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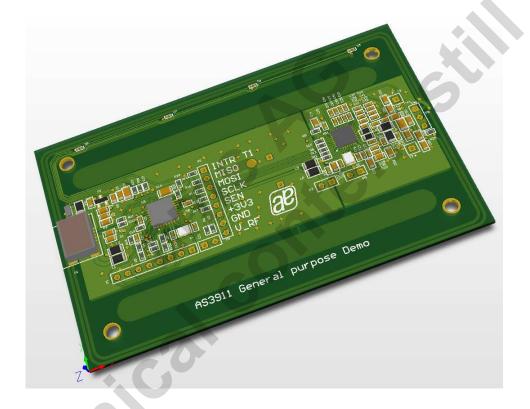
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## **AS3911**

## AS3911 general purpose demo Hardware description



Application note
Rev 1V00 December 2011

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#### 1 Disclaimer

Please note that the provided reference design board, evaluation board, verification board or demonstration board (hereafter named "demonstration circuit board") are experimental printed circuit boards and are therefore intended for device demonstration and evaluation purposes only for semiconductor integrated circuits supplied by austriamicrosystems. The demonstration circuit boards are not production qualified. This application has not been certified according to CE/FCC/EMC requirements. Device parameters measured with these demonstration circuit boards may not represent typical production test data.

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#### 2 Introduction

This application note describes the AS3911 general purpose Demo board and its usage. The general purpose board is made for a flexible use, hence the digital part can be separated from the analogue part. This enables fast software development since the analogue part can be used out of the box.

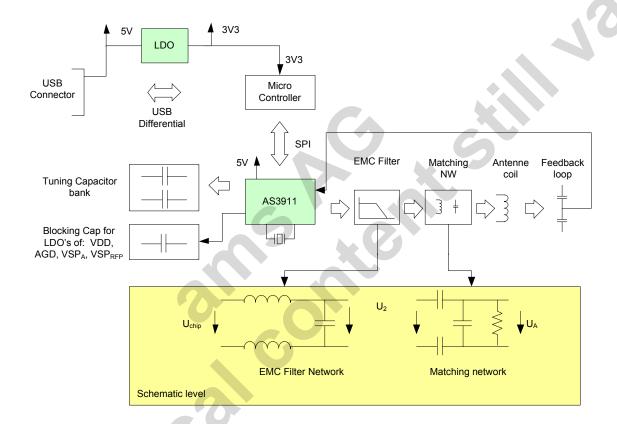
The analog section has several jumpers to allow a custom antenna and capacitive electrodes to be used.



#### 3 Hardware

#### 3.1 Block diagram

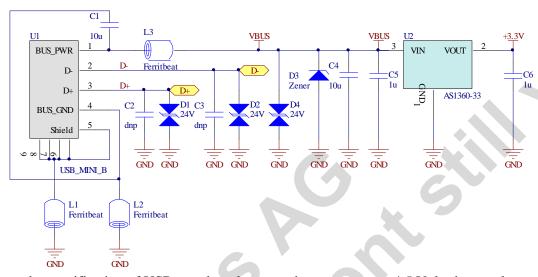
The board compromise of a Micro controller with USB support, a LDO to supply the micro controller and the HF reader IC AS3911.





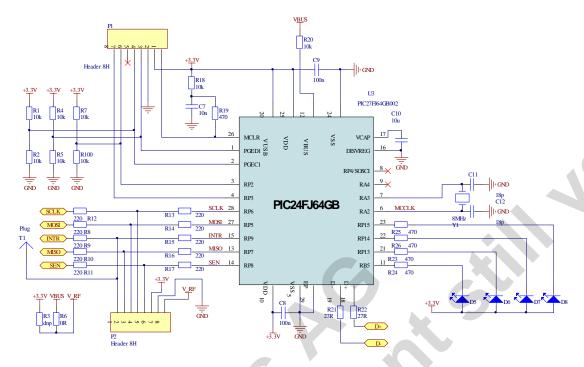
#### 3.2 EMC and Power supply concept

For rejection of EMC due the rectangular carrier field generation, ferrite beads are placed close to the supply with additional capacitors next to the connector.



