

# **High-performance Clock Generator Series**

# **Compact 1ch Clock Generators for Digital Cameras**



# BU3071HFV,BU3072HFV,BU3073HFV,BU3076HFV,BU7322HFV,BU7325HFV

No.09005EAT01

#### Description

These Clock Generators incorporates compact package compared to oscillators, which provides the generation of high-frequency CCD, USB, VIDEO clocks necessary for digital still cameras and digital video cameras.

#### Features

- 1) SEL pin allowing for the selection of frequencies
- 2) Selection of OE pin enabling Power-down function
- 3) Crystal-oscillator-level clock precision with high C/N characteristics and low jitter
- 4) Micro miniature HVSOF6 Package incorporated
- 5) Single power supply of 3.3 V

#### Applications

Digital Still Camera, Digital Video Camera, and others

Lineup

Parameter	BU3071HFV	BU3072HFV	BU3073HFV	BU3076HFV	BU7322HFV	BU7325HFV
Supply voltage	3.0 V ~ 3.6V	3.0 V ~ 3.6V	3.0 V ~ 3.6V	2.85 V ~ 3.6V	2.85 V ~ 3.6V	2.85 V ~ 3.6V
Operating temperature range	-5°C ~ 70°C	-5°C ~ 70°C	-5°C ~ 70°C	-5°C ~ 75°C	-5°C ~ 75°C	-30°C ~ 85°C
Reference input clock	28.6363MHz	48.0000MHz	48.0000MHz	27.0000MHz	27.0000MHz	27.0000MHz
Output aloak	54.0000MHz	27.0000MHz	24.3750MHz	54.0000MHz	49.5000MHz	48.0000MHz
Output clock	-	36.0000MHz	24.5454MHz	67.5000MHz	36.0000MHz	78.0000MHz
Power-down function	Provided	Provided	Provided	Provided	Provided	Provided
Operating current (Typ.)	10mA	11mA	11mA	12mA	10mA	12mA
Package	HVSOF6	HVSOF6	HVSOF6	HVSOF6	HVSOF6	HVSOF6

●Absolute Maximum Ratings(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage	VDD	-0.3 ~ 4.0	V
Input voltage	VIN	-0.3 ~ VDD+0.3	V
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-30 ~ 125	°C
Power dissipation	Pd	410	mW

<sup>\*1</sup> Operating is not guaranteed.

■Recommended Operating Range

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Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Supply voltage	VDD	3.0 ~ 3.6	V
Input H voltage	VINH	0.8VDD ~ VDD	V
Input L voltage	VINL	0.0 ~ 0.2VDD	V
Operating temperature	Topr	-5 ~ 70	°C
Output load	CL	15(MAX)	pF

<sup>\*2</sup> In the case of exceeding Ta = 25°C, 4.1mW should be reduced per 1°C.

<sup>\*3</sup> The radiation-resistance design is not carried out.

<sup>\*4</sup> Power dissipation is measured when the IC is mounted to the printed circuit board.

#### Electrical Characteristics

BU3071HFV(Ta=25°C, VDD=3.3V,Crystal frequency=28.6363MHz, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Cumbal	Limits			l lmit	Conditions
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Output H voltage	VOH	2.8	-	-	V	IOH=-4.0mA
Output L voltage	VOL	-	-	0.5	V	IOL=4.0mA
Consumption current 1	IDD1	-	10	15	mA	OE=H, at no load
Consumption current 2	IDD2	-	1	1.3	mA	OE=L
Output frequency		-	54.0000	-	MHz	IN*264/35/4
The following parameters re	epresent de	sign guara	anteed perf	ormance.		
Duty	Duty	45	50	55	%	Measured at a voltage of 1/2 of VDD
Period-Jitter 1σ	PJsSD	-	50	-	psec	<b>※</b> 1
Period-Jitter MIN-MAX	PJsABS	-	300	-	psec	<b>※</b> 2
Rise time	tr	-	2.5	-	nsec	Period of transition time required for the output to reach 80% from 20% of VDD. Provided with 15pF output load.
Fall time	tf	-	2.5	-	nsec	Period of transition time required for the output to reach 20% from 80% of VDD. Provided with 15pF output load.
Output Lock time	tLOCK	-	-	1	msec	<b>*</b> 3

Note) The output frequency is determined by the arithmetic (frequency division) expression of a frequency input to IN.

If the input frequency is set to 28.6363MHz, the output frequency will be as listed above.

BU3072HFV(Ta=25°C, VDD=3.3V, Crystal frequency=48.0000MHz, unless otherwise specified.)

b03072HFV(Ta=25 C, VDD=3.5V, Crystal frequency=46.0000WHz, unless otherwise specified.)						
Parameter	Symbol	Limits			Unit	Conditions
Farameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Conditions
Output H voltage	VOH	2.8	-	-	V	IOH=-4.0mA
Output L voltage	VOL	-	-	0.5	V	IOL=4.0mA
Consumption current 1	IDD1	-	11	16	mA	PD=H, at no load
Consumption current 2	IDD2	-	-	5	μΑ	PD=L
Output fraguancy	CLK_27	-	27.0000	-	MHz	SEL=L, IN*18/8/4
Output frequency	CLK_36	-	36.0000	-	MHz	SEL=H, IN*24/8/4
The following parameters i	epresent de	esign guar	anteed perf	formance.		
Duty	Duty	45	50	55	%	Measured at a voltage of 1/2 of VDD
Period-Jitter 1σ	PJsSD	-	35	-	psec	<b>※</b> 1
Long-Term-Jitter MIN-MAX	LTJsABS	-	0.9	1.5	nsec	MIN-MAX of long-term jitter (100 µsec from trigger)
Rise time	tr	-	2.5	-	nsec	Period of transition time required for the output to reach 80% from 20% of VDD. Provided with 15pF output load.
Fall time	tf	-	2.5	-	nsec	Period of transition time required for the output to reach 20% from 80% of VDD. Provided with 15pF output load.
Output Lock time	tLOCK	-	-	1	msec	<b>*</b> 3

Note) The output frequency is determined by the arithmetic (frequency division) expression of a frequency input to IN.

