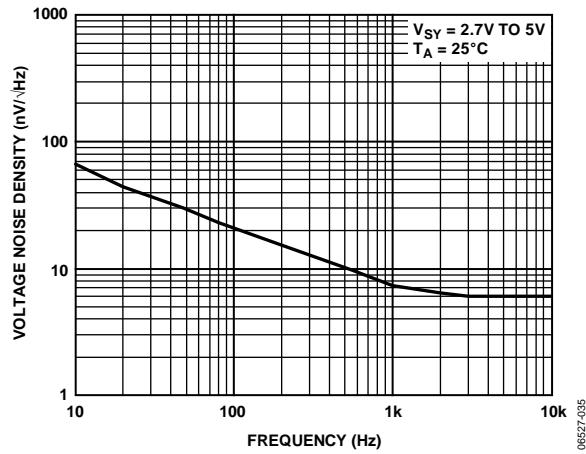


Figure 35. Voltage Noise Density vs. Frequency

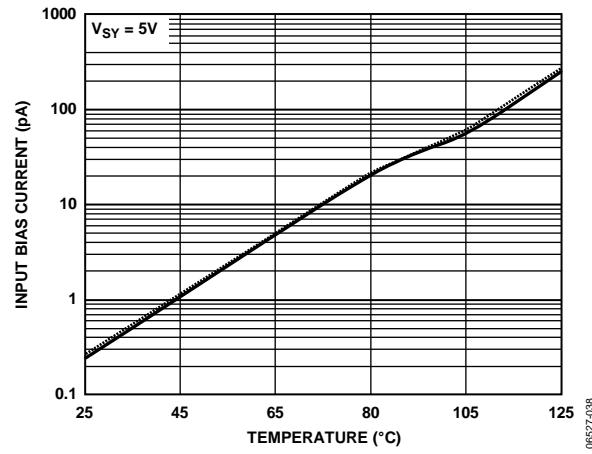


Figure 38. Input Bias Current vs. Temperature

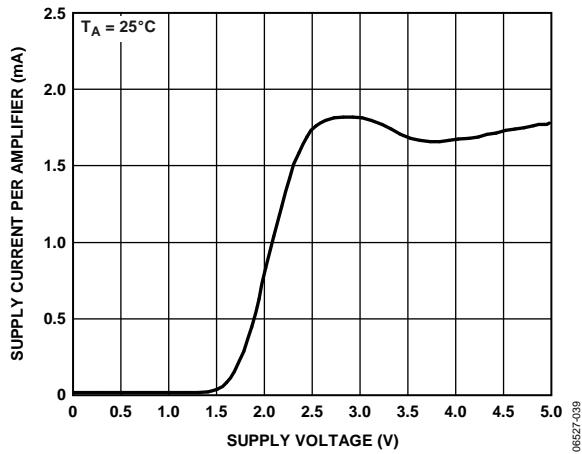


Figure 36. Supply Current per Amplifier vs. Supply Voltage

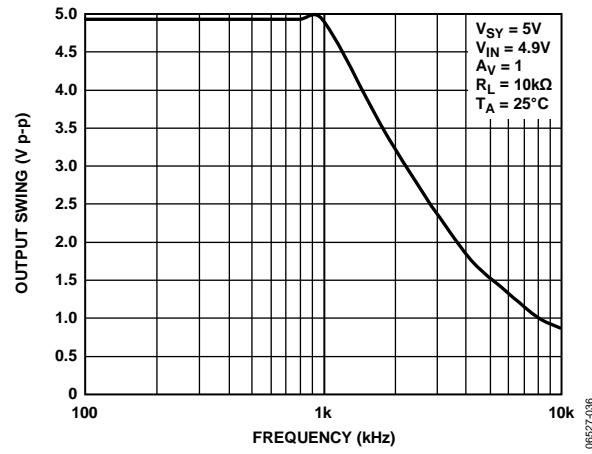


Figure 39. Maximum Output Swing vs. Frequency

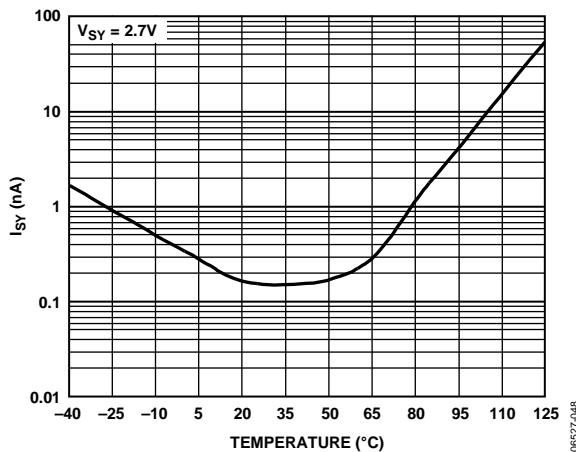


Figure 46. Supply Current with Op-Amp Shutdown vs. Temperature

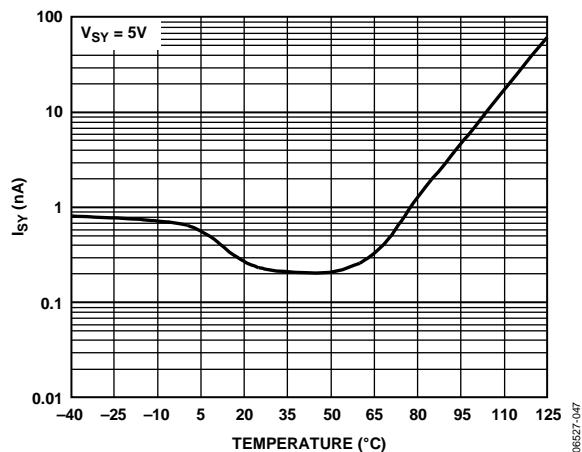


Figure 47. Supply Current with Op-Amp Shutdown vs. Temperature

THEORY OF OPERATION

POWER-DOWN OPERATION

The shutdown function of the AD8647 is referenced to the negative supply voltage of the operational amplifier. A logic level high (> 2.0 V) enables the device, while a logic level low (< 0.8 V) disables the device and places the output in a high impedance condition. Several outputs can be wire-OR'd, thus eliminating a