Since the specification of USB-supply voltage can have worst case 4.5 Volt, the supply Voltage of the device might vary. AS3911 has an internal regulator that measure the voltage and adjust the internal regulator such that the voltage on the output driver (for antenna) is 0.3Volt below the supply votlage. This adjustment assure that the digital noise on the supply of the antenna driver can be rejected and the Voltage for the antenna driver can be maximized. Hence, for evaluation purpose, we have implemned a jumper P5 which can be used to provide an external voltage supply to the reader IC.

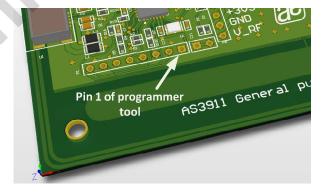
#### 3.3 Digital section ( micro controller)



- The used micro controller is a PIC24 FJGB002 with internal USB.
- Three pins (Pin 1,2 and 3 of the micro controller) are being used for selection of different Hardware versions of boards.
- Four diodes (D5-D8) display the various conditions of the board.
- The connector P2 can be used as a alternative connction to an external micro controller or to connect to a new developed analoge system of AS3911. The selection can be done by un mount the coupling resistors (R13-17).

#### 3.3.1 Programming header P1

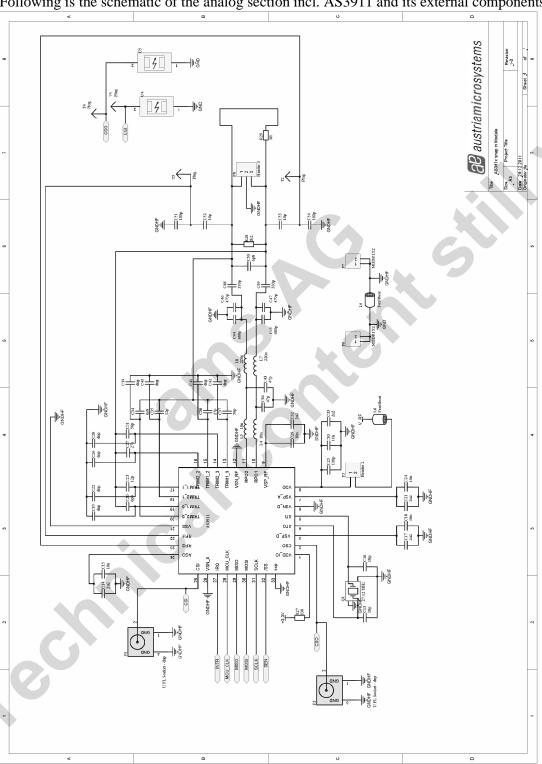
P1 is the programming header for the microchip controller. The pin order on the header P1 is exactly the same as being used on the microchip tool chain, hence no special adapter is needed.





#### 3.4 Analog section

Following is the schematic of the analog section incl. AS3911 and its external components





This setup is made to demonstrate almost all the capabilities of AS3911. The salient features are:

- Differential antenna
- Capacitive wakeup (possibility to attach external electrodes)
- Antenna tuning trimming capacitors
- 27MHz Crystal
- supply noise rejection
- High sensitivity
- Low impedance driver stage

#### 3.4.1 Power concept

AS3911 has internal LDO that needs to be decoupled with capacitors of 2.2 microF and 10 nF. These pins are

AGD (analogue ground)

VSP\_D (to supply the logic of AS3911)

VSP\_A (to supply the analogue part of AS3911)

VSP\_RF (to supply the driver stage of AS3911)

AS3911 contains internal level shifter that enables to connect to micro controller with different VDD than AS3911. Pin 1 shall be connected to the same Voltage as the supply of the micro controller.