If the input frequency is set to 48.0000MHz, the output frequency will be as listed above.

BU3073HFV(Ta=25°C, VDD=3.3V, Crystal frequency=48.0000MHz, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Cymbal	Limits			l lmit	Conditions		
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions		
Output H voltage	VOH	2.8	-	-	V	IOH=-4.0mA		
Output L voltage	VOL	-	-	0.5	V	IOL=4.0mA		
Consumption current 1	IDD1	-	11	16	mA	PD=H, at no load		
Consumption current 2	IDD2	-	-	5	mA	PD=L		
Output fraguancy	CLK_375	-	24.3750	-	MHz	SEL=L, IN*65/16/8		
Output frequency	CLK_545	-	24.5454	-	MHz	SEL=H, IN*45/11/8		
The following parameters	The following parameters represent design guaranteed performance.							
Duty	Duty	45	50	55	%	Measured at a voltage of 1/2 of VDD		
Period-Jitter 1σ	PJsSD	-	45	-	psec	<b>※</b> 1		
Long-Term-Jitter MIN-MAX	LTJsABS	-	0.9	1.5	nsec	MIN-MAX of long-term jitter (100 µsec from trigger)		
Rise time	tr	-	2.5	-	nsec	Period of transition time required for the output to reach 80% from 20% of VDD. Provided with 15pF output load.		
Fall time	tf	-	2.5	-	nsec	Period of transition time required for the output to reach 20% from 80% of VDD. Provided with 15pF output load.		
Output Lock time	tLOCK	-	-	1	msec	<b>*</b> 3		

Note) The output frequency is determined by the arithmetic (frequency division) expression of a frequency input to IN.

If the input frequency is set to 48.0000MHz, the output frequency will be as listed above.

BU3076HFV(Ta=25°C, VDD=3.3V, Crystal frequency=27.0000MHz, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Cumbal	Limits			Unit	Conditions
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Output H voltage	VOH	2.8	-	-	V	IOH=-4.0mA
Output L voltage	VOL	-	-	0.5	V	IOL=4.0mA
Pull-down resistance	Rpd	25	50	100	ΚΩ	Pull-down resistance on input pin
Consumption current 1	IDD1	-	10	15	mA	54MHz output, at no load
Consumption current 2	IDD2	-	12	18	mA	67.5MHz output, at no load
Standby current	IDDst	-	-	1	μA	OE=L
Output fraguancy	CLK_54	-	54.0000	-	MHz	SEL=L, IN*48/6/4
Output frequency	CLK_67.5	-	67.5000	-	MHz	SEL=H, IN*60/6/4
The following parameters r	epresent de	esign guar	anteed perf	formance.		
Duty	Duty	45	50	55	%	Measured at a voltage of 1/2 of VDD
Period-Jitter 1σ	PJsSD	-	50	-	psec	<b>※</b> 1
Period-Jitter MIN-MAX	PJsABS	-	300	-	psec	<b>※</b> 2
Rise time	tr	-	1.5	-	nsec	Period of transition time required for the output to reach 80% from 20% of VDD. Provided with 15pF output load.
Fall time	tf	-	1.5	-	nsec	Period of transition time required for the output to reach 20% from 80% of VDD. Provided with 15pF output load.
Output Lock time	tLOCK	-	-	200	µsec	<b>*</b> 3

Note) The output frequency is determined by the arithmetic (frequency division) expression of a frequency input to IN.

If the input frequency is set to 27.0000MHz, the output frequency will be as listed above.

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BU7322HFV(Ta=25°C, VDD=3.3V, Crystal frequency=27.0000MHz, unless otherwise specified.)

Darameter	Cumbal	Limits			I Imia	Conditions
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Output H voltage	VOH	2.8	-	-	V	IOH=-4.0mA
Output L voltage	VOL	-	-	0.5	V	IOL=4.0mA
Pull-down resistance	Rpd	25	50	100	kΩ	Pull-down resistance on input pin
Consumption current 1	IDD	-	10	13.5	mA	49.5MHz output, at no load
Consumption current 2	IDD2	-	9.5	13.0	mA	36.0MHz output, at no load
Standby current	IDDst	-	-	1	μΑ	OE=L
Output fraguancy	CLK_49.5	-	49.5000	-	MHz	SEL=L, IN*66/6/6
Output frequency	CLK_36	-	36.0000	-	MHz	SEL=H, IN*64/6/8
The following parameters re	epresent de	esign guara	anteed perf	ormance.		
Duty	Duty	45	50	55	%	Measured at a voltage of 1/2 of VDD
Period-Jitter 1 $\sigma$	PJsSD	-	50	-	psec	<b>※</b> 1
Period-Jitter MIN-MAX	PJsABS	-	300	-	psec	<b>※</b> 2
Rise time	tr	-	2.5	-	nsec	Period of transition time required for the output to reach 80% from 20% of VDD. Provided with 15pF output load.
Fall time	tf	-	2.5	-	nsec	Period of transition time required for the output to reach 20% from 80% of VDD. Provided with 15pF output load.
Output Lock time	tLOCK		-	200	µsec	*3

Note) The output frequency is determined by the arithmetic (frequency division) expression of a frequency input to IN. If the input frequency is set to 27.0000MHz, the output frequency will be as listed above.

BU7325HFV(Ta=25°C, VDD=3.3V, Crystal frequency=27.0000MHz, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Cumbal		Limits			Conditions
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max. Unit		Conditions
Output H voltage	VOH	2.8	-	1	V	IOH=-4.0mA
Output L voltage	VOL	1	-	0.5	V	IOL=4.0mA
Pull-down resistance	Rpd	25	50	100	kΩ	Pull-down resistance on input pin
Consumption current 1	IDD1	1	11	15	mA	OE=H, SEL=L, at no load
Consumption current 2	IDD2	1	12	16.5	mA	OE=H, SEL=H, at no load
Standby current	IDDst		-	1	μΑ	OE=L
0 + + 1	CLK_48	-	48.0000	-	MHz	SEL=L, IN*96/9/6
Output frequency	CLK_78		78.0000		MHz	SEL=H, IN*104/9/4
The following parameters r	epresent de	esign guar	anteed per	formance.		
Duty	Duty	45	50	55	%	Measured at a voltage of 1/2 of VDD
Period-Jitter 1σ	PJsSD	-	50	-	psec	<b>※</b> 1
Period-Jitter MIN-MAX	PJsABS	-	300		psec	<b>※</b> 2
Rise time	tr	-	1.5	-	nsec	Period of transition time required for the output to reach 80% from 20% of VDD. Provided with 15pF output load.
Fall time	tf	-	1.5	-	nsec	Period of transition time required for the output to reach 20% from 80% of VDD. Provided with 15pF output load.
Output Lock time	tLOCK	-	-	200	µsec	<b>*</b> 3

Note) The output frequency is determined by the arithmetic (frequency division) expression of a frequency input to IN. If the input frequency is set to 27.0000MHz, the output frequency will be as listed above.

