



**Spec No.: DS-20-98-0287** Effective Date: 05/30/2003

Revision: B

**LITE-ON DCC** 

**RELEASE** 

BNS-OD-FC001/A4

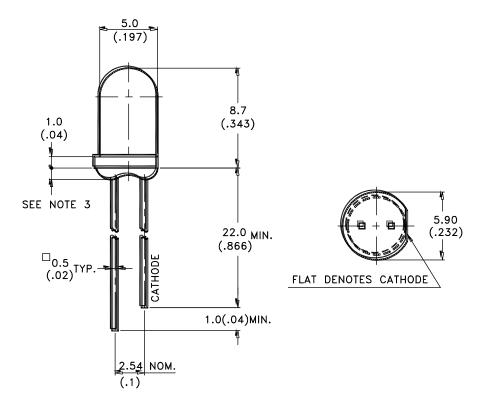


Property of Lite-On Only

#### **Features**

- \* High luminous intensity output.
- \* Low power consumption.
- \* High efficiency.
- \* Versatile mounting on P.C. board or panel.
- \* I.C. Compatible/low current requirements.
- \* Popular T-13/4 diameter.

#### **Package Dimensions**



Part No.	Lens	Source Color		
LTL2R3KFK	Water Clear	AlInGaP Yellow Orange		

#### Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is  $\pm 0.25$ mm(.010") unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.0mm(.04") max.
- 4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
- 5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

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## Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25℃

Parameter	Maximum Rating	Unit	
Power Dissipation	75	mW	
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	mA	
Continuous Forward Current	30	mA	
Derating Linear From 50°C	0.4	mA/°C	
Reverse Voltage	5	V	
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to + 100°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to + 100°C		
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm(.063") From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds		

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#### Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	Iv	240	700		mcd	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA Note 1,5
Viewing Angle	2 \theta 1/2		30		deg	Note 2 (Fig.5)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λР		611		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig.1)
Dominant Wavelength	λd		605		nm	Note 4
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		17		nm	
Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>		2.05	2.4	V	$I_F = 20 \text{mA}$
Reverse Current	$I_R$			100	$\mu$ A	$V_R = 5V$
Capacitance	С		40		pF	$V_F = 0$ , $f = 1MHz$

NOTE: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.

- 2.  $\theta_{1/2}$  is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
- 3. Iv classification code is marked on each packing bag.
- 4. The dominant wavelength,  $\lambda$  d is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.
- 5. The Iv guarantee should be added  $\pm 15\%$ .

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#### **Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves**

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

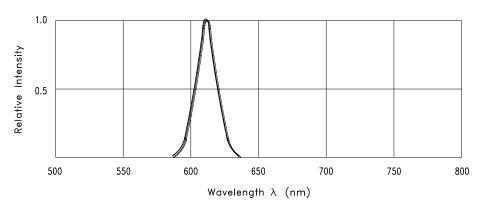
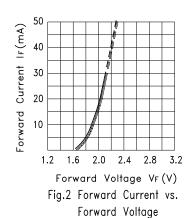
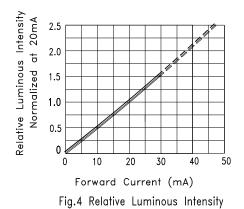
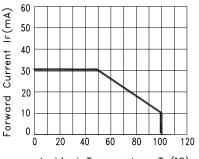


Fig.1 Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength





vs. Forward Current



Ambient Temperature TA(°C)
Fig.3 Forward Current
Derating Curve

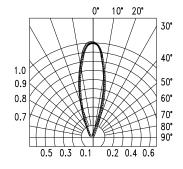


Fig.5 Spatial Distribution

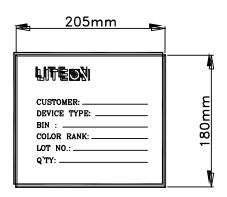
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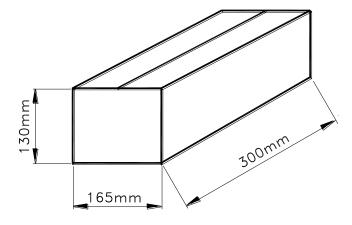
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# Packing Spec