GND as well as the supply line are being connected with a ferrite bead to reject the EMC disturbance caused by the HF driver.

#### 3.4.2 Antenna stage

The Antenna stage consists of a two stage Filter network and a matching. The two stage filter shall reject higher harmonics of the 13,56 MHz carrier. Since inductors are non-ideal components and the self-resonant frequency of the second coil is around 400 MHz, we propose to use a two staged filter.

The first stage has a corner frequency above 200 MHz and will reduce the harmonics at the higher frequencies.

The second stage has a corner frequency below 10 MHz and will reject frequencies in the lower frequency band.

The matching network follows the filter and adapts the power from the driver to the antenna.

The tuning consists of external capacitors and chip internal switches. In case the switches are open, the antenna Voltage is directly applied to the input pin of the chip.

Since the expected Voltage of the Antenna can be high, additional capacitors for voltage limitation can be applied. The AS3911 can accept voltages up to 30V on its antenna tuning pins.

The input pins are being connected by a capacitive divider. The voltage on that pins shall be less than 3.3 Volt.



#### 3.4.3 Capacitive wakeup

The capacitive wakeup consists of two pins that are each connected to an electrode and are protected against ESD with a gas discharge element.

Since that pins can also be used as test outputs, an additional UFL connector is mounted.

#### 4 Measurement

#### 4.1 Current consumption

The measurement is being done across the AS3911 supply jumper P5.

| AS3911 working condition     | Current consumption in |
|------------------------------|------------------------|
|                              | mA                     |
| After startup                | 7,58                   |
| en=1, rx_en=0, tx_en=0       |                        |
| en=1, rx_en=1, tx_en=0       | 14,97                  |
| en=1, rx_en=1, tx_en=1       | 150                    |
| en=0, rx_en=0, tx_en=0, wu=1 | 0.002                  |

#### 4.2 Antenna stage

Used equipment:

Network Analyzer HP 8753C Network analyser

Parameter test set 85047A Test set

#### 4.3 Measurement of the antenna Parameters

The parameters of the antenna are done in following sequence

1: Start with the measurement of the serial Inductance and the serial resistor at a frequency that is far off the self-resonance of the antenna. The chosen frequency is 1 MHz

@ 1 MHz we get: 
$$L_{PC} = 940 \text{ nH}$$
  $R_{DC} = 470 \text{ mOhm}$ 

2. Measurement of the self-resonance (The point in which the impedance will be reel, all reactance's will be zero.

$$=> f_{res} \sim 59 \text{ MHz}$$
  $R_{P,CAR} = 5000 \text{ Ohm}$ 

Using the inductance value that are being measured at 1 MHz, the resonance capacitor can be calculated with the formula

$$C = \frac{1}{(2*\Pi*fres)^2*L_{PC}} = \frac{1}{(2*\Pi*59MHz)^2*940nH} = 7,74\,pF$$

The value of the parallel resistor has to be converted from the self-resonance for the working frequency. The main reason for that conversion is the skin effect of the antenna, thus a correction factor can be given by:



$$K = \sqrt{\frac{fres}{ftune}} = \sqrt{\frac{59}{13,56}} = 2,085$$

Which will end up in Rp2 at fc= K\*R<sub>DC</sub>

Finally 
$$R_{PC2} = K \cdot R_{DC} \approx 10.4 \text{ k}\Omega$$

All components of the antenna are now known and a replacement for the antenna circuit can be drawn.