Common to BU3071HFV, BU3072HFV, BU3073HFV, BU3076HFV, BU7322HFV, BU7325HFV

This parameter represents standard deviation (=1o) on cycle distribution data at the time when the output clock cycles are sampled 1000 times consecutively with the TDS7104 Digital Phosphor Oscilloscope of Tektronix Japan, Ltd. Period-Jitter MIN-MAX

This parameter represents a maximum distribution width on cycle distribution data at the time when the output clock cycles are sampled 1000 times consecutively with the TDS7104 Digital Phosphor Oscilloscope of Tektronix Japan, Ltd.

This parameter represents elapsed time after power supply turns ON to reach a voltage of 3.0 V, after the system is switched from Power-Down state to normal operation state, or after the output frequency is switched, until it is stabilized at a specified frequency, respectively.

Output Lock Time

#### ● Reference data (BU3071HFV basic data)

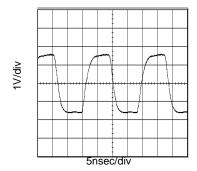


Fig.1 54MHz output waveform (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

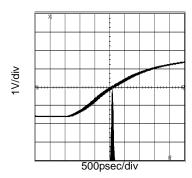


Fig.2 54MHz Period-Jitter (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

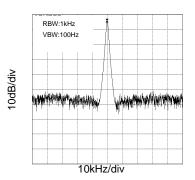


Fig.3 54MHz spectrum (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

## ● Reference data (BU3072HFV basic data)

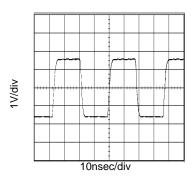


Fig.4 27MHz output waveform (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

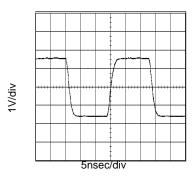


Fig.7 36MHz output waveform (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

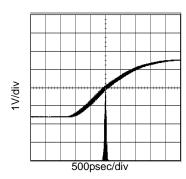


Fig.5 27MHz Period-Jitter (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

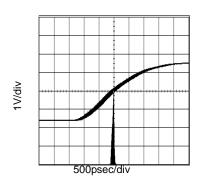


Fig.8 36MHz Period-Jitter (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

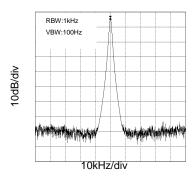


Fig.6 27MHz spectrum (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

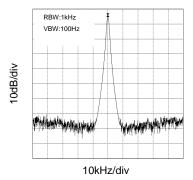


Fig.9 36MHz spectrum (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

#### ● Reference data (BU3073HFV basic data)

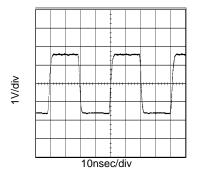


Fig.10 24.375MHz output waveform (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

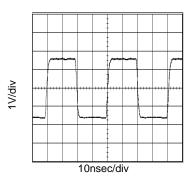


Fig.13 24.5454MHz output waveform (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

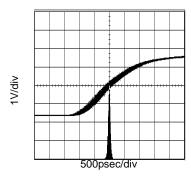


Fig.11 24.375MHz Period-Jitter (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

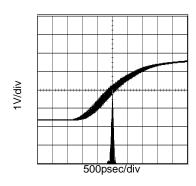


Fig.14 24.5454MHz Period-Jitter (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

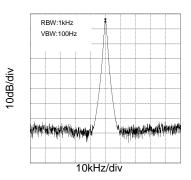


Fig.12 24.375MHz spectrum (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

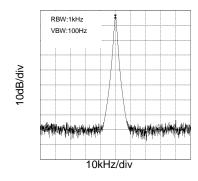


Fig.15 24.5454MHz spectrum (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C

# ● Reference data (BU3076HFV basic data)

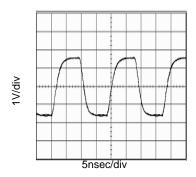


Fig.16 54MHz output waveform (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

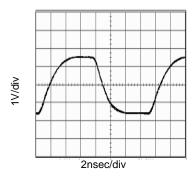


Fig.19 67.5MHz output waveform (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

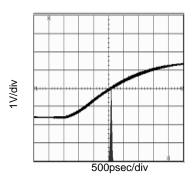


Fig.17 54MHz Period-Jitter (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

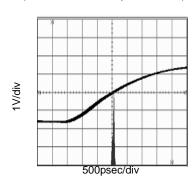


Fig.20 67.5MHz Period-Jitter (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

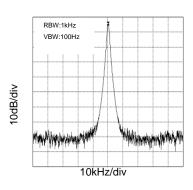


Fig.18 54MHz spectrum (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

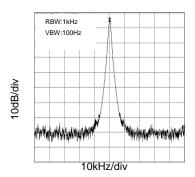


Fig.21 67.5MHz spectrum (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

#### ● Reference data (BU7322HFV basic data)

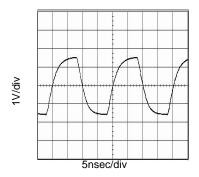


Fig.22 49.5MHz output waveform (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

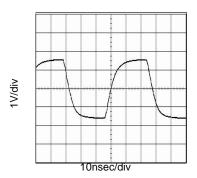


Fig.25 36MHz output waveform (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

