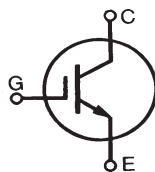


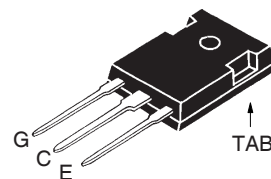
Medium speed low V_{sat} PT
IGBTs for 10-50 kHz switching



$$\begin{aligned} V_{CES} &= 300V \\ I_{C110} &= 120A \\ V_{CE(sat)} &\leq 1.7V \end{aligned}$$

Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
V_{CES}	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C	300	V
V_{CGR}	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C , $R_{GE} = 1\text{M}\Omega$	300	V
V_{GES}	Continuous	± 20	V
V_{GEM}	Transient	± 30	V
I_{C25}	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (limited by leads)	75	A
I_{C110}	$T_C = 110^\circ\text{C}$	120	A
I_{CM}	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, 1ms	480	A
SSOA (RBSOA)	$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$, $R_G = 1\Omega$ Clamped inductive load @ $V_{CE} \leq 300\text{V}$	$I_{CM} = 240$	A
P_C	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	540	W
T_J		-55 ... +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{JM}		150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{stg}		-55 ... +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
M_d	Mounting torque	1.13 / 10	Nm/lb.in.
T_L	Maximum lead temperature for soldering	300	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{SOLD}	1.6mm (0.062 in.) from case for 10s	260	$^\circ\text{C}$
Weight		6	g

TO-247 (IXGH)



G = Gate C = Collector
E = Emitter TAB = Collector

Features

- Optimized for low switching losses
- Square RBSOA
- International standard package

Advantages

- High power density
- Low gate drive requirement

Applications

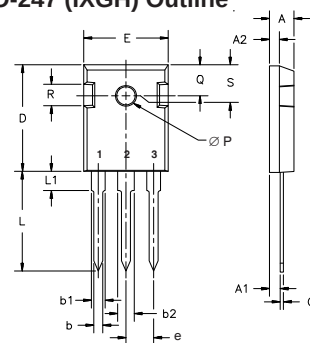
- High Frequency Power Inverters
- UPS
- Motor Drives
- SMPS
- PFC Circuits
- Battery Chargers
- Welding Machines
- Lamp Ballasts

Symbol	Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
BV_{CES}	$I_C = 250\mu\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$	300		V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 250\mu\text{A}$, $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	3.0		5.0 V
I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}$ $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$			10 μA 500 μA
I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = \pm 20\text{V}$			± 100 nA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 120\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$, Note 1 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	1.42	1.70	V
		1.47		V

Symbol	Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
g_{fs}	$I_C = 60\text{A}$, $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$, Note 1	55	90	S
C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{MHz}$		6700	pF
C_{oes}			650	pF
C_{res}			160	pF
Q_g	$I_C = 120\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$, $V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}$		225	nC
Q_{ge}			38	nC
Q_{gc}			85	nC
$t_{d(on)}$	Resistive load, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 60\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 240\text{V}$, $R_G = 1\Omega$		22	ns
t_r			27	ns
$t_{d(off)}$			100	ns
t_f			64	ns
$t_{d(on)}$	Resistive load, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 60\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 240\text{V}$, $R_G = 1\Omega$		21	ns
t_r			30	ns
$t_{d(off)}$			106	ns
t_f			250	ns
R_{thJC}				0.23 $^\circ\text{C/W}$
R_{thCK}			0.21	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Notes: 1. Pulse test, $t \leq 300\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle, $d \leq 2\%$.