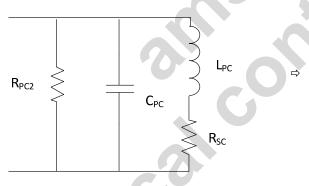
The serial resistor of the coil can be converted with the approximation formula of the Q-factor

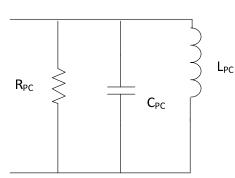
$$Q = \frac{\omega L}{Rs} \approx \frac{Rp}{\omega L} \Rightarrow Rp = \frac{(\omega L)^2}{Rs} = 14kOhm$$

The complete resistor will thus be a parallel schematic of the resistor due to DC component and the self-resonance component

$$Rpc = \frac{Rp1*Rp2}{Rp1 + Rp2} \approx 6,02kOhm$$

All components of the antenna are known and a model of the antenna can be given:





The values for the wanted resonance circuit are therefore:

RPC = 6,02 kOhm

CPC= 7,74 pF

LPC= 940 nH

#### 4.4 Determination of the Antenna resistor

The Antenna Q Factor can then be calculated as

$$Q = \frac{R_{PC}}{(\omega L)} = \frac{R_P}{(\omega L)} = \frac{6,02kOhm}{2*\Pi*13,56MHz*940nH} = 75$$



Since the antenna works like a filter around it resonance frequency and the subcarrier is 848kHz apart from the carrier, the bandwidth and thus the Q factor need to be adapted. The Bandwidth is defined based on the sub carrier frequency.

$$Q = \frac{\Delta fres}{fres} = \frac{848kHz}{13,56MHz} \approx 13$$

Since AS3911 can work due its excellent sensitivity in high Q environment, the Q factor can be increased to values above 13 and for that board Q is set to 20.

And the parallel target resistor can then be calculate to

$$R_T = Q * (\omega L)$$

$$R_T = 20*(2*13MHz*940nH) = 1601Ohm$$

Taking the parasitic resistor RPC from the antenna into account, the physical assembled resistor can be calculated to

$$R_P = \frac{R_{PC}R_T}{R_{PC} - R_T} = \frac{6020 * 1601}{6020 - 1601} = 2181\Omega$$

The next available physical value is 2200 Ohm.

#### 4.5 Matching of the driver

The matching is done from the driver resistor towards the antenna resistor.

The driver resistor can be assumed with 2 Ohm.

Since the antenna is being used differential, only half of the antenna shall be considered for the matching.

Matching resistor on antenna side: RP=1090 Ohm Antenna coil LP=470nH

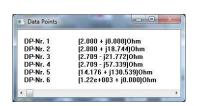
Driver resistor

Matching resistor

EMC Filter Network Matching network Antenne coil

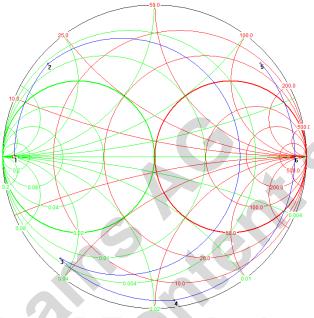
Using the program smith.exe from Bern University of applied science, following matching with physical available values is found.







2 Ohms are being matched to 1220 Ohm.



According to the smith chart, the parallel capacitor shall be 89 pF. This capacitor is being composed out of the parasitic capacitance of the antenna, the parasitic capacitance of the tracks / voltage divider of the input and the tuning capacitor.

| Capacitor                   | Value           | Note                          |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
|                             | pF              |                               |
| Parasitic antenna capacitor | 15,4            | Measured value of 7,7 pF      |
| <b>♦.</b> ( )               |                 | needs to be multiplied by two |
|                             |                 | due to the differential stage |
| Parasitic of the capacitive | Assumed to be18 | Capacitor divider (10 pF)     |
| divider and tuning inputs   |                 | plus 2 pF parasitic on each   |
|                             |                 | tuning inputs (4x2 pF)        |
| Tuning capacitor            | 56              | Half of the maximum tuning    |
|                             |                 | capacitor bank                |
|                             |                 |                               |
| Result                      | 88              |                               |