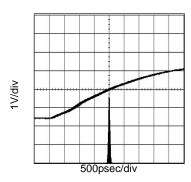


Fig.23 49.5MHz Period-Jitter (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

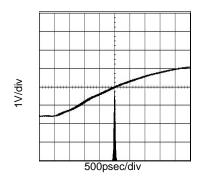


Fig.26 36MHz Period-Jitter (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

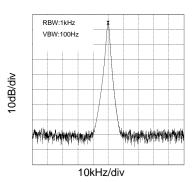


Fig.24 49.5MHz spectrum (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

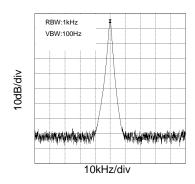


Fig.27 36MHz spectrum (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

## ● Reference data (BU7325HFV basic data)

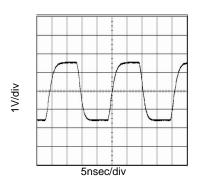


Fig.28 48MHz output waveform (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

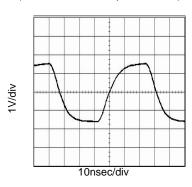


Fig.31 78MHz output waveform (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C

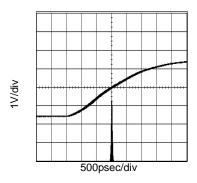


Fig.29 48MHz Period-Jitter (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

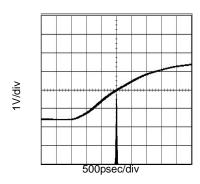


Fig.32 78MHz Period-Jitter (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

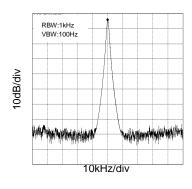


Fig.30 48MHz spectrum (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C

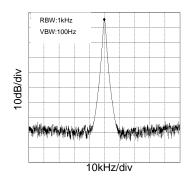


Fig.33 78MHz spectrum (VDD=3.3V,CL=15pF,Ta=25°C)

# ● Reference data (BU3071HFV Temperature and Supply voltage variations data)

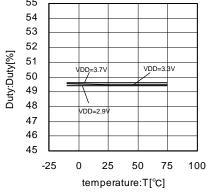


Fig.34 54MHz
Duty temperature characteristics

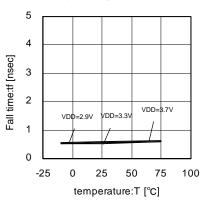


Fig.35 54MHz Rise-time temperature characteristics

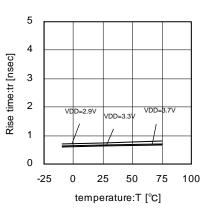


Fig.36 54MHz Fall-time temperature characteristics

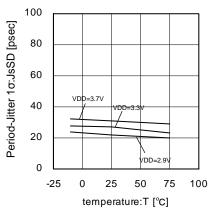


Fig.37 54MHz Period-Jitter 1  $\sigma$  temperature characteristics

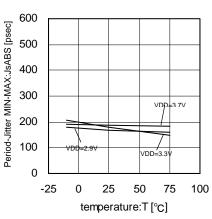
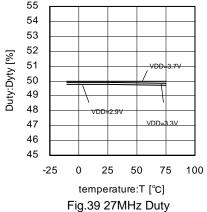


Fig.38 54MHz Jitter-Min Max temperature characteristics

600

# ● Reference data (BU3072HFV Temperature and Supply voltage variations data)



temperature characteristics

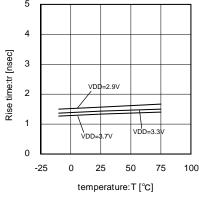


Fig.40 27MHz Rise-time temperature characteristics

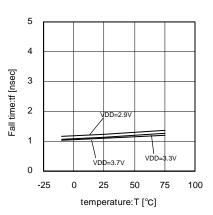


Fig.41 27MHz Fall-time temperature characteristics

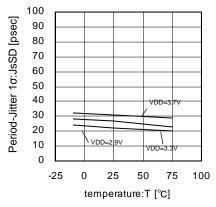
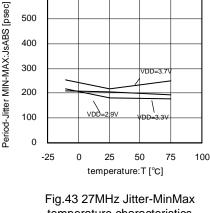