multiplexer. The logic input is a high impedance CMOS input. If dual or split supplies are used, the logic signals must be properly referred to the negative supply voltage.

MULTIPLEXING OPERATION

Because each op amp has a separate logic input enable pin, the outputs can be connected together if it can be guaranteed that only one op amp is active at any time. By connecting the op amps as shown in Figure 48, a multiplexer can be eliminated. With the reasonably short turn-on and turn-off times, low frequency signal paths can be smoothly selected. The turn-off time is slightly faster than the turn-on time so, even when using sections from two different packages, the overlap is less than 300 nanoseconds.

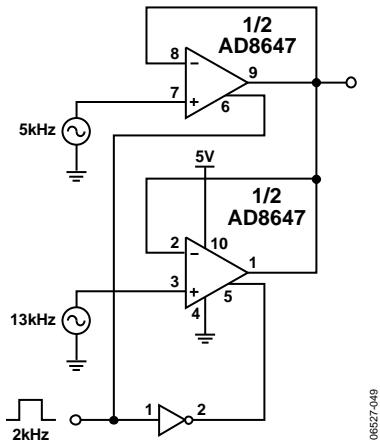


Figure 48. AD8647 Output Switching

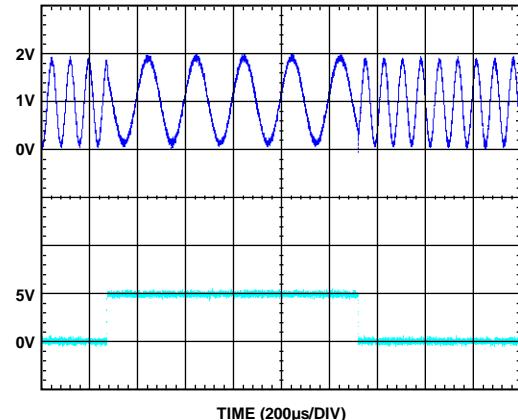


Figure 49. Switching Waveforms

06527-049

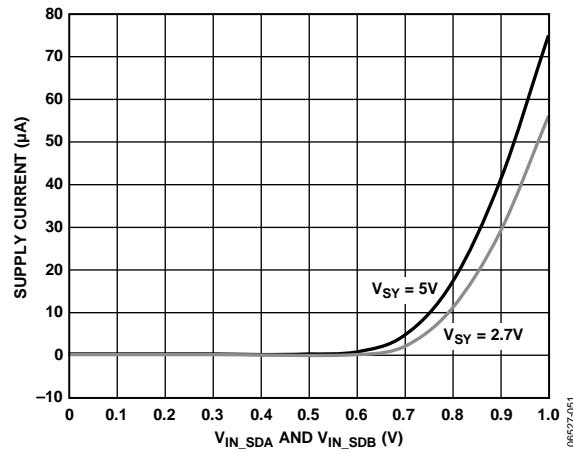
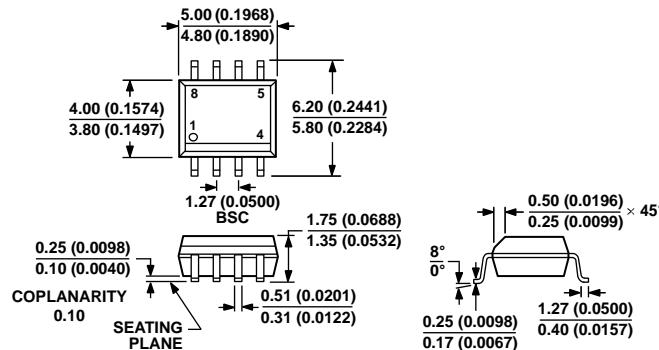