#### 4.6 Verification of the Q factor in the time domain

The resonance circuit envelope can be calculated with an exponential function Falling edge:



$$U_f = e^{\frac{-t}{\tau}} = e^{-t\frac{2*\Pi f_c}{Q}}$$

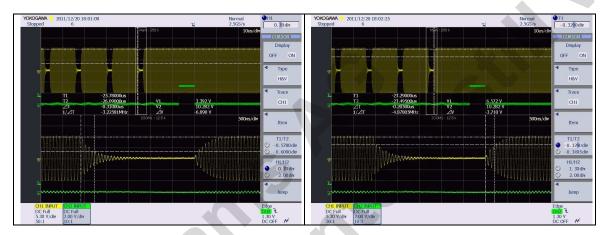
Rising edge:

$$Ur = 1 - e^{\frac{-t}{\tau}} = 1 - e^{-t\frac{2*\Pi f_c}{Q}}$$

Thus if the time constant (37% of the maximum amplitude) is known, the Q factor is calculated to:

$$Q_{B} = \tau * 2 * \Pi * f_{c}$$

#### 4.7 Measurement with Standard assembly of 2200 Ohm.



With TF=310 ns With TR=205 ns

QR=26 QF=17

#### 4.8 Layout recommendations

AS3911 is a high integrated device that allow easy layout. There are only a few layout rules to consider.

Use a solid ground plan under the chip and use thermal via under the chip to dissipate the heat of and enable a low ohmic connection of the exposed pad to the ground plane.

Take care that the decoupling capacitors of the LDO are close to the chip. Use thick wires for the decoupling tracks and place the 10nF capacitor closest to the chip.

Use a symmetric layout for the antenna stage

Do not cross the digital lines with the analogue lines.

Take care on the signals VSN\_RF, VSP\_RF and the two output pins RFO1 and RFO2. These pins build up the internal driver stage. Tracks on those four pins shall be short and ground connections must be solid.

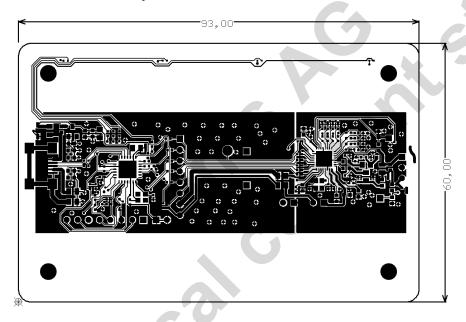


#### 4.9 PCB stack

The PCB stack is made of a two layer PCB with 1.6 mm core material and 35micro (43 micro final) copper.