Fig.42 27MHz Period-Jitter 1  $\sigma$ temperature characteristics



temperature characteristics

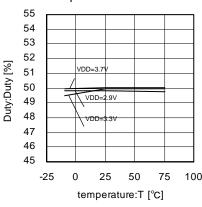


Fig.44 36MHz Duty temperature characteristic

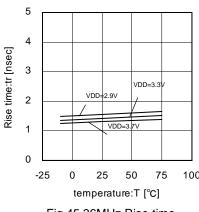


Fig.45 36MHz Rise-time temperature characteristics

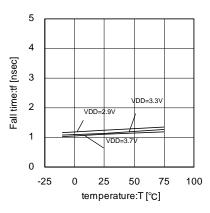


Fig.46 36MHz Fall-time temperature characteristics

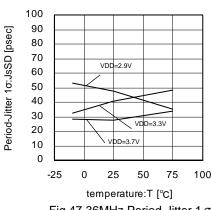


Fig.47 36MHz Period-Jitter 1  $\sigma$ temperature characteristic s

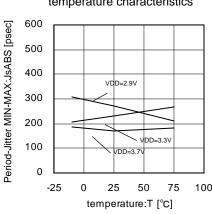
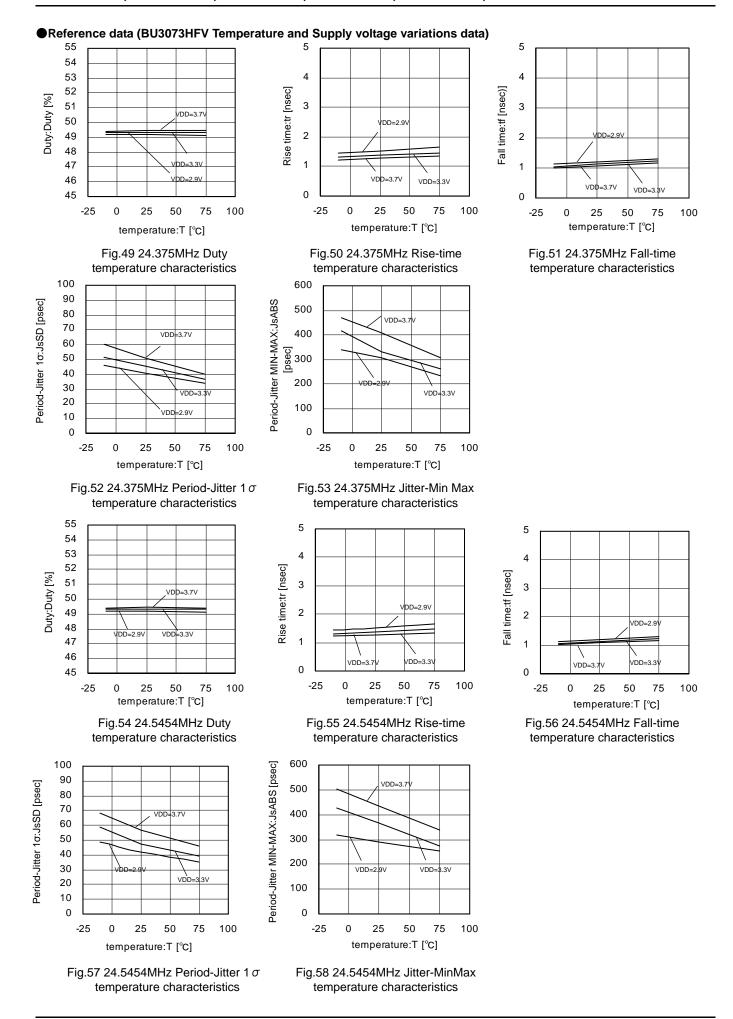


Fig.48 36MHz Jitter-Min Max temperature characteristics



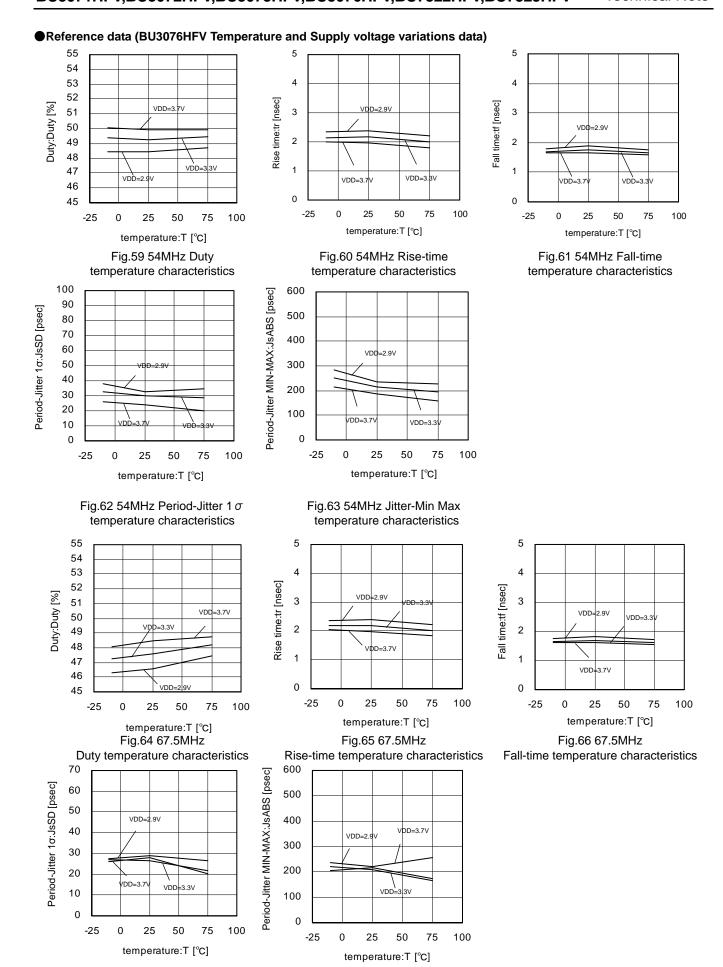
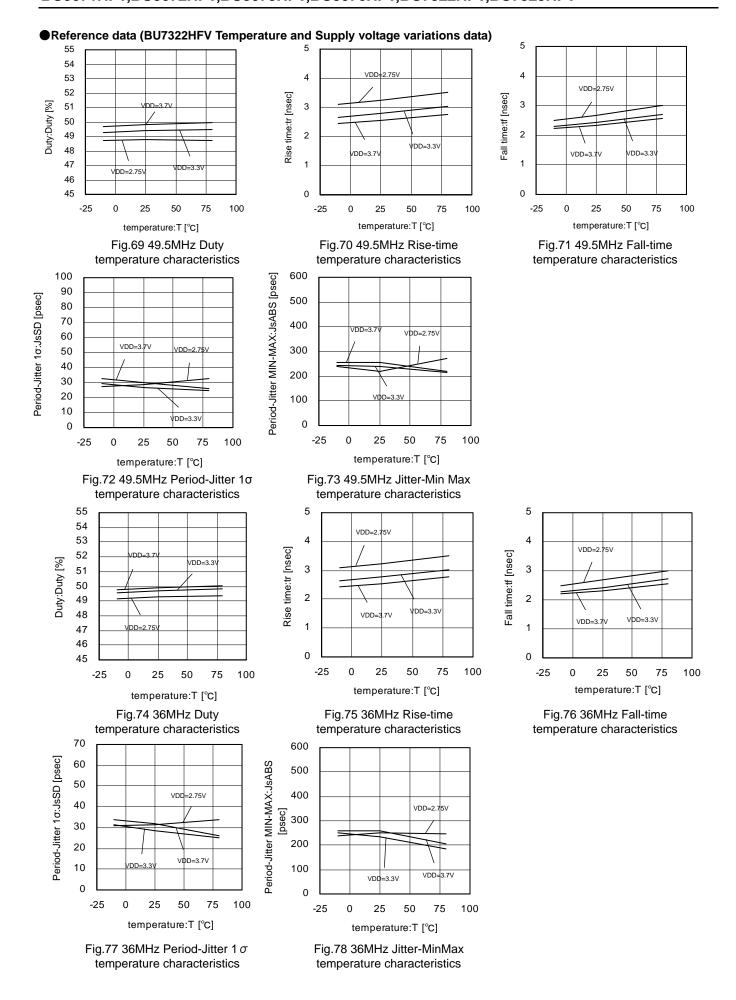