TO-247 (IXGH) Outline



Terminals: 1 - Gate
2 - Drain
3 - Source
Tab - Drain

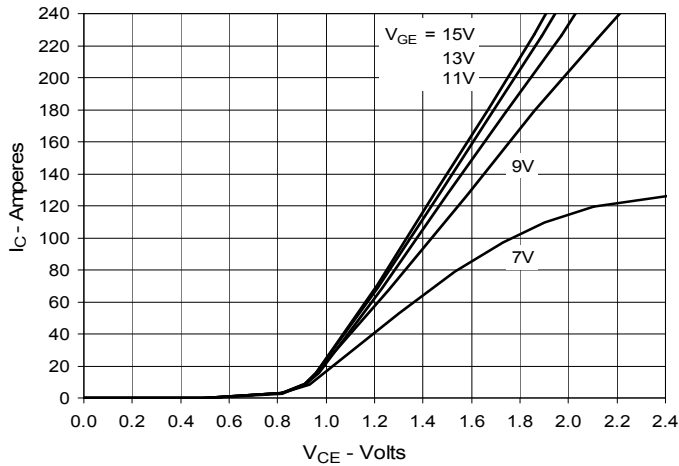
Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	4.7	5.3	.185	.209
A ₁	2.2	2.54	.087	.102
A ₂	2.2	2.6	.059	.098
b	1.0	1.4	.040	.055
b ₁	1.65	2.13	.065	.084
b ₂	2.87	3.12	.113	.123
C	.4	.8	.016	.031
D	20.80	21.46	.819	.845
E	15.75	16.26	.610	.640
e	5.20	5.72	0.205	0.225
L	19.81	20.32	.780	.800
L ₁		4.50		.177
ØP	3.55	3.65	.140	.144
Q	5.89	6.40	0.232	0.252
R	4.32	5.49	.170	.216
S	6.15	BSC	.242	BSC

IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions, and dimensions.

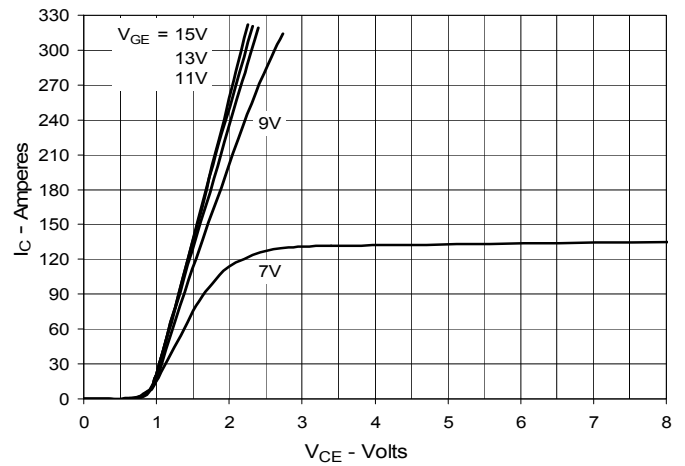
IXYS MOSFETs and IGBTs are covered by one or more of the following U.S. patents:

4,835,592	4,931,844	5,049,961	5,237,481	6,162,665	6,404,065 B1	6,683,344	6,727,585	7,005,734 B2	7,157,338B2
4,850,072	5,017,508	5,063,307	5,381,025	6,259,123 B1	6,534,343	6,710,405 B2	6,759,692	7,063,975 B2	
4,881,106	5,034,796	5,187,117	5,486,715	6,306,728 B1	6,583,505	6,710,463	6,771,478 B2	7,071,537	

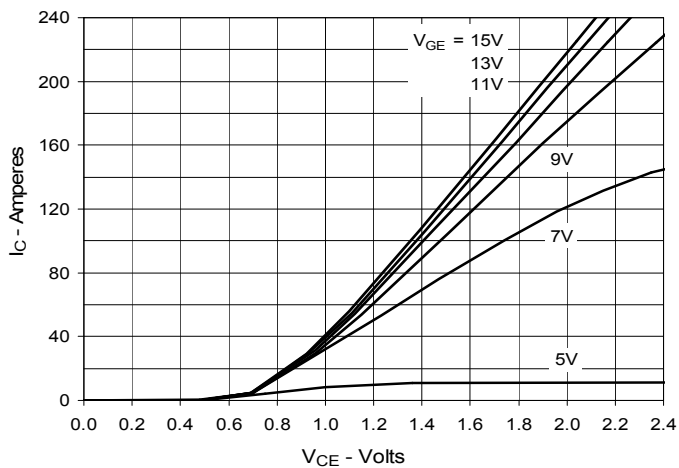
**Fig. 1. Output Characteristics
@ 25°C**