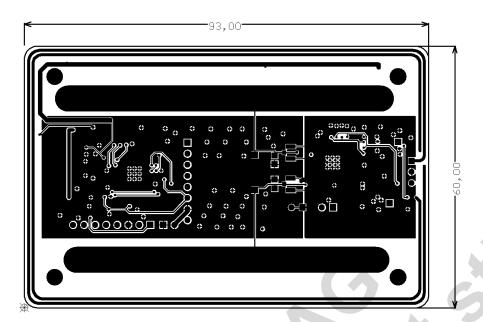


#### 4.10 Gerber Top



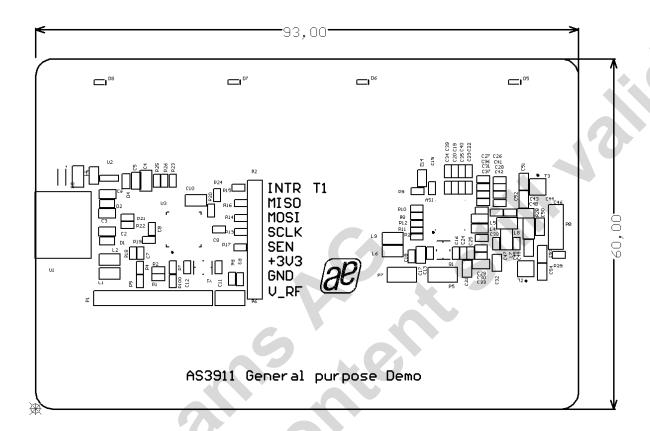


#### 4.11 Gerber Bottom





#### 4.12 Assembly Top





#### 4.13 Bill of Material

| Part Info                   | Reference  | Footprint           | Producer                 | Distributor | Distributor Number            | count |
|-----------------------------|--|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|-------|
|                             |  |                     |                          |             |                               |       |
| Integrated<br>Circuits (IC) |  |                     |                          |             |                               |       |
| AS3911                      | AS1  | QFN32               | austriamicrosystems      |             |                               | 1     |
| AS1360                      | U2   | SOT23               | austriamicrosystems      |             |                               | 1     |
| PIC27FJ64GB002              | U3   | QFN28_6x6           | Microchip                | Digikey     | PIC24FJ64GA002T-<br>I/MLTR-ND | 1     |
| SMD resistor                |  |                     |                          |             |                               |       |
| 10k                         | R1, R2, R4, R5,<br>R7, R18, R20,<br>R100             | R0402               | Yageo                    | Digikey     | 311-10KGRTR-ND                | 8     |
| 0R                          | R6,R29   | R0402               | Yageo                    | Digikey     | 311-0.0JRTR-ND                | 2     |
| 220R                        | R8, R9, R10, R11,<br>R12, R13, R14,<br>R15, R16, R17 | R0402               | Panasonic-ECG            | Digikey     | P220GTR-ND                    | 10    |
| 470R                        | R19, R23, R24,<br>R25, R26                           | R0402               | Stackpole<br>Electronics | Digikey     | RMCF0402JT470RTR-ND           | 5     |
| 27R                         | R21, R22   | R0402               | Yageo                    | Digikey     | 311-27JRTR-ND                 | 2     |
| 330R                        | R27  | R0402               | Yageo                    | Digikey     | 311-330JRTR-ND                | 1     |
| 2k2                         | R28  | R0402               | Yageo                    | Digikey     | 311-2.2KJRTR-ND               | 1     |
| SMD capacitors              |  |                     |                          |             |                               |       |
| 10u                         | C1,C4,C10  | C0805               | TDK Corporation          | Digikey     | 445-1371-2-ND                 | 3     |
| 1u                          | C5,C6  | C0603               | Taiyo Yuden              | Digikey     | 587-2834-2-ND                 | 2     |
| 10n                         | C7, C15, C18,<br>C24, C29, C30                       | C0402               | Yageo                    | Digikey     | 311-1042-2-ND                 | 6     |
| 100n                        | C8, C9   | C0402               | AVX Corporation          | Digikey     | 478-1239-2-ND                 | 2     |
| 18p                         | C11, C12, C13, C16                                   | C0402               | TDK Corporation          | Digikey     | 445-1238-2-ND                 | 4     |
| 2u2                         | C14, C17, C21,<br>C32, C33                           | C0603               | TDK Corporation          | Digikey     | 587-2983-2-ND                 | 5     |
| 6p8                         | C20, C34   | C0402               | TDK Corporation          | Digikey     | 445-4887-2-ND                 | 2     |
| 12p                         | C23, C35   | C0402               | Yageo                    | Digikey     | 311-1016-2-ND                 | 2     |
| 100p                        | C25  | C0402               | Yageo                    | Digikey     | 311-1024-2-ND                 | 1     |
| 27p                         | C27, C36   | C0402               | Yageo                    | Digikey     | 311-1019-2-ND                 | 2     |
| 56p                         | C31, C37   | C0402               | Yageo                    | Digikey     | 311-1022-2-ND                 | 2     |
| 47p                         | C38, C43   | C0402               | Yageo                    | Digikey     | 311-1021-2-ND                 | 2     |
| 470p                        | C44, C47   | C0402               | Yageo                    | Digikey     | 311-1028-2-ND                 | 2     |
| 330p                        | C45, C46   | C0402               | Yageo                    | Digikey     | 311-1027-2-ND                 | 2     |
| 120p                        | C48, C49   | C0603               | TDK Corporation          | Digikey     | 445-1248-2-ND                 | 2     |
| 6p8                         | C50  | C0603               | TDK Corporation          | Digikey     | 445-5039-2-ND                 | 1     |
| 100p                        | C51, C54   | C0603               | TDK Corporation          | Digikey     | 445-1281-2-ND                 | 2     |
| 10p                         | C52, C53   | C0603               | Kemet                    | Digikey     | 399-1049-2-ND                 | 2     |
| SMD inductors               |  |                     |                          |             |                               |       |
| 10n                         | L4,L5  | L0603               | TDK Corporation          | Digikey     | 445-1492-2-ND                 | 2     |
| 220n                        | L7,L8  | L0805               | Murata                   | Digikey     | 490-5669-2-ND                 | 2     |
| Ferritbead                  | L1, L2, L3, L6, L9                                   | L0805               | Taiyo Yuden              | Digikey     | 587-1911-2-ND                 | 5     |
| SMD diodes                  |  |                     |                          |             |                               |       |
| 24V                         | D1, D2, D4   | D0603_SUP<br>RESSOR |                          | Farnell     | 1470613                       | 3     |
| Zener                       | D3   | SOD323F<br>(SC-90)  | Comchip<br>Technology    | Digikey     | 641-1068-2-ND                 | 1     |