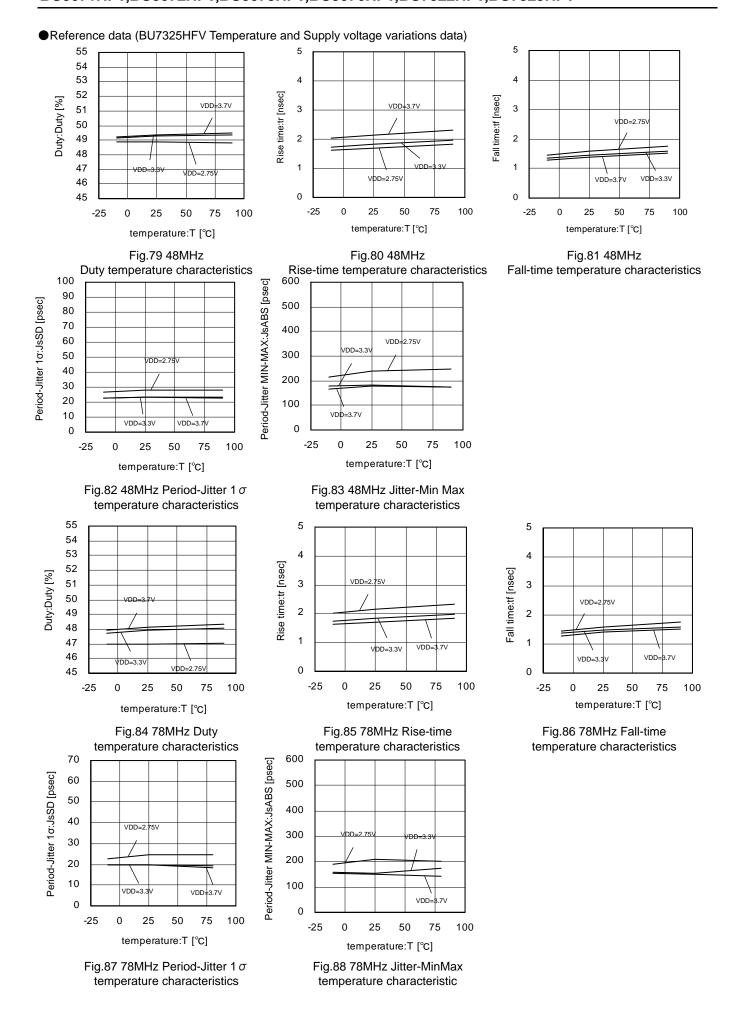
Fig.67 67.5MHz Period-Jitter 1  $\sigma$ 

temperature characteristics

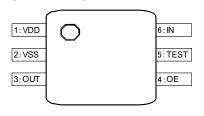
Fig.68 67.5MHz Jitter-MinMax

temperature characteristics





# ●Block diagram, pin assignment/functions (BU3071HFV)



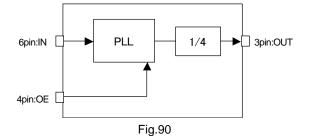


Fig.89

PIN	PIN	Function
NO.	name	Function
1	VDD	Power supply
2	VSS	GND
3	OUT	Clock output terminal
4	OE	Output enable (L: disable, H: enable), equipped with Pull-down function, output fixed to L at disable
5	TEST	TEST pin, equipped with Pull-down function
6	IN	Clock input pin (28,6363 MHz input)

#### (BU3072HFV)

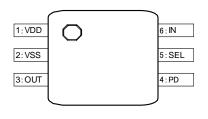


Fig.91

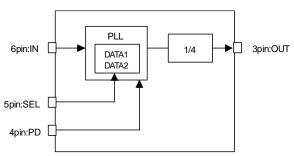


Fig.92

PIN	PIN	Function
NO.	name	1.5.000
1	VDD	Power supply
2	VSS	GND
3	OUT	Clock output terminal (L:27.0000MHz, H:36.0000MHz)
4	PD	Power-down (L: Hi-Z, H: enable), equipped with Pull-down function, output set to Hi-Z at disable
5	SEL	Output selection (L: 27.0000 MHz, H: 36.0000 MHz)
6	IN	Clock input pin (48.0000 MHz input)

# (BU3073HFV)

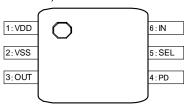


Fig.93

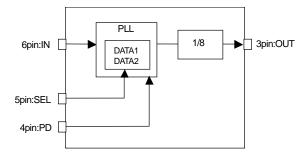
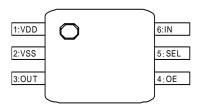


Fig.94

PIN	PIN	Function				
NO.	name	Function				
1	VDD	Power supply				
2	VSS	GND				
3	OUT	Clock output terminal (L:24.3750MHz, H:24.5454MHz)				
4	PD	Power-down (L: disable, H: enable), equipped with Pull-down function, output set to L at disable				
5	SEL	Output selection (L:24.3750MHz, H:24.5454MHz)				
6	IN	Clock input pin (48.0000MHz input)				





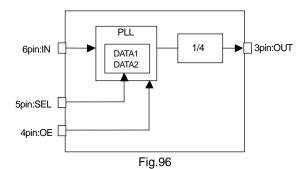


Fig.95

PIN	PIN	Function		
NO.	name	Function		
1	VDD	Power supply		
2	VSS	GND		
3	OUT	Clock output terminal (L:54.0000MHz, H:67.5000MHz)		
4	OE	Power-down (L: disable, H: enable), equipped with Pull-down function, output set to L at disable		
5	SEL	Output selection (L:54.0000MHz, H:67.5000MHz)		
6	IN	Clock input pin (27,0000MHz input)		