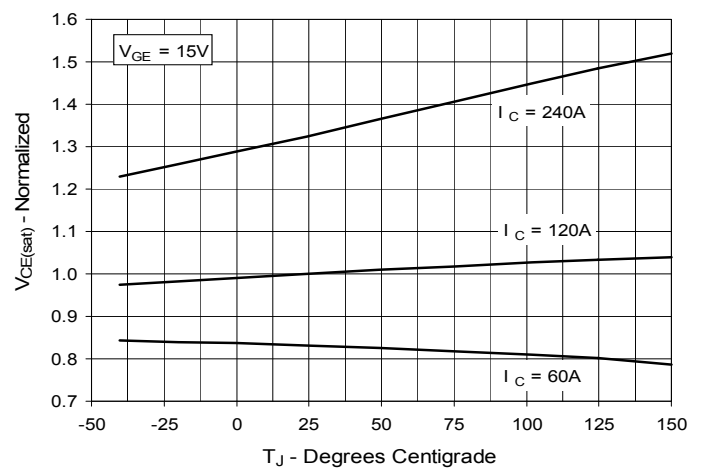
**Fig. 2. Extended Output Characteristics
@ 25°C**



**Fig. 3. Output Characteristics
@ 125°C**



**Fig. 4. Dependence of $V_{CE(sat)}$ on
Junction Temperature**



**Fig. 5. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage
vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage**