| SMD LED                        |  |  |                 |         |               |          |
|--------------------------------|--|--|-----------------|---------|---------------|----------|
| LED_LUMEX                      | D5,D6,D7,D8                                  | Led_0402_L<br>umex                         | Kingbright Corp | Digikey | 754-1104-2-ND | 4        |
| Oscillator                     |  |  |                 |         |               |          |
| 27.12MHz                       | Q1   | Crystal FA-<br>20H<br>40.0000MF1<br>5Z-AC3 | Murata          | Digikey | 490-5581-2-ND | 1        |
| Mechanical                     |  |  |                 |         |               | <b>.</b> |
| USB_MINI_B                     | U1   | SOCKET_S<br>MD_USB_M<br>INI                | Hirose Electric | Digikey | H2959TR-ND    | 1        |
| Not Used                       |  |  |                 |         |               | 103      |
| 10u                            | C2,C3  | C0603                                      | TDK Corporation | Digikey | 445-4112-2-ND | 2        |
| 8MHz                           | Y1   | Crystal FA-<br>20H<br>40.0000MF1<br>5Z-AC3 |                 |         |               | 1        |
| Header 8H                      | P1, P2                                       | HDR1X8                                     |                 |         |               | 2        |
| U FL Socket -<br>Surface Mount | P3, P4                                       |  |                 |         |               | 2        |
| Header 2                       | P5   | HDR1X2                                     |                 |         |               | 1        |
| MHDR1X2                        | P6, P7                                       | HDR1X2                                     |                 |         |               | 2        |
| Header 3                       | P8   | HDR1X3                                     |                 | 33      |               | 1        |
| Plug                           | T1   | TESTPOINT                                  |                 |         |               | 1        |
| Plug                           | T2, T3, T4, T5                               | PIN1                                       |                 |         |               | 4        |
| dnp                            | C19, C22, C26,<br>C28, C39, C40,<br>C41, C42 | C0402                                      | ,               |         |               | 8        |
| dnp                            | R3   | R0402                                      |                 |         |               | 1        |
| CSA20-141N DNP                 | U4, U5                                       | 6-0805_M                                   |                 |         |               | 2        |

| Tolerance if not other specified |           |
|----------------------------------|-----------|
| Capacitor NP0/COG                | 2%        |
| Capacitor X7R:                   | 10%       |
| Capacitor Y5V:                   | +80% -20% |
| Tantalum                         | 20%       |
| Resistor                         | 5%        |
| Inductivity                      | 5%        |

#### 5 Version History

| Version | Originator | Change log      |
|---------|------------|-----------------|
| 1.00    | tlu        | Initial Version |
|         |            |                 |
|         |            |                 |
|         |            |                 |



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