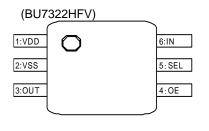
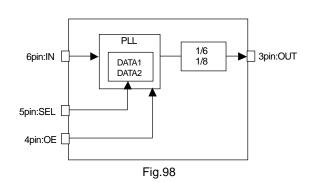


Fig.97



PIN	PIN	Function			
NO.	name	Function			
1	VDD	Power supply			
2	VSS	GND			
3	OUT	Clock output terminal (L:49.5000MHz, H:36.0000MHz)			
4	OE	Power-down (L:disable ,H:enable) equipped with Pull-down function, disable output set to L at disable			
5	SEL	Output selection (L:49.5000MHz, H:36.0000MHz) equipped with Pull-down function			
6	IN	Clock input pin (27.0000MHz input)			

# (BU7325HFV)

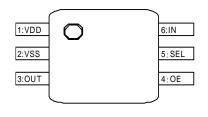
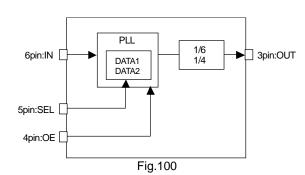
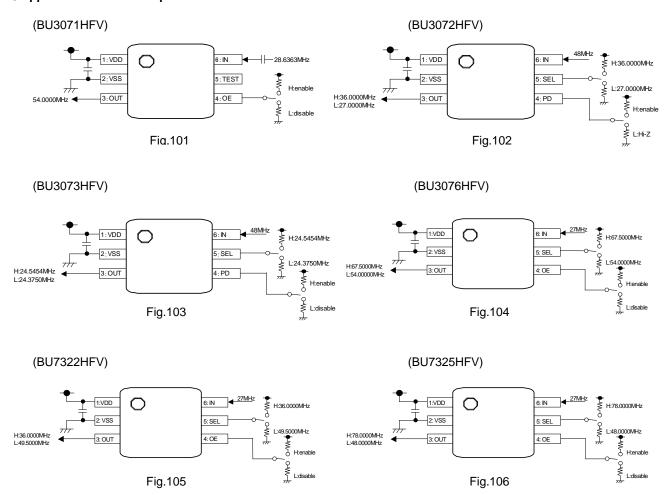


Fig.99



PIN	PIN	Function			
NO.	name	FUIICIIOII			
1	VDD	Power supply			
2	VSS	GND			
3	OUT	Clock output terminal (L:48.0000MHz, H:78.0000MHz)			
4	OE	Power-down (L:disable ,H:enable) equipped with Pull-down function, disable output set to L at disable			
5	SEL	Output selection (L:48.0000MHz, H:78.0000MHz)			
6	IN	Clock input pin (27.0000MHz input)			

#### Application circuit example



- \* For VDD and VSS, insert a bypass capacitor of approx. 0.1 µF as close as possible to the pin.
- \* Bypass capacitors with good high-frequency characteristics are recommended.
- \* Even though we believe that the typical application circuit is worth of a recommendation, please be sure to thoroughly recheck the characteristics before use.

# ●Equivalent circuit

3-pin (Output pin)

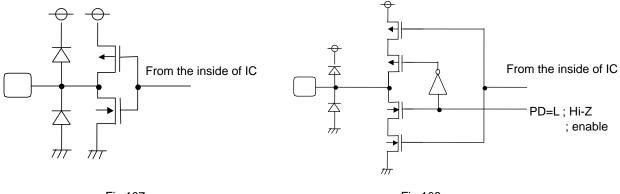


Fig.107 BU3071HFV, BU3073HFV, BU3076HFV BU7322HFV, BU7325HFV

Fig.108 BU3072HFV

# 4-pin (Input pin)

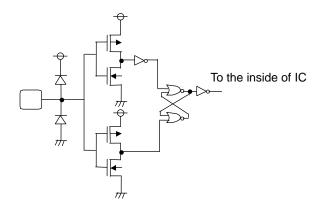


Fig.109

5-pin (Input pin)

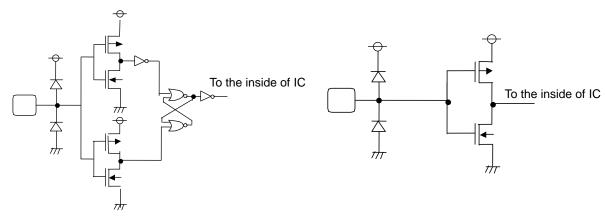


Fig.110 BU3072HFV, BU3073HFV, BU3076HFV BU7322HFV, BU7325HFV

Fig.111 BU3071HFV

#### 6-pin (Input pin)

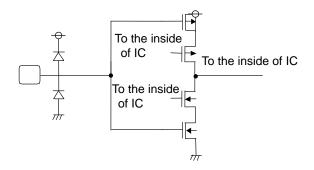


Fig.112 BU3072HFV, BU3073HFV, BU3076HF BU7322HFV, BU7325HFV

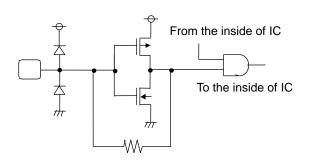


Fig.113 BU3071HFV

# Appearance of Marker

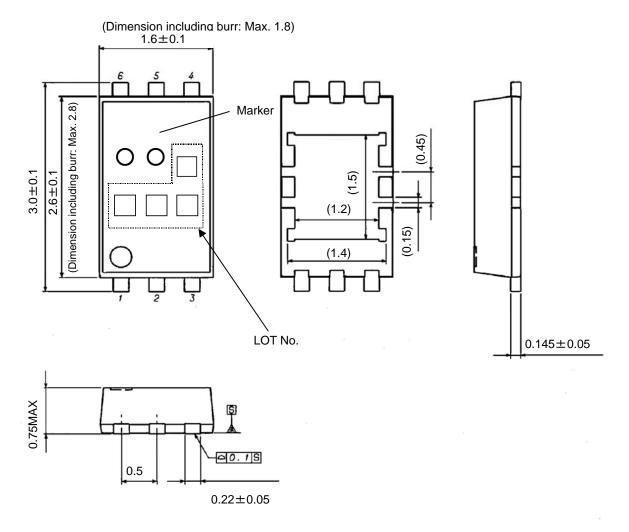


Fig.114

(UNIT : mm)

# · List of markers

Model name	Marker	
BU3071HFV	AB	
BU3072HFV	AC	
BU3073HFV	AD	
BU3076HFV	AA	
BU7322HFV	AE	
BU7325HFV	AH	

#### Notes for use

#### 1) Absolute Maximum Ratings

An excess in the absolute maximum ratings, such as applied voltage (VDD or VIN), operating temperature range (Topr), etc., can break down devices, thus making impossible to identify breaking mode such as a short circuit or an open circuit. If any special mode exceeding the absolute maximum ratings is assumed, consideration should be given to take physical safety measures including the use of fuses, etc.