Figure 50. Supply Current Shutdown Mode, AD8647

06527-049

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



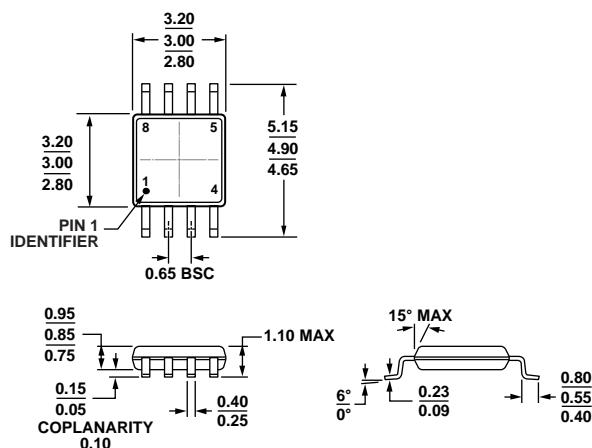
COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MS-012-AA

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS; INCH DIMENSIONS
(IN PARENTHESES) ARE ROUNDED-OFF MILLIMETER EQUIVALENTS FOR
REFERENCE ONLY AND ARE NOT APPROPRIATE FOR USE IN DESIGN.

012407-A

Figure 51. 8-Lead Standard Small Outline Package [SOIC_N]
Narrow Body
(R-8)

Dimensions shown in millimeters and (inches)

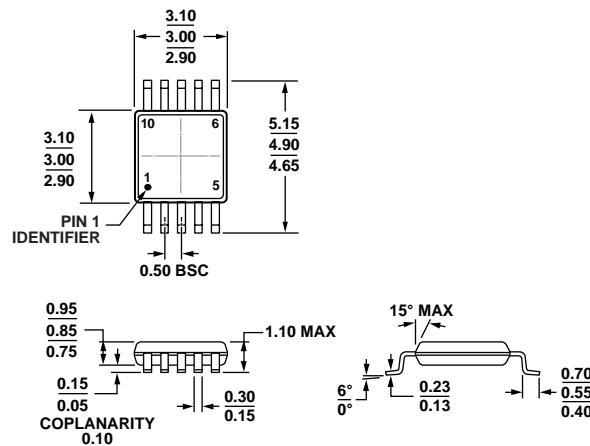


100709-B

COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-187-AA

Figure 52. 8-Lead Mini Small Outline Package [MSOP]
(RM-8)

Dimensions shown in millimeters



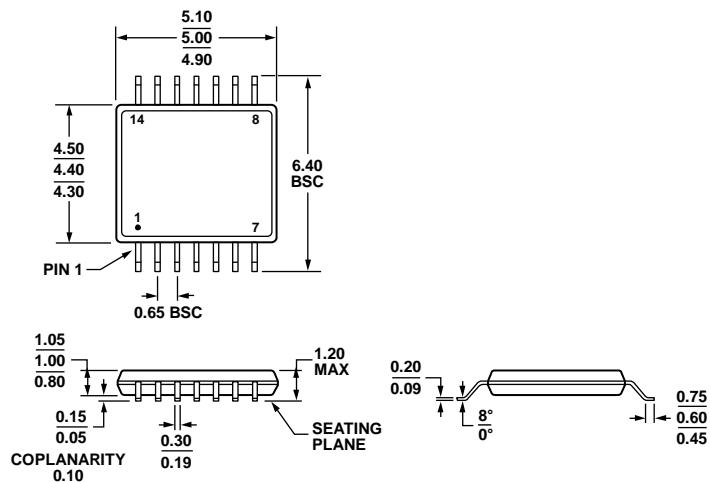
COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-187-BA

Figure 53. 10-Lead Mini Small Outline Package [MSOP]

(RM-10)

Dimensions shown in millimeters

091709-A



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-153-AB-1

Figure 54. 14-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package [TSSOP]

(RU-14)

Dimensions shown in millimeters

061908-A

NOTES

NOTES