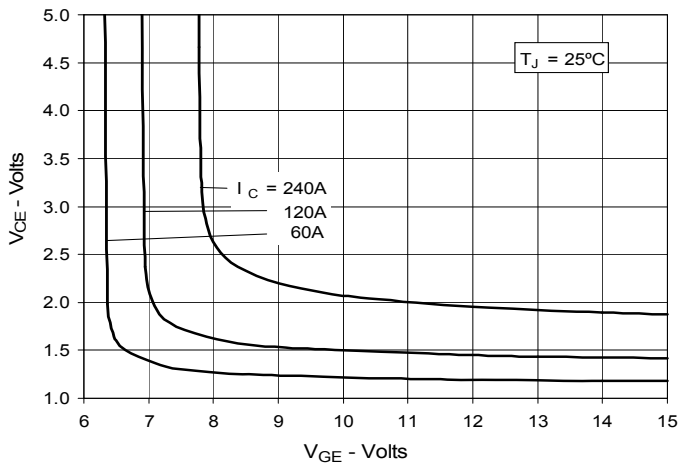


Fig. 6. Input Admittance

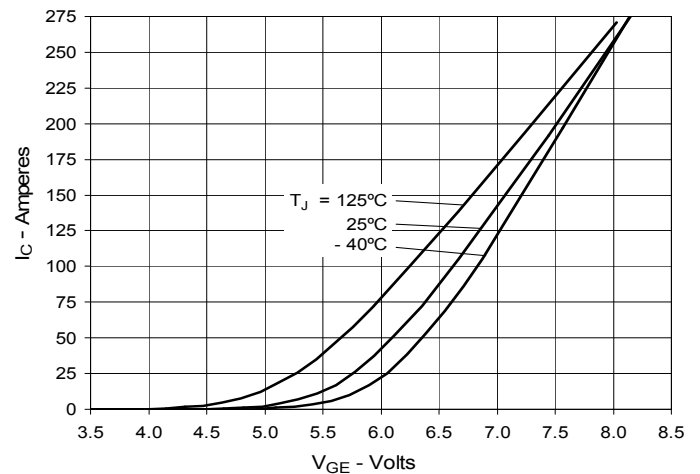


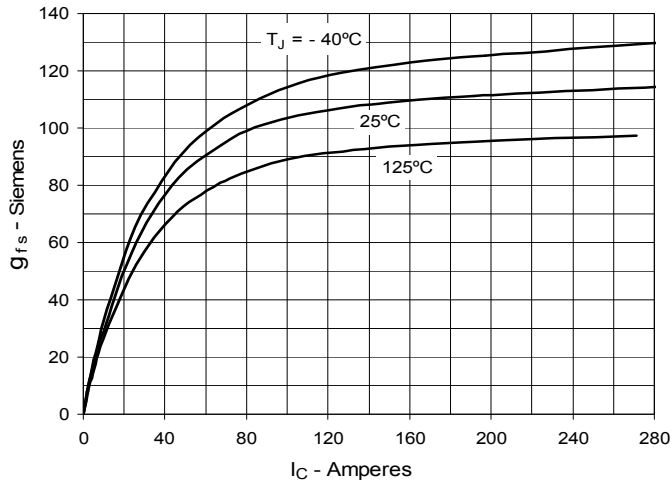
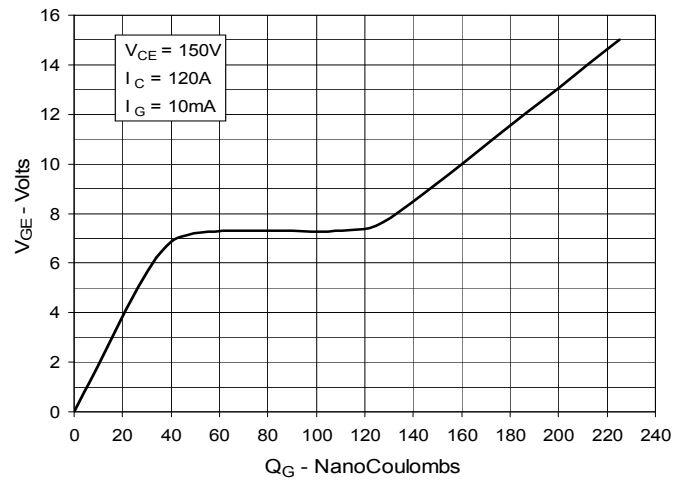
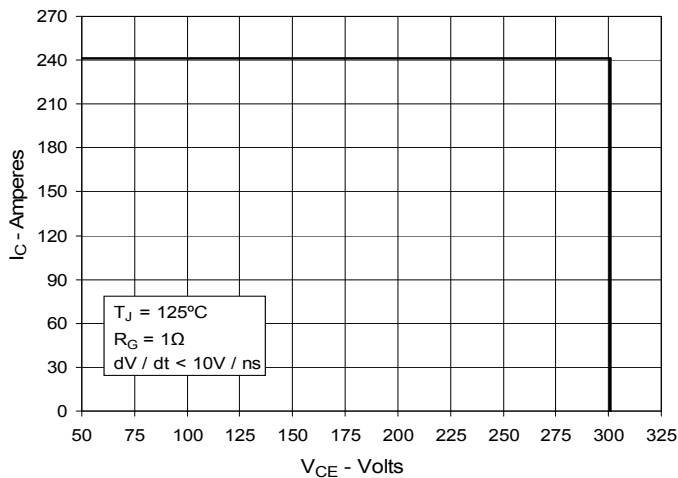
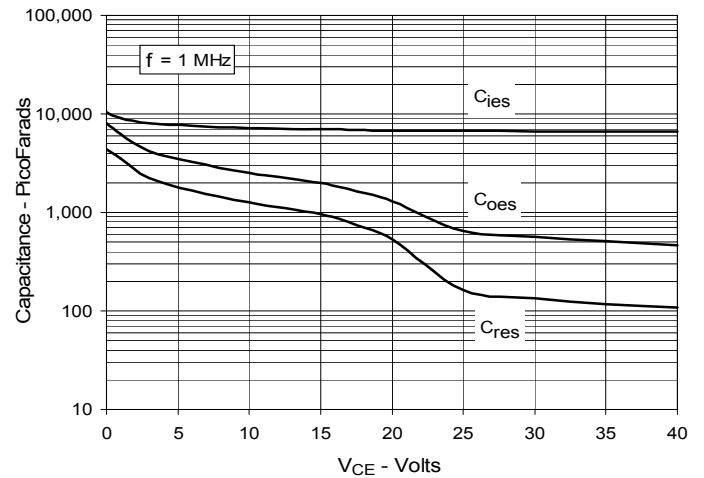
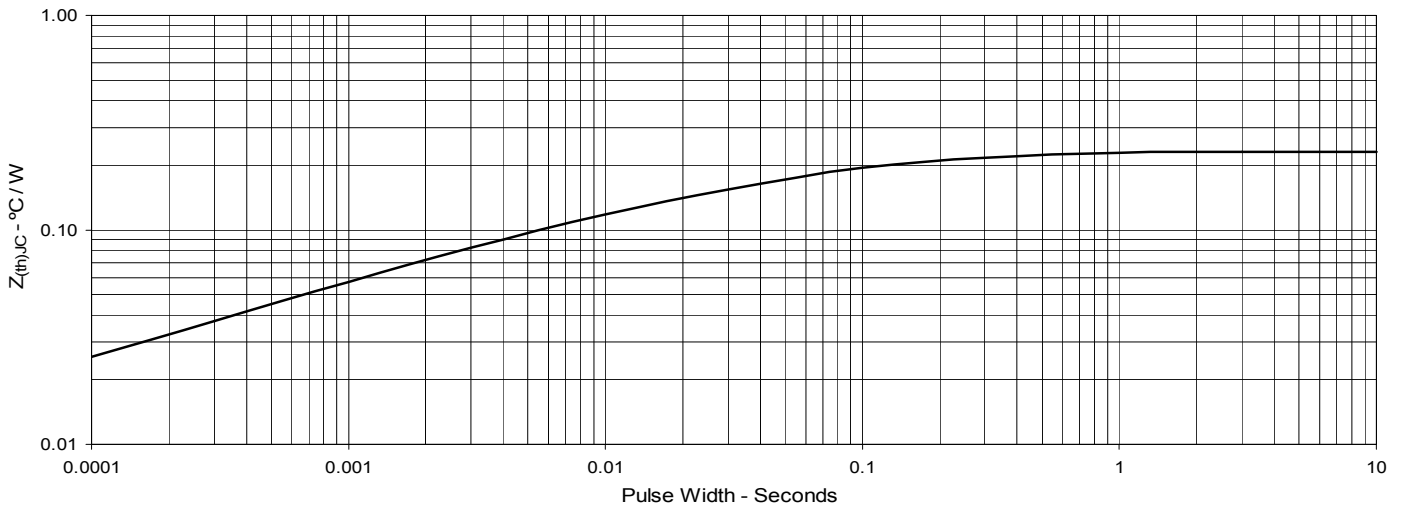
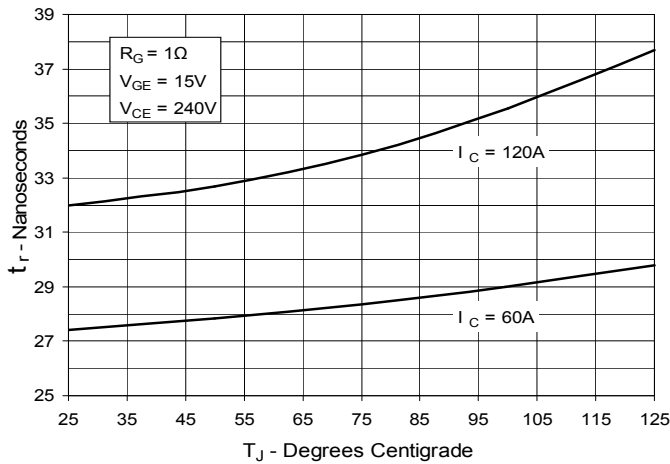
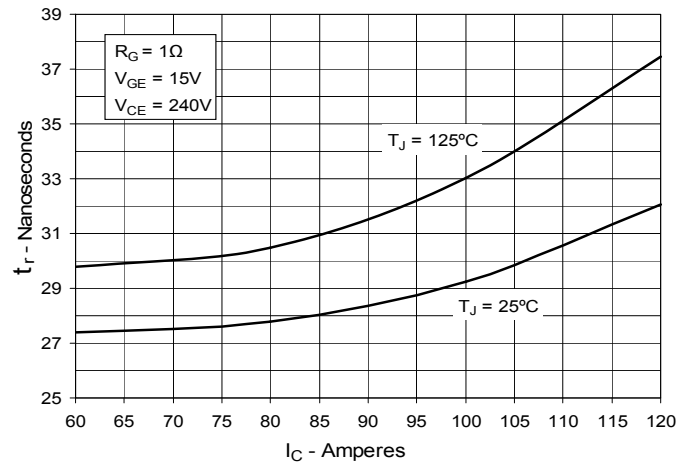