#### 2) Recommended operating conditions

These conditions represent a range within which characteristics can be provided approximately as expected. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

## 3) Reverse connection of power supply connector

The reverse connection of power supply connector can break down ICs. Take protective measures against the breakdown due to the reverse connection, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply terminal.

#### 4) Power supply line

Design PCB pattern to provide low impedance for the wiring between the power supply and the GND lines.

In this regard, for the digital block power supply and the analog block power supply, even though these power supplies has the same level of potential, separate the power supply pattern for the digital block from that for the analog block, thus suppressing the diffraction of digital noises to the analog block power supply resulting from impedance common to the wiring patterns. For the GND line, give consideration to design the patterns in a similar manner.

Furthermore, for all power supply terminals to ICs, mount a capacitor between the power supply and the GND terminal. At the same time, in order to use an electrolytic capacitor, thoroughly check to be sure the characteristics of the capacitor to be used present no problem including the occurrence of capacity dropout at a low temperature, thus determining the constant.

#### 5) GND voltage

Make setting of the potential of the GND terminal so that it will be maintained at the minimum in any operating state. Furthermore, check to be sure no terminals are at a potential lower than the GND voltage including an actual electric transient.

#### 6) Short circuit between terminals and erroneous mounting

In order to mount ICs on a set PCB, pay thorough attention to the direction and offset of the ICs. Erroneous mounting can break down the ICs. Furthermore, if a short circuit occurs due to foreign matters entering between terminals or between the terminal and the power supply or the GND terminal, the ICs can break down.

#### 7) Operation in strong electromagnetic field

Be noted that using ICs in the strong electromagnetic field can malfunction them.

#### 8) Inspection with set PCB

On the inspection with the set PCB, if a capacitor is connected to a low-impedance IC terminal, the IC can suffer stress. Therefore, be sure to discharge from the set PCB by each process. Furthermore, in order to mount or dismount the set PCB to/from the jig for the inspection process, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then mount the set PCB to the jig. After the completion of the inspection, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then dismount it from the jig. In addition, for protection against static electricity, establish a ground for the assembly process and pay thorough attention to the transportation and the storage of the set PCB.

#### 9) Input terminals

In terms of the construction of IC, parasitic elements are inevitably formed in relation to potential. The operation of the parasitic element can cause interference with circuit operation, thus resulting in a malfunction and then breakdown of the input terminal. Therefore, pay thorough attention not to handle the input terminals, such as to apply to the input terminals a voltage lower than the GND respectively, so that any parasitic element will operate. Furthermore, do not apply a voltage to the input terminals when no power supply voltage is applied, apply to the input terminals a voltage lower than the power supply voltage or within the guaranteed value of electrical characteristics.

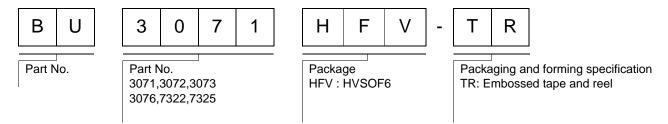
#### 10) Ground wiring pattern

If small-signal GND and large-current GND are provided, It will be recommended to separate the large-current GND pattern from the small-signal GND pattern and establish a single ground at the reference point of the set PCB so that resistance to the wiring pattern and voltage fluctuations due to a large current will cause no fluctuations in voltages of the small-signal GND. Pay attention not to cause fluctuations in the GND wiring pattern of external parts as well.

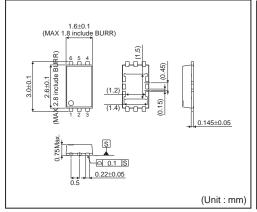
#### 11) External capacitor

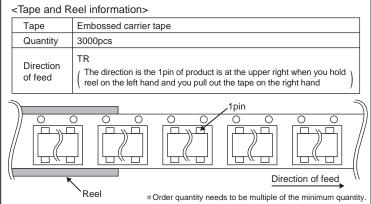
In order to use a ceramic capacitor as the external capacitor, determine the constant with consideration given to a degradation in the nominal capacitance due to DC bias and changes in the capacitance due to temperature, etc.

# Ordering part number



#### **HVSOF6**





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JÁPAN	USA	EU	CHINA
CLASSI	СГУССШ	CLASS II b	СГУССШ
CLASSIV	CLASSII	CLASSIII	— CLASSⅢ

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  - [b] Use of our Products outdoors or in places where the Products are exposed to direct sunlight or dust
  - [c] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, including Cl<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S, NH<sub>3</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, and NO<sub>2</sub>
  - [d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
  - [e] Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
  - [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
  - [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
  - [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
- 4. The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.
- 5. Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.
- 6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse. is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 7. De-rate Power Dissipation (Pd) depending on Ambient temperature (Ta). When used in sealed area, confirm the actual ambient temperature.
- 8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
- 9. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

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- 1. When a highly active halogenous (chlorine, bromine, etc.) flux is used, the residue of flux may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 2. In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used; if flow soldering method is preferred, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification

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This Product is electrostatic sensitive product, which may be damaged due to electrostatic discharge. Please take proper caution in your manufacturing process and storage so that voltage exceeding the Products maximum rating will not be applied to Products. Please take special care under dry condition (e.g. Grounding of human body / equipment / solder iron, isolation from charged objects, setting of lonizer, friction prevention and temperature / humidity control).

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  - [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
  - the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
  - [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic
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- 3. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.
- Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

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Rev.001

# AMEYA360 Components Supply Platform

# **Authorized Distribution Brand:**

























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