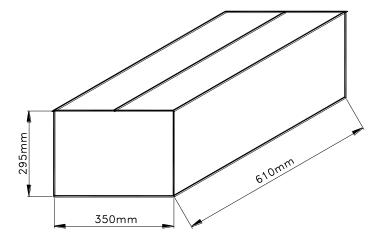
1000, 500 or 250 pcs per packing bag



8 packing bags per inner carton total 8000pcs per inner carton



8 Inner cartons per outer carton total 64000pcs per outer carton



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#### **Bin Code List For Reference**

Luminous Intensity Unit: mcd @20mA				
Bin Code	Min.	Max.		
J	240	310		
K	310	400		
L	400	520		
M	520	680		
N	680	880		
P	880	1150		

Note: Tolerance of each bin limit is  $\pm 15\%$ 

Dominant Wavelength Unit: nm @20mA				
Bin Code	Min.	Max.		
H22	598.0	600.0		
H23	600.0	603.0		
H24	603.0	606.5		
H25	606.5	610.0		
H26	610.0	613.5		

Note: Tolerance of each bin limit is ±1nm

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#### **CAUTIONS**

#### 1. Application limitation

The LEDs described here are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communication equipment and household application.) Consult Liteon's sales in advance for information on application in which exceptional quality and reliability are required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as airplanes, automobiles, traffic control equipment, life support system and safety devices).

#### 2. Storage

After being shipped from Liteon the LEDs should be kept at 30°C or less and 70% RH or less. The LEDs should be used within 3 months. They can be stored for a year in a sealed container with a nitrogen atmosphere and moisture absorbent material. Please avoid rapid transitions in ambient temperature in high humidity environments where condensation may occur.

#### 3. Cleaning

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LED.

#### 4. Forming & Mounting

When forming a lead, the leads should be bent at a point at least 3mm from the base of epoxy bulb. Do not use the base of the leadframe as a fulcrum during forming. Lead forming must be done before soldering at normal temperature. When mounted through hole type LED lamp, avoid the occurrence of residual mechanical stress due to clinching as figure shown here.

#### 5. Soldering

When soldering, leave a minimum of 2mm clearance from the resin to the soldering point.

Dipping the resin into the solder must be avoided.

Do not apply any stress to the lead frame during soldering while the LED is at high temperature.

Recommended soldering condition

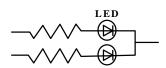
Soldering iron		Wave soldering		
Temperature Soldering time	300°C Max. 3 sec. Max. (one time only)	Pre-heat Pre-heat time Solder wave Soldering time	100°C Max. 60 sec. Max. 260°C Max. 10 sec. Max.	

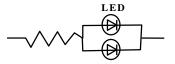
#### 6. Drive Method

LED is a current operated device, and therefore, requires some kind of current limiting incorporated into the drive circuit. This current limiting typically takes the form of a current limiter resistor placed in series with the LED. Consider worst case voltage variations that could occur across the current limiting resistor. The forward current should not be allowed to change by more than 40% of its desired value.

#### Circuit model A

#### Circuit model B





- (A) Recommended circuit.
- (B) The difference of brightness between LEDs could be found due to the Vf-If characteristics of LED

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#### 7. ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED. Use of a conductive wrist band or anti- electrostatic glove is recommended when handling these LED. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.

#### 8. Reliability Test

Classification	Test Item	Test Condition	Duration / Cycle	Referance Standard
Endurance Test	Room Temp. Operation Life	Ta= Room Temp, IDC= 30 mA	1000 hrs	
	Temperature Cycling	$105^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 25^{\circ}\text{C} \sim -55^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ 30mins 5mins 30mins 5mins	10 cycles	MIL-STD-202F:107D (1980) MIL-STD-750D:1051(1995) MIL-STD-883D:1010 (1991) JIS C 7021: A-4(1982)
Environmental Test	Solder Resistance	Solder temperature is 260± 5 °C	10 sec	MIL-STD-202F:210A(1980) MIL-STD-750D:2031(1995) JIS C 7021: A-1(1982)
	Solderability	Solder temperature is 230± 5 °C	5 sec	MIL-STD-202F:208D(1980) MIL-STD-750D:2026(1995) MIL-STD-883D:2003(1991) JIS C 7021: A-2(1982)

#### 9. Others

The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.

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# AMEYA360 Components Supply Platform

### **Authorized Distribution Brand:**

























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