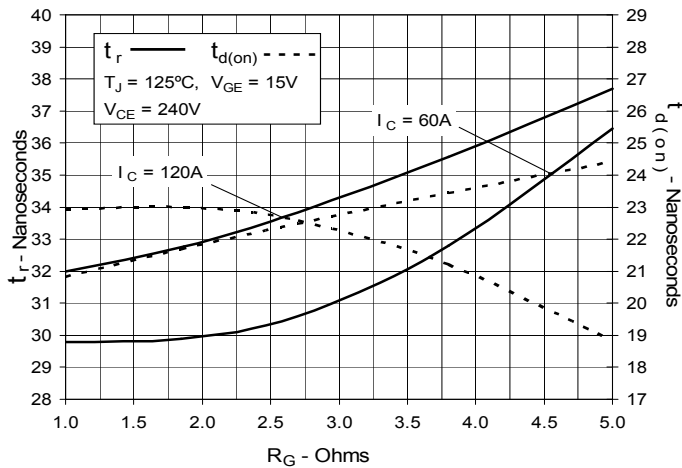
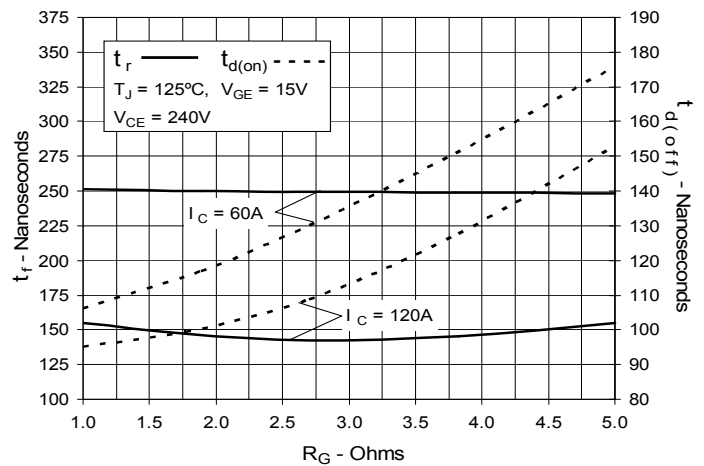
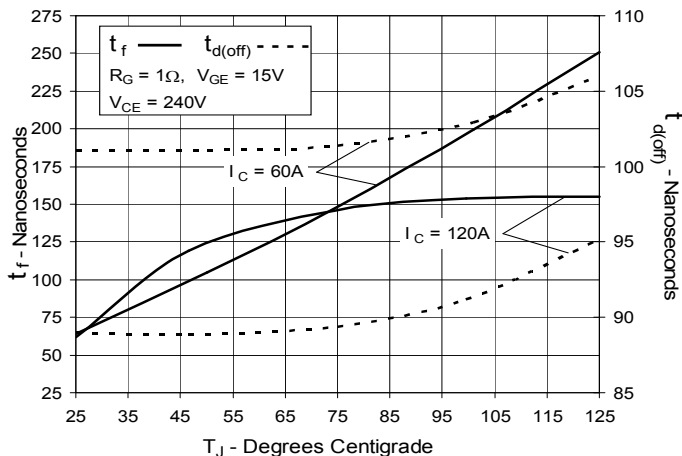
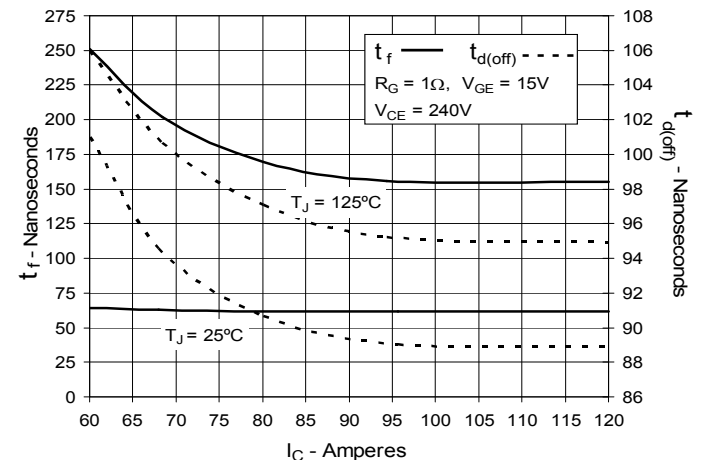
Fig. 7. Transconductance

Fig. 8. Gate Charge

Fig. 9. Reverse-Bias Safe Operating Area

Fig. 10. Capacitance

Fig. 11. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance


Fig. 12. Resistive Turn-on Rise Time vs. Junction Temperature

Fig. 13. Resistive Turn-on Rise Time vs. Collector Current

Fig. 14. Resistive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance

Fig. 15. Resistive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance

Fig. 16. Resistive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature

Fig. 17. Resistive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Collector